

Fair and colder tonight,
Sunday fair; fresh west
winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. SATURDAY NOVEMBER 11 1916

PRICE ONE CENT

HARVARD-PRINCETON AND OTHER BIG COLLEGE GAMES

CAMBRIDGE, Nov. 11.—A Tiger team of notable size and speed tried today to succeed where other Princeton teams had failed, matching football skill with the Harvard eleven in the Stadium. No Princeton combination has gained victory within the Crimson's athletic theatre.

Based on the season's showing, Princeton had a better record of performance. Harvard supporters, however, considered their eleven's remarkable development since its defeat by Tufts as outweighing the fact that Princeton had won every game of the year.

Before the game all indications were that the crowd would fill the regular stadium seats and overflow to the temporary wooden stands.

All looked for a close and brilliant struggle.

Princeton followers based their hopes on the fact that the team was a veteran combination, with great defensive powers and ability to develop in attack successfully.

The Harvard eleven was almost identical with that which routed Cornell in the face of the latter's expected victory two weeks ago. The probable lineup:

Harvard	Princeton
C. A. Coolidge, lo	le, Highley
Wheeler, lt	McGraw, lt
Dodman, lg	lg, Nourse
Harris, c	c, Genert
Show, rg	rg, Hogg
Sweetser, rt	rt, McLean
Harte, re	re, Wilson
Murray, qb	qb, Eddy
Casey, lbh	lbh, Briggs
Thacher, rhd	rhd, Moore
Horween, fb	fb, A. C. Brown

BROWN VS. YALE

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 11.—Brown, with an unbroken record of victories this season, entered the annual football game with Yale here today confident of repeating last year's victory. The followers of the Blue were not too sanguine of winning, largely because Coach "Tad" Jones

BOARD OF TRADE GETS AFTER THE BAY STATE

Secretary John H. Murphy of the board of trade has written to H. E. Farrington, superintendent of the local division of the Bay State Street Railway, protesting against a curtailment in the car service on Westford street and other lines. It is said that the schedule on the Westford street line has been rearranged, cutting down the service considerably. Secretary Murphy says that 15 minutes running time is in effect on Westford street part of the day and he asks that the former schedule calling for 10 and 12 minute time be reinstated. He contends that the riding is much heavier in the winter than in the summer and that a curtailment at this time means unsatisfactory service.

Money Goes on Interest TODAY

WASHINGTON SAVINGS INSTITUTION
30 MIDDLESEX STREET
Cor. Post Office Ave.

HALIFOUX'S ON THE SQUARE

UNDER SUITS For Men

No, not necessarily a union suit, though these are increasingly popular. But whether one or two-piece, Balbriggan or Faunze, your under suit should be of careful construction, as the outside suits there are so particular about.

From the red woolen suits of the northern pioneer to the silk swaddlings of the Oriental there is a pocketbook and a comfort reason for each individual selection.

But—there's no doubt about the place to select.

For Perfect Fitting Glasses See

J. A. McEVoy

OPTICIAN

BIG RECEPTION TO PRES. WILSON AT ALBANY TONIGHT

STATE INSPECTOR MAY HALLE GARAGE OWNERS INTO COURT

Final Returns Give Wilson Plurality of 63 Votes in New Hampshire—No Change in Other Returns

WILLIAMSTOWN, Nov. 11.—President Wilson ignored politics today to remain quietly with members of his family here. Several hundred telegrams congratulating him on his re-election arrived during the morning.

The president plans to leave here shortly after 5 o'clock this afternoon by train for Rhinecliffe, N. Y., where he will board the naval yacht Mayflower for a trip down the Hudson to New York city. He is due to arrive in Washington Sunday night.

President Wilson is not concerned over the refusal of the republican campaign managers to concede his re-election.

The chief thing worrying him is the political complexion of the next house of representatives because of its effect on his plans for legislation. He has not yet received final information on this point.

After his return to Washington to-

morrow the president will take up official business and in the near future will begin the preparation of his December message to congress.

The president took a short walk this morning. On his return trip to-night the president will be given a reception at Albany, N. Y. Democrats there have organized a parade in his honor and he may speak briefly from the observation platform of his private car.

WILLCOX AWAITING OFFICIAL VOTE

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—William R. Willcox, republican national chairman, was again on duty at the republican committee's headquarters today but said he had nothing to add to his statement of yesterday in which he announced that the re-election of President Wilson would not be conceded until after the official count in California and perhaps other close states. Mr. Willcox said he expected

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PLANS FOR BIG CELEBRATION COMPLETE

Tonight will be a banner night for the democrats of Lowell and they invite all Americans to join with them in a great victory parade in honor of President Wilson. The parade will start at the Middlesex street depot at 1:30 and will march through Middlesex, Central, Merrimack square, and Merrimack street to city hall where brief addresses will be delivered.

It is expected that the crowd will be far in excess of all the recent rallies put together, as this is no partisan celebration but a jollification following the re-election of an American president.

Through the liberal party of Humphrey O'Sullivan, American flags and red fire will be furnished and all that is needed is a general turnout of the Lowell public to insure a celebration that will make local political history.

The democratic city committee in particular invited the patriotic members of the republican and progressive parties to swell the ranks of the victory parade.

BUSINESS MEN OWE FOR BOILER INSPECTION

Edward A. Mores, boiler inspector and examiner of engines, appeared before Judge Enright this morning and requested that warrants be issued for the arrest of some 25 or 30 persons who had either neglected or refused to pay for inspection of their boilers. According to the law all boilers must be examined or inspected annually, and a fee of \$2.00 is charged for external inspection and \$2.00 for internal examination.

Judge Enright advised Mr. Mores to wait for a week in order that the delinquents might have a chance to pay the bills and the latter was willing.

Among the names submitted by Mr. Mores are prominent businessmen of this city. At the opening of court this morning Judge Enright announced that he had informed the press of the request for warrants and said inasmuch as he did not want to use drastic measures he would give the delinquents a week in which to pay but if at the end of that time they failed to do so he would issue the warrants.

The minimum penalty in case of a finding of guilty is \$25 and the maximum, \$500. The law relative to

WILLCOX AWAITING OFFICIAL VOTE

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MEXICO WOULD SUPPORT UNITED STATES IN EVENT OF WAR

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 11.—In condition of foreigners in regard to the event of war between the United States and any other nation outside of America, Mexico understands that her attitude must be one of complete continental solidarity, said Luis Cabrera, chairman of the Mexican section of the American and Mexican joint commission, in an address here last night. He was speaking before the American academy of political and social science and the Pennsylvania arbitration and peace society, who had as their guests of honor the members of the American and Mexican joint commission.

Dr. L. S. Rowe, president of the academy and secretary of the commission, opened the meeting, declaring in his welcoming address that in the conduct of international relations, the United States must stand for new and higher standards, with jealousy and distrust giving way to frankness, helpfulness, and co-operation. "If there is any one mission," he said, "which the privileged positions of the United States calls upon her to perform, it is to sound a new note in international intercourse."

Mr. Cabrera who, in addition to being chairman of the Mexican section of the commission, is the minister of finance under the Carranza government, discussed the ideals and purposes of the Mexican revolution from a purely scientific viewpoint, but in conclusion he referred to the international situation. "He said:

"The main political international problem of Mexico consists of her relations with the United States.

"After the war of 1847, which cost Mexico half of her territory, Mexicans have not been able to regain confidence in regard to the imperialistic tendency that the Latin-American countries attribute to the United States. During the Mexican revolution, after the occupation of Vera Cruz and the Columbus expedition, the fears of Mexicans of a conflict with the United States increased considerably, chiefly since it is known that one of the political parties of the United States frankly advocates intervention. The repeated and public statements of non-intervention made by the democratic government of the United States have not been sufficient to allay the fears of the Mexicans.

"As a neighbor of the United States, Mexico will also have as an international problem the danger of a conflict between the United States and some other European or Asiatic power. The foes of the United States, that are always foes of the whole American continent, will certainly assume to be friends of Mexico, and will try to take advantage of any sort of resentment, feeling or distrust that Mexico may have against the United States."

"Mexico, nevertheless, understands that in case of a conflict between the United States and any other nation outside of America, her attitude must be one of complete continental solidarity."

"From this viewpoint, the revolutionary government has followed a policy of frankness and consistency in her relations with the United States, putting always her demands in accordance with her words, and sincerely trying to reach an understanding with the people and the government of the United States.

"Within Mexico, the real international problem means the protection of foreign life and property and the

YOUR STOMACH AND YOUR HEALTH

are so closely related that as the one is so is the other—good or bad. If you suffer from indigestion, gastritis and intestinal distensions, your stomach needs Dys-pep-lets. These tablets are pleasant to take and prompt and agreeable in action. Get a bottle of them today from your druggist.

Dys-pep-lets are prepared only by their originators, C. I. Blood Co., Lowell, Mass. There are three sizes, 10 cents, 25 cents and \$1.

Free Cooking Lesson

AT MIDDLESEX HALL

Monday at 2.30 P.M.

Parker House Rolls

Dixie Salad

Beech-Nut Bacon

Beech-Nut Calsup

Chocolate Layer Cake

Mazola Rosettes

White House Coffee

Lowell Gas Light Co.

Owing to the advance in all foodstuffs our regular dinner will be 30c on and after November 12th.

Chin Lee Co.

federal department of labor. It will be held in high school hall, Wednesday evening, November 22 and Mayor O'Donnell and Congressman Rogers have expressed their wish to take part.

Mr. Molloy has sent a communication relating to the meeting to every applicant for naturalization in Lowell, 100 cards having been received by him from Washington, giving details of Lowell declarants.

Local Candidates

The full list of candidates for alderman who had filed their papers up to noon today is: D. J. O'Brien, Eugene F. Toomey, Frank A. Warnock, James F. Miskella, John T. Roy, George H. Brown, Edward J. Tierney, Abel R. Campbell and William W. Duncan. Those who have taken out papers for alderman but who had not filed them are Newell F. Putnam, Joseph N. Wilson and Fred A. Tuttle.

Candidates for school committee who have filed papers are: EH. B. Hart, John C. Leggett, John B. Curtin and John J. Hayes and those who had not filed papers are Michael F. O'Brien, Robert P. Thomas, Julian B. Keyes and Dr. John H. Lafabert.

Late Expense Reports

Two expense reports that have just reached the city clerk's office are those of Boyd B. Haworth, who reports \$10.19 and Thomas S. Cutt who reports \$10.03.

Building Permits

The following building permits were issued at the office of the lands and buildings department yesterday:

Edmund Gendron, 311 Colonial avenue, two-family dwelling \$3200; Salem N. Hasson, 301 Adams street, three-family dwelling \$3000; Nelson S. Gray, 555 School street, garage from \$75 to

Mayor Still Ill

Mayor O'Donnell who is suffering from an attack of acute bronchitis is still confined to his home on Andover street.

OLD BARGE TO APPEAR AGAIN UNDER SAIL

THE HARVARD BROUGHT BACK AS RESULT OF GREAT DEMAND FOR OCEAN TONNAGE

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—The barge Harvard, formerly a square rigger sailing from this port to many seas but for ten years reduced to stem masts in the coal carrying trade, will again sail again as a barge, as a result of the great demand for ocean tonnage. The Harvard was bought today by a local shipbuilding firm at a price almost as great as the cost to build her at Brunswick, Me., 32 years ago. As the ship Sam Skofield 2nd, the Harvard was taken into Philadelphia 10 years ago under jury rig almost a floating wreck after experiences that brought high praise for her skipper's seamanship.

Nov. 3, 1916.

P. F. Sullivan, President,
51 State Street,
Boston, Mass.

My dear Mr. Sullivan:
The city of Lowell is about to complete the construction of a new concrete bridge over the Merrimack River at Pawtucket falls. May I expect at an early date the Bay State check for \$5000 as a contribution towards the cost of the new bridge?

Very respectfully,
James E. O'Donnell,
Mayor of Lowell

A favorable reply has been received from President Sullivan stating that the check will be forthcoming in a short time.

Mortality of City

The weekly statistics of the board of health show that the death total is rather high, being 41 as compared with 32 and 33 respectively for the past two weeks. There is an increase also in the number of cases of measles reported, last week's total being 8, as compared with 12 this week. Following is the condensed report:

Block Paving Sale
The suit of Frank A. Mallory vs. the city of Lowell, relative to 20,000 paving blocks for which Mr. Mallory claims the city still owes him will be put on trial next week before James F. Owens, Esq., auditor. The city disputes the claim. Mr. Mallory has assigned his claim to the Lowell Trust company.

Naturalization Meeting
Sup. of Schools Hugh J. Molloy has made final arrangements for the mass meeting on naturalization which he has planned in co-operation with the

SANTA FE, N. M., Nov. 11.—President Wilson had Charles E. Hughes in the unofficial New Mexico returns early today, 2181 votes with 29 of the 632 precincts missing. These precincts were small and widely scattered.

Late returns on congressional gave Walton (dem.) a lead of 1776 in 542 precincts. For senator, A. A. Jones (dem.) had a lead of 2695 with 60 precincts missing.

In the gubernatorial race De Baca (dem.) led Burns (rep.) by 1050 votes with 118 precincts not reported.

CALIFORNIA

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 11.—Analysis by democratic leaders today of the popular presidential vote in San Francisco failed to give much encouragement to the claim of the republican state central committee that a split electoral vote would result from scratching of democratic electors.

In this city the low democratic elector, Mrs. Carrie L. Taylor, received 77,330 votes, only 411 behind Francis J. Heney, high, with 78,211. If the same ratio should be maintained throughout the state, it was said, Mrs. Tyler would be approximately 2466 votes behind the head of her ticket. The present democratic plurality, however, is 3278, leaving the republicans approximately 360 short of even one elector.

Louis E. Clark, low republican elector, ran 212 votes behind Britton, high, with 62,150 votes in San Francisco.

Eighteen precincts were still missing early today from the state total of 5810 with the possibility that un-official state count would not be complete before the official canvass, which begins Monday.

Unofficial returns show both anti-liquor amendments decisively beaten, although managers of the dry campaign refuse to concede this as yet.

MAINE RETURNS COMPLETE

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 11.—The Maine returns of the election were finally completed today when word from Long Island plantation in Hancock county reached the mainland that Charles E. Hughes had 13 and President Wilson 6 votes. The totals were \$3,504 for Hughes and \$4,454 for Wilson, the former's plurality being \$550, according to the unofficial tabulation.

BABY CARRIAGE TIRES

Put on. 25c up. Prompt service and good work.

GEO. H. BACHELLER

Postoffice Square

SMALL POCKETBOOK lost between

cor Common and Cross st. to Liberty sq. Please return to 348 Suffolk st.

THINGS THAT HAPPENED IN POLICE COURT

When Armand Robillard appeared in police court the other day charged with the larceny of \$24 in money from Hermengaud Paradis he said that the \$20 which he had displayed was part of pay he had received at the U. S. Cartridge shop. An investigation was made and it was found that he had never worked at the cartridge shop. His mother, however, said she would make restitution and on that condition Robillard was given a suspended sentence of three months in jail.

Liquor Cases

Bartholomew Croteau was charged with the illegal sale of liquor and upon entering a plea of guilty a fine of \$50 was imposed. The case of illegal keeping preferred against him was dismissed.

Alfred P. Flagg was charged with the unlawful sale of liquor but owing to lack of evidence the case was dismissed.

Drunken Offenders

Thomas P. McCrossan pleaded not guilty to a complaint charging him with being drunk in Bridge street last night. Patrolmen Kenney and Wilm testified that the man was staggering through the street and was given a chance to go home and was failing to do so, he was placed under arrest. He was found guilty and sentenced to three months in jail. He entered an appeal.

Cornelius Legry was fined \$15 and John O'Donnell was given a suspended sentence to the state farm. Leslie Curtis was sentenced to one month in jail. William Oswald was handed a suspended sentence to the state farm. Seven simple drunks were released by the probation officer.

HIS SEVENTH APPEARANCE

Napoleon Charlest made his seventh appearance before the court within a year. He is just after completing a four month's sentence in jail and while at that place was examined as to his sanity. Although he receives \$12 a week when working, when a fine of \$15 was imposed he asked the court to give him six months in which to pay it. He was told that he would have to pay the fine within a month.

KNOCKED DOWN ON STREET IN LAWRENCE AND TAKEN TO METHUEN HOSPITAL

Larkin Trull of 732 Andover street, this city, was seriously injured yesterday when he was struck by a wagon attached to a runaway horse on Oak street, Lawrence. He is now in a Methuen hospital resting as comfortably as can be expected. It is said that his hip is fractured.

Mr. Trull, who is employed with his father, Frank, as a gardener, was delivering boxes to a store on Oak street. He was lifting a box from the wagon when the runaway horse appeared on the street. Trull had a box on his shoulder and failed to heed the cries of several bystanders who warned him to get out of the way. He was struck by one of the wheels and knocked down. An automobile was seen and he was rushed to the hospital.

ST. LOUIS CHURCH

Although work on the construction of the new St. Louis church is progressing rapidly, the pastor, Rev. J. H. Labossiere, stated this morning the church will not be opened for service until Easter.

The new church, only the basement of which will be erected this year, will cost about \$150,000 and it is expected when the building is finished it will be paid for. All the church organizations are much interested in the church fund and they take turns in conducting collections for its benefit. The next to be given which will be in the form of a whist, will be on Nov. 22 at the school hall and under the auspices of St. Anne's sodality.

LOWELL CASES BEFORE THE GRAND JURY

The Lowell cases presented to the grand jury at East Cambridge court house Wednesday have been reported on and in each case a true bill was found.

The cases are as follows: Fred N. Dennis and Charles Jellett, breaking and entering in the night time; Alfred Denio and Richard Carr, tearing off an automobile; John Coyne, assault and battery; Joseph Bourne, statutory offense; John J. and Daniel E. Foye and George E. Clark, sale of liquor to a minor; Glenwood D. Foster, sale of mortgaged automobile.

The criminal session of the court will open at East Cambridge Monday morning.

A special session of the grand jury will be held at the East Cambridge court house on Wednesday for the purpose of acting upon unfinished matters.

The case of Thomas H. Kelliber charged with having murdered Daniel Cronin at the state infirmary in Tewksbury, will be heard by the grand jury on Wednesday.

FIREMEN PLAN FOR CONCERT AND BALL

Plans are being completed for the annual concert and ball of the Lowell Firemen's Relief Association fund to be held Wednesday evening, Nov. 22. At the meeting of the association the following officers and committee were appointed: General manager, Capt. E. F. Saunders; assistant general manager, District Chief J. C. Sullivan; door director, John H. Murphy; assistant door director, G. A. Crawford; chief aids, George H. McDermott, T. F. Conway, J. L. Crowe, Charles Crowley, J. A. Rheinhart and John Whaley. All the members of the department will be aids.

Reception committee: Chiefs Samuels, Sullivan, Crowley and Albany; Finance Committee: Commissioners of Fire and Water Departments, Tuttata, and the capitals and lieutenants of the departments.

Committee on arrangements: J. W.

JANTZEN, C. E. ALWAY, A. B. STROUT, J. J. LYNN, F. B. TURNER, J. J. McMANAMON, J. J. MOONEY, J. J. MURPHY, W. J. LEWIS, J. E. CROWLEY, F. A. KAPPLER, DAVID LAFAYETTE, M. F. McNALLY, J. L. CROWNE, MAJOR WRIGHT, G. W. ALCOFF, GEORGE H. McDERMOTT and G. E. SCHOLETT.

From 8 to 9 a concert will be given by the orchestra of 12 pieces, after which dancing will be enjoyed until 2 o'clock. A buffet luncheon will be served during the intermission.

DEATHS

APRIL—Joseph April, an old resident of this city, died this morning at his home, 251 Cheever street, aged 72 years. He leaves his wife, Henriette; three sons, David of this city and Pierre and Joseph of Salem; four daughters, Mrs. Alphonse Boucher and Mrs. Ernest Petras of Canada, Mrs. Edward Ballou and Mrs. Ernest Guilleme of Salem, N. H.; a sister, Mrs. Prudent Guyotette of Canada.

FUNERALS

GOUPIL.—The funeral of Toulouse Goupil took place this morning from the home, 618 Avenue, Solemme high mass of requiem was celebrated at St. Jean Baptiste church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Joseph Boudre, O.M.I., assisted by Rev. J. J. Racette, O.M.I., and Rev. Charles Danzil, O.M.I., as deacon and sub-deacon. The bearers were N. LaVallee, Jules Lavallee, Camille Rousson, A. Ilivet, J. J. Clignancourt and Urbain Charette. Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery, where the committal prayers were said by Rev. Antoine Amyot, O.M.I. Funeral arrangements were made by Amédée Archainbault & Son.

HOUSEHOLD MANAGEMENT

Members of Women's Club Hear Interesting Talk by Mrs. Herron, State Chairman

Under the auspices of the home economics department of the Middlesex women's club a conference was held at Colonial Hall yesterday afternoon which brought out advanced views on topics of great interest.

Mrs. Schuyler Herron, state chairman, presented and presented the subject "System and Simplicity in Household Management." She urged the club women to send for the bulletins of

the agricultural department at Washington and also advised university extension courses in home economics under the state board of education.

Miss Agnes Dunham of the Garland school of Home Making spoke of the planning of menus. She explained her system which provided for variety while respecting economy. Later in the meeting she spoke again this time on the work of the Garland school.

ELECTION DOUBT COST WILLCOX MANY WEARY HOURS AT PHONE



It was no enviable job that William R. Willcox, chairman of the Republican national committee, had in the anxious days that followed the taking of the presidential vote. Naturally, he was jubilant when the returns from New York, Illinois and Pennsylvania seemed to indicate the election of Hughes, and he showed

THE FRENCH MAID SAYS

PROPER CARE OF TABLE-WARE

"It seems to me that Macy makes an awful lot of work about doing the dishes, yet when I try to show her the proper way I make more of a mess of it than she does," said Marjorie, as she dragged herself dispiritedly into Marie's presence in her aunt's house.

"There is only one proper way to wash dishes," said Marie, "and I can tell you how very easily. In the first place scrape all the food from the plates and other dishes. Wash the glasses, one by one, in hot suds and then hold them under running rinsing water, drying them quickly with a soft towel. After this rinse the silver in the first pan and lay it in a second pan. Then dry the silver, laying aside pieces that have become tarnished or stained with egg or other food. These can be rubbed later with a little salt or silver polish."

"Now, as to silver, I try to keep up with the latest ideas in the line of household utensils, and so we have one of the silver cleaning boxes in which the aid of baking soda and salt added to the water, silver may be brightened without the aid of brush or elbow grease."

THE CONVENIENT BAG

"What a pretty bag," exclaimed Marjorie as she found Marie industriously working on a dainty receptacle belonging to her aunt.

"Yes it is pretty," agreed Marie, "or will be," she continued "when I have finished with it." Every woman ought to own a hand bag, and one can easily be made from scraps left over from a velvet suit or satin gown.

From these she can fashion a necessary and always charming receptacle for coins, bills, handkerchief, or any accessories she wishes to include.

Fan bags are much in demand for the fans that condense to hide their beauty on the way to and from public functions. Of course such a bag must be long and narrow and a very pretty one may be made of the same material as the evening gown lined with silk or satin. A silk cord or ribbon is run through the casing at the top to fasten it, and the bottom is rounded and edged with an edge of cut steel heads. On each side a motif of fine lace is applied to the bag with a cut steel design.

"There is that old bag of yours the lining of which is perfectly new. With a piece of moire or satin and a length of fur, you are ready for work. One length may be used, folded in the middle, rounded and seamed half way up the sides. The upper half and the top are gently gathered into the clasp and a strip of fur, wide near the clasp, narrow at the top, is laid on top. The clasp itself may be covered with the material and a handle made as well. If you find it difficult to adjust the clasp, or if you wish to make a new lining, it would be better to have the clasp put on by an expert, after you have finished the bag properly."

THE DISORDERED HOME

"Oh Marie, we girls have just been down to see some poor families and it does seem as though they could make themselves more comfortable if they would take a little more interest in making their homes attractive and comfortable without spending any money," was Marjorie's worry one morning as she came to pay her daily call upon Marie.

"You are right," agreed Marie. Sometimes women are not responsible for the big sorrows which invade the home, but it is within their power to make life wretched for others in innumerable little ways. You have probably been to a shiftless home where affairs are allowed to run themselves, just as if they could.

"Nothing is in its place, so that needed trifles must often be renewed because the ones on hand can never be found. There is no health in such a home, no repose, no dignity. Good housekeepers abominate bad ones and rarely put down the failings of the defective woman to inability in domestic matters. No excuses are made for the atrocious housekeeper who is besides a wife and mother, for it is a woman's business to know how to keep a home."

The young daughters and sons of such establishments get a taste of better kept homes as they go about and soon become ashamed of their own. If they grow up to its ways unconscious of its disconcert and indecency, there must come a time when they will be reduced to the society of persons beneath them, as the saying is.

The effects of the disordered home life, too, follow the young people with their own marriage and home relations, and the partner who has been brought up in a better manner is the one who suffers and revolts. Disorder without encourage disorder within and harmony externally encourages serenity of mind and heart."

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun, "Want" column.

TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET

	Stocks	High	Low	Close
Altis Charters	338	315	324	
Am Beet Sugar	102	101	101	
Am Can	62	63	62	
Am Car & Fin	115	113	114	
Am Cot Oil	541	541	541	
Am Host L. Com	161	153	152	
Am Hide & L. Co.	72	70	70	
Am Locomo	352	320	315	
Am Smelt & R.	1138	1125	1125	
Am Sweet & R. pt	1163	1163	1163	
Am Sugar Ref	1193	1188	1177	
Axonite	5918	5912	1034	
Alcoa	1063	1053	1053	
Alch pf	106	103	103	
Baldwin Loco	8634	85	85	
Balt & Ohio	875	875	875	
Beth Steel	670	665	655	
Br Rap Trans	815	815	812	
Cal Petrol	228	22	22	
Can Pipe Com	1721	1723	1723	
Cast I Pipe Com	25	25	25	
Cast I Pipe pf	67	67	67	
Cent Leather	1154	1124	1134	
Cent Leath pf	117	116	117	
Ches & Ohio	6818	672	672	
Chi & G. W. Corp	1142	1142	1142	
Chi & G. W. pf	44	44	44	
Chit R. I. & Pac	342	338	332	
Chile	2332	2251	2251	
Col Fuel	55	54	54	
Conzal Gas	137	125	135	
Cora Products	19	1814	1818	
Corn Products M	365	365	365	
Coughlin Steel	5921	5921	5921	
Den & Rio G.	21	21	21	
Den & Rio G. pf	173	165	161	
Del & Hudson	1523	1523	1523	
Dis Secur Co	44	43	43	
Erie 1st pf	383	374	374	
Erie 2d pf	447	447	447	
Erie Elec	1801	1792	1801	
Goodrich	6337	6315	6315	
Gr North pf	118	118	118	
Gr N Or ext	415	412	412	
Hillards Cen	1063	106	106	
Int Metal Com	131	131	131	
Int Metal Com pf	76	76	76	
Int Mar Marine	4412	424	424	
Int Mar Marine pf	1173	1173	1173	
Int Paper	79	71	72	
Int Paper pf	1063	1043	1043	
Kan City So	27	26	26	
Kan City So pf	613	612	613	
Kan & Texas	84	75	75	
Kan & Tex pf	193	182	182	
Lentz & Vandy	82	82	82	
Maxwell 1st	574	73	73	
Maxwell 2nd	514	492	50	
Mexican Petroleum	109	105	106	
Missouri Pa	10	95	10	
Nat Lead	693	68	68	
No Am Co	702	702	702	
N Y Am Brak	108	157	152	
N Y Am Brak pf	108	107	107	
North Pacific	1123	1115	1111	
Out & West	3015	3035	3035	
Pacific Mail	2634	257	257	
Pennsylvania	573	573	573	
People's Gas	111	111	111	
Pitts Coal	4132	4042	4042	
Pressed Steel	883	874	874	
Promont Co	1853	1653	1653	
R. W. Corp Co	543	543	543	
Reading	109	107	108	
Rep Iron & S	115	115	115	
St Paul	554	95	95	
Sloss-Sheffield	81	79	79	
So Pacific	1014	1005	1014	
Southern Ry	2334	2334	2334	
Southwester pf	69	68	68	
Studebaker	1253	122	124	
Tens Copper	22	22	22	
Texas Pac	173	171	173	
Third Ave	53	52	52	
Union Pacific	1493	1459	148	
Union Pac pf	824	824	824	
U.S. Ind Alcohol	1383	137	137	
U.S. Rail	603	111	111	
U.S. Steel pf	124	122	122	
U.S. Steel pf	1063	1063	1063	
Utah Copper	1193	1155	1155	
Va Chem	46	44	44	
Westinghouse	653	643	643	
Western Un	102	1013	1013	

HEAVY TONE IN BRIEF TRADING TODAY

TOTAL SALES ESTIMATED AT \$000 SHARES—CLOSING WAS IRREGULAR

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Pressure originating largely from professional sources and directed mainly against speculative stocks imparted a heavy tone to today's brief trading. Offerings were largely in excess of demand, with resulting depression in the security list. Central Leather made an extreme loss of 53½ points and Mexican Petroleum yielded 3 with 1 to points in numerous other industrials, equipments, and so-called war shares. Standard rails and U. S. Steel also receded a point or more and motors were again subject to pronounced weakness. There were a few strong features, chiefly in the metal group, which included Utah Copper, attained new high records. Variable and in some instances substantial rallies occurred in the latter dealings. The closing was irregular. Total sales were estimated at \$60,000 shares. Bonds were lower.

Money Market
NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Mercurial paper, 31-2. Sterling: Sixty day bills, 4.71-1-4; commercial 60-day bills, 4.71-3-4; commercial 60-day bills, 4.71-3-4; demand, 4.75-11-16; cables, 4.76-7-16. France: Demand, 5.81-1-2; Marks: Demand, 6.93-4-4; cables, 6.93-13-16. Kronen: Demand, 11.87; cables, 11.88. Guilders: Demand, 10.24-2; cables, 10.24. Lires: Demand, 6.65-1-4; cables, 6.64-1-2. Rubles: Demand, 29.30; cables, 29.50. Bar silver, 71-1-2. Mexican dollars, 55-1-8. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

Cotton Market

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Cotton futures closed steady, December, 19.31; January, 19.37; March, 19.51; May, 19.48; July, 19.56. Spot, quiet; mid-July, 19.37. Cotton futures opened firm, December, 19.33; January, 19.35; March, 19.51; May, 19.47; July, 19.55.

Boston Market

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—Holders of copper shares at the high prices of yesterday took profits today, with a reactionary effect on the local market. Losses were not great. The close was firm.

Exchanges
NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Exchanges, \$1,162,735,621; balances, \$4,929,933. Weekly Exchanges, \$2,650,355,627; balances, \$357,522,610.

BOSTON MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Bos & Albany	189	180	180
Boston Elevated	78	78	78
Bos & Maine	46	46	46
N Y & N H	60	60	60

MINING

Adventure 4

Alaska 112

SEVERAL LEAGUE GAMES ROLLED LAST NIGHT

The Riverides and the Maels were the winners in their matches in the 123 Miserables league last evening, the former taking four points and the latter three. The Royal Campers and the Ottawas staged a close contest in the Merrimacville Major league on the Springfield City always. Two Cartridge teams met on Boyd's alleys and one game was played in the Lawrence league.

The scores:

WAUSHAKUM CAMPERS	1	2	3	T <small>H</small> I <small>S</small>
King	84	65	89	238
O'Shea	85	77	82	244
Gibbs	86	79	100	265
Preston	99	96	92	287
T. Clark	101	95	84	277
Totals	462	462	454	1378

MACK'S	1	2	3	T <small>H</small> I <small>S</small>
B. McMahon	102	93	86	281
W. McRae	80	83	93	256
J. McCluskey	88	87	86	261
John McMahon	107	95	95	297
N. Choquette	97	88	102	283
Totals	474	437	462	1373

SHIRT FOLD	1	2	3	T <small>H</small> I <small>S</small>
Colhoun	86	92	66	244
Lussier	82	83	77	234
Davis	91	83	81	256
Chouette	85	82	81	248
Vezina	108	91	91	290
Totals	432	433	426	1311

ROSE FINISH	1	2	3	T <small>H</small> I <small>S</small>
Geoffroy	99	102	97	298
Skelton	78	91	82	251
Martin	86	103	55	254
Bob	82	82	77	241
Akerly	87	88	99	265
Totals	432	466	439	1337

ELECTRICAL DEPT.	1	2	3	T <small>H</small> I <small>S</small>
Lynch	92	83	91	263
None	97	93	87	277
Dwyer	81	72	114	251
McElroy	68	92	108	265
Morarity	90	103	101	298
Totals	418	418	514	1356

COMMERCIAL	1	2	3	T <small>H</small> I <small>S</small>
McCabe	93	88	79	270
Dunn	80	84	84	255
McGowan	85	102	76	268
Clegg	113	81	93	294
McGaughy	87	102	107	299
Totals	458	454	441	1386

WOODBINE	1	2	3	T <small>H</small> I <small>S</small>
A. Keneck	80	85	82	232
C. Keneck	88	88	84	250
J. Keneck	95	88	92	275
M. Sullivan	82	85	92	259
A. Chapelle	78	86	89	253
Totals	424	423	421	1268

RIVERSIDE	1	2	3	T <small>H</small> I <small>S</small>
Mr. Kelley	94	87	110	288
P. Kaspar	89	87	83	249
J. Wood	101	96	110	307
F. Kelley	87	106	92	232
F. Irish	99	100	105	305
Totals	468	469	473	1120

ROYAL CAMPERS	1	2	3	T <small>H</small> I <small>S</small>
Bourgeois	108	96	94	298
Stevens	75	89	82	245
Dzozis	80	79	75	234
Harnois	84	71	86	243
Leinay	80	110	89	279
Totals	427	444	417	1285

MITCHELL BOYS WON	1	2	3	T <small>H</small> I <small>S</small>
The B.H. Brook school football team of Concord was defeated by the Mitchell Military Boys' school strong team at El Dorado yesterday afternoon by a score of 34 to 12. Cragin scored two touchdowns and Northrop two. The team:	80	82	88	260
McElroy	77	85	76	240
Taylor	83	97	79	259
Lynch	80	91	85	253
Baker	105	76	99	286
Totals	425	433	421	1382

open date at the garden within ten days and that the Moha-Weinert bout will take place there before Moha boxes elsewhere.

Whipple seemed to be apprehensive that Mike must muss up Moha so that the "Cave Man" would be unrepresentable in polite Queenberry society on the occasion of his meeting with Weinert. Weinert called attention to the fact that before a boxing match can be held in the garden the receiver must first lease the arena to a new corporation, which in turn must apply for a new license to hold bouts. Therefore the commission will not interfere with the Mike-Moha bout.

By way of convincing the public that he is not afraid to meet Freddie Welsh in the ring, Johnny Kilbane, through his manager, posted a check for \$500 with a Cleveland newspaper. Kilbane says the check is posted as a "guarantee of good faith, for a match with Welsh." However, it is not a question of good faith, but one of weight. Kilbane demands 122 ringside by Welsh, and the latter declares he will not make less than 135 at 2 p. m. Kilbane might post a check for \$50,000 as a guarantee of good faith, but if the men cannot agree on weight there is no chance for a match.

TEXTILE GAME HALTED BY DARKNESS

The Lowell Textile school football team won its second game of the week on the Textile campus yesterday afternoon by defeating the Huntington preparatory school of Boston. The score was 9 to 6. Capt. Barry's return to the game after an absence of four weeks strengthened the local team considerably. He kicked a goal from placement on Huntington's 35-yard line about two minutes after the start of the game. As each team made a touchdown afterward the goal proved the winning margin for Textile.

The Textile touchdown was made by Plaisted in the second period after an attempted punt by Huntington. The punt was blocked and Plaisted fell on the ball as it rolled over the goal-line. Barry failed to kick the goal.

The Huntington touchdown came after one of the Textile backs had buntled a pass. Downing, the speedy Huntington right end, fell on the ball and plunged across the line. Snow made an unsuccessful attempt to kick the goal. The game was ended at the end of the third period on account of darkness. The lineup and summary:

HUNTINGTON SCHOOL TEXTILE

Score: Textile 9, Huntington school 6. Touchdowns: Plaisted, Downing, Berry. Referee: Jackson. Umpire: Shuttleworth. Head timeman: Leonard. Time: Three 10-min. periods.

GIBBONS DEFEATS DILLON ON POINTS

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 11.—Mike Gibbons of St. Paul outpointed Jack Dillon of Indianapolis in a 10-round non-decoration contest here last night. Gibbons led in six rounds. Three sessions went to Dillon and the other was even. At 3 p. m. Gibbons weighed 163½ and Dillon at 162, the latter one pound under the agreed weight.

Round One.—The men went into a clinch. Dillon forced Gibbons to the ropes, the latter shot two sharp lefts to the jaw. Dillon came in again and in a brisk exchange Gibbons had a shade. The St. Paul boxer's effective lefts gave him the round.

Round Two.—Both men proved ready mixers in the second period, but again Gibbons' effective left made Dillon's efforts virtually fruitless. The St. Paul phenom stepped out of Dillon's drives and turned them into wild swings. Gibbons' footwork and lefts favored him.

Round Three.—Dillon attempted to get Gibbons at the outset of the third session, but the local lad pulled away with left and right swings to the jaw. The Hoosier came back strong, however, just before the bell the men ended into a clinch and broke away with a farewell jab from Gibbons' round by a shade.

Round Four.—Both men showed some inclination to fed each other out, but when Dillon pressed matters, Gibbons came back with high piston drive lefts and right jabs. Gibbons' footwork and lefts favored him.

Round Five.—Breaking away from a clinch Gibbons sent a swift right to the body and then escaped Dillon's round and landed a brisk drive to Gibbons' head. Dillon seemed anxious to press the battle and while Gibbons' footwork kept him out of danger it did not even score. Dillon's round.

Round Six.—Gibbons side-stepped Dillon's attack at the outset of the round and when the Indians got in to a clinch, Gibbons' footwork and right jabs to the head and a short left to the body. The round ended with neither having a decided advantage. Even round.

Round Seven.—The men went into a clinch and as they broke away left swing for Gibbons' head, but the latter ducked and rolled into a clinch. Gibbons showed a readiness to stand off against Dillon, and frequently the local man changed a scoring advantage to a point in his favor by clever footwork. Dillon's heavy ducking will keep very busy during the remainder of the season. He will lead the team next Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday.

While Jackson will be on the bench, the club officials charge Jackson with the unpardonable offense of starting an uninvited crowd outside the club where there was not the slightest chance for gate receipts. For this heinous offense the club officials insist that Jackson be severely punished.

WILSON ASKS ALL TO FORGET DIFFERENCES

WILLIAMSTOWN, Nov. 11.—"Now that the campaign is over we may all address ourselves to the welfare of the nation without thought of partisan feeling," declared President Wilson in his first public speech since the national election, delivered before a delegation of Williamstown residents and Williams college students who greeted him here late yesterday.

The president was welcomed by the students and townpeople after the christening of Eleanor Axson Sayre, the second child of his daughter, Mrs. Francis B. Sayre, and for whom he stood as godfather.

Unit for Common Service

In a speech last night before several thousand persons who came from nearby towns to congratulate him on his re-election, President Wilson said: "I want to say that now the campaign is over we must think of only one thing, and that is not of parties, but of the interest of the great country we all love. Let us forget all our differences and unite for common service. Only in that way can we work for the great nation that has given us liberty and peace."

Came to Forget Politics

Soon after his arrival at the home of his son-in-law, assistant to the president of Williams college, the delegation headed by President H. A. Goldfield of the college, and Samuel P. Blodden, chairman of the Williamstown companion council, marched to the Sayre home. The president spoke from the porch of the house, and was cheered enthusiastically by the students.

"I came here to forget the field of politics and for a brief rest. I came simply to visit my daughter and to attend a simple ceremony here today," he said. "Now that the campaign is over, we may all address ourselves to the welfare of the nation without thought of partisan feeling."

Defends Politics

The president referred to his service as chief executive of Princeton university, saying he knew from experience there was politics even in the running of a college.

"Politics," he continued, "is after all a means of getting something done, of putting forward ideas. It is a fight, but the man who does not love the fight has no red blood in his veins."

Mr. Wilson told a story of a man

having a vision in which he was offered a horn and a sword, and chose the horn. Immediately the vision vanished and the man was cursed for taking the horn before the sword. He told the story to illustrate the necessity for fighting.

Speeches Full of Wisdom

Mr. Garfield, a son of President Garfield, declared the president's words during the campaign had been "full of wisdom and light." He added: "We wish you Godspeed in your great office."

When the president arrived here this afternoon he found a stack of telegrams three feet high congratulating him on his re-election. They came from cabinet members, senators, representatives, government officials and leading democrats. He will reply to none of them until his return to Washington, since no stenographer accompanied him.

Soon after his arrival with Mrs. Wilson, Miss Margaret Wilson and Miss Helen Woodrow Bone, his cousin, the president went to St. John's Protestant Episcopal church to attend the christening.

Baby Cries Continuously

The family party rode the few blocks to the church in an automobile. The baby cried continuously. Inside the church only a few intimate friends of Mrs. Sayre witnessed the ceremony.

As one of the godfathers of the baby, President Wilson promised in the name of the child to "renounce the devil and all his works." The other godfather was the Rev. James M. Sayre, brother of Francis B. Sayre. The godmothers were Miss Margaret Wilson, Mrs. W. G. McAdoo, her sister; Miss Blanche Nevins, aunt of Mr. Sayre, and Mrs. R. H. Sayre, mother of Mr. Sayre.

The family party stood about the baptismal font as the Rev. J. A. F. Carter, rector of the church, read the service. Afterwards the president paid a call on President Garfield.

To Washington Tonight

Last night the family had dinner together at the Sayre home. The president will remain here until 5:25 o'clock this afternoon and then will return to Washington, where he is due to arrive Sunday night.

On his way here the president was cheered by crowds at Troy and several other towns in New York and Massachusetts.

Mr. Wilson told a story of a man

those on the outside will direct their attacks principally at the two men now in office, though there is not the slightest doubt that before it is over some of those on the outside will be getting after each other.

Chance for Bargain

The democrats who are going to celebrate this evening might strike a good bargain by applying at the Courier-Citizen office where there is on hand a choice lot of red fire and flags, which is of no further use to its present owners and which they might be willing to sell at a sacrifice. Only a small portion of the original lot has been used for shortly after the New York Times announced the election of Hughes and the first sticks of red fire were lighted other announcements came over the wire which caused a permanent suspension of the Courier-Citizen's pyrotechnic display.

Sparks the Come-Back Man

A former chairman of the republican city committee, discussing the senatorial election, said yesterday: "We had it all figured out that Colburn would win by at least \$500 and when the returns came in showing the great vote received by John T. Sparks we were astonished. The fact that he would poll such a vote after being out of politics for over a decade shows that he has lost none of his vote-getting ability and that he will be a dangerous candidate next year if he runs again."

And if the democrats had an organization such as the republicans had working at the polling places on election day Sparks would have received many more votes than he received as it was.

Hour Calls Around

Roger Sherman Hoar was in town yesterday and called at The Sun office to pay his compliments to the editor. He proposes to convince the public of Lowell by means of affidavits from the proper parties that certain statements concerning him attributed to Congressmen Rogers were misleading. "I'm going to convince Congressman Rogers also," said Mr. Hoar. "That I own that farm, I'm going to invite him down to it some day and show him all over it. Then I'll give him a spade and allow him to take some of the land home with him."

The Official Count

One frequently heard during the anxious moments pending the announcement of the belated returns is the statement: "What's the matter with those people in the west; don't they know how to count? How is it that our returns and those of New York are all in the same night, while it takes them three days to get their count?"

Those who made such statements fail to realize that the official votes of Massachusetts and of New York have not been announced yet as they have not been counted up by the secretary of state and his assistants. In states where there is no question as to the identity of the winning candidates, like Massachusetts, New York, Ohio and the others, the first or unofficial count figures up by the party organizations and the press from the returns from the different cities and towns is accepted on its face, but in all states where the contest is close and the result in doubt, nothing is accepted until the official count from the office of the secretary of state is given out. The count that we have been waiting for all week from California and the other states is the official count of the secretary of state.

THE SPELLBINDER

Even the Courier-Citizen reluctantly and not too gracefully has at last admitted that President Wilson has been re-elected and there can be no further doubt. After The Sun had shown that he was elected in its last issue Wednesday evening, the Courier-Citizen with its screen and stereopticon gave a picturesque illustration of the traditional drowning man and the straw, it clung to it until late Thursday night when the straw broke upon the announcement by The Associated Press that Wilson had carried California. Like Jim Haecker, the County Chairman or old Jethro Bass, the Courier-Citizen claimed everything until the final returns were in, and then figuratively cried: "Grand!" After the fiery editorials which our faithful but misguided neighbor has sent forth for the past month he is now entitled to a free sail along the lonesome waters of Salt river with a fine dish of soup upon reaching his destination. It was really a chance to be obliged to pull in those flags which were launched from every window of the Courier-Citizen building on Tuesday evening when the New York Times conceded Hughes' election. The Associated Press would not concede it, but the Courier-Citizen in its intense anxiety to have Hughes win, took the word of a New York stranger before that of its own press service and set out its trapings of victory only to be obliged to pull them again 24 hours later. It was a hard fight to lose, brother, but cheer up, you still have the kaiser to waltz.

Democratic Disappointment

While the Lowell democracy is rejoicing over the election of President Wilson much disappointment is expressed on all sides over the outcome in Lowell, the claims being made that a proper effort was not made to get out the democratic vote, and the responsibility is placed at the door of the few men who call themselves the democratic city committee. There were automobiles enough to carry every democratic voter to the polls if properly handled, but they were not and as a result hundreds of democrats were unable to vote, or if they were able to, didn't go because they were not sent after. Already a movement is afoot to reorganize the democratic city committee and the attorney-general and chairman of the democratic state committee have been appealed to, for their advice and assistance. The law states that the city committees shall organize in January, but those who profess to know claim that there has not been a regularly organized democratic city committee in Lowell since 1912. The

first reading was from the New Testament, the story of the blind man appealing for aid to Christ; the story of Christ writing in the sand and finally the story of Lazarus. The poetry of the Bible was brought home to the audience in the rhythmic measures of the verse, and the dramatic possibilities of the text were obvious.

From "The Servant in the House," Mr. Kennedy read the first and part of the second act, and when he turned to something else there was a feeling of regret. His "Terrible Meek" more than atoned for this in its gripping stark realism, the allegory of it recalling the first reading of the New Testament. After listening to the story of how a woman's son was dead to death one went away with a more poignant feeling of what the way means to the masses in all the nations of the old world. Mr. Kennedy is to be thanked for making people think.

TO ERECT \$1,000,000 BUILDING IN BOSTON

WOMAN'S BOARD OF TRADE PLANS TO CREATE NEW CIVIC AND COMMERCIAL CENTRE

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—Plans are practically completed for a big million-dollar Woman's Board of Trade building for Park square, near the present Paine building and just at the downtown boundary of the big tract of land that has been acquired by the Park Square Real Estate Trust for development into a new civic and commercial centre.

The new building is designed to become the centre of all lines of business carried on by women. Its purpose will be to draw to Boston the estimated 100,000 women buyers who now pass this city to make their purchases in New York and Philadelphia.

In addition to show rooms, arcades, and extensive floor space, a large portion of which has already been assigned to tenants under options, there will be a magnificent exhibition hall in which great quarterly style shows in millinery and gowns will be held. In this building all the activities of women in the business world will find a sumptuous and modern home.

The first floor will contain large stores. The upper stories are divided into offices that may be rented either separate or in suites. On the top

those on the outside will direct their attacks principally at the two men now in office, though there is not the slightest doubt that before it is over some of those on the outside will be getting after each other.

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THE SPELLBINDER

Many invited friends of Rogers Hall gathered last evening with the pupils and faculty and enjoyed two delightful hours in listening to an author's reading by Charles Hann Kennedy, the noted playwright. With the unmissable touch of genius he held the attention of his audience from first to last and with all the arts of intonation, facial expression and subtle shadings brought home to them the pathos or tragedy or humor of the scene he depicted. There was no palpitating scenery or other distraction to interfere with the central theme, and when the author-reader gave the lines of "The Servant in the House" or "The Terrible Meek," he was master of every mood of the audience.

The first reading was from the New Testament, the story of the blind man appealing for aid to Christ; the story of Christ writing in the sand and finally the story of Lazarus. The poetry of the Bible was brought home to the audience in the rhythmic measures of the verse, and the dramatic possibilities of the text were obvious.

After attending yesterday in hunting for him they got into communication with Houlton, and asked for assistance. A party of 50 left for Lane Brook on the Sabots waters in Penobscot county. Mr. Anderson left his home Saturday, Nov. 4, in company with a hunting party of four. Thursday morning he left the rest of the party and has not been seen since.

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Both vessels have well appointed passenger accommodations and spacious holds for freight. The new line, it is said, will use the Cape Cod canal and make daily trips in both directions.

REPORT OF BIRTHS

Oct. 26—To Mr. and Mrs. Edward P. Collins of 103 Andrews st., a daughter.

27—To Mr. and Mrs. Albert J. Lis of 38 Williams st., a daughter.

28—To Mr. and Mrs. Michael Dzathow of 38 Davidson st., a son.

29—To Mr. and Mrs. David Fisher of 153 Chelmsford st., a daughter.

30—To Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Sandler of 192 Chelmsford st., a daughter.

31—To Mr. and Mrs. George W. Mason of 22 Bassett st., a son.

29—To Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Manakov of 39 Jefferson st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Michael Economou of 359 Market st., a son.

30—To Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. Cerow of 51 Birchay st., a son.

31—To Mr. and Mrs. Michel Bella of 76 Union st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Peter Bagensky of 41 Coburn st., a son.

Nov. 1—To Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Orcutt of 3 Webster st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Thomas St. Pierre of 135 Perkins st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Horimida Duham of 331 Moody st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Clarence M. Thurston of 23 Royal st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. August C. Aben of 154 Tilden st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. George Sabachaki of 10 Market st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Benedict McKales of 3 Summer st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Donat Noel of 162 Hall st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lafontaine of 16 Denman st., a son.

2—To Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. England of 114 Perkins st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred Clermont of 11 Robert pl., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Condor of 5 Cumminskey's alley, a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. James Pruden of 11 Shattuck st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Dimitrios Coroneos of 76 Fenwick st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Geddeon Cote of 141 Alken st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph K. Hollingsworth of 123 Jewell st., a son.

3—To Mr. and Mrs. Edward R. O'Toole of 3 Dalton pl., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. John Callahan of 15 Grand st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Peter Kastbas of 18 Coolidge st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. John J. Casey of 7 Westford st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Norman W. Bayrs of 82 Thayer st., a son.

4—To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Crosby of Albion st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Arvid Nelson of 6 Webster st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Coster Clapis of 554 Merrimack st., a daughter.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

THE DEMOCRATIC VICTORY

The republicans are holding out against hope that they can find some ground for claiming the election of Mr. Hughes or for contesting the election of President Wilson. They are waiting for official and certified returns. That is all right. Nobody wants to deprive Mr. Hughes of what belongs to him in this election.

There are some intimations of fraud, especially at Los Angeles, Cal., but if any fraud has been attempted, we venture to say it was in an effort to turn the tide in favor of Mr. Hughes. In the case mentioned it is reported that returns from outlying districts were received with seals broken and in face of a general trend to Wilson, these particular precincts gave big pluralities for Hughes.

The election is now secure for Wilson beyond any possible change that can come from recounts or legal contests. It is a great victory for the sovereign people as opposed to the "Old Guard" of the republican party, Wall Street and the predatory interests. The popular verdict sounds the death knell of the republican party except it reorganizes on new and progressive lines, drops the tariff bogey and the idea of having Wall Street control the credit and the currency of the nation.

Never perhaps in the history of this nation was the defeat of a presidential candidate sought by such a motley, selfish and unpatriotic combination as that which opposed the election of Wilson and fought by every means in its power to elect Mr. Hughes. The fact that these elements carried all the large states and New England shows how well they had planned the capture of the states which as they believed controlled the election.

Not in any election for the past twenty-four years has there been so much cause for rejoicing as there is at the present moment in seeing the disloyal elements that backed Mr. Hughes buried in irreversible defeat. In saying this it is only just to state that seldom, if ever, has a democratic candidate for the presidency received such liberal support from fair minded republicans as did President Wilson. The better element of the republican party supported Wilson; the worst element of the democratic party furnished the most vociferous shouters for Mr. Hughes.

The republican leaders have seen the power of the people asserted in a manner that upset all their calculations. They are bitterly disappointed of course, but it is a glorious victory for progressive democracy, for patriotism and the kind of Americanism that can be relied upon to defend the nation whenever it is in danger.

ELECTORAL AND POPULAR VOTE

Well, it wasn't such a neck and neck race after all. President Wilson has a safe and clear majority of the electoral college, and hence the republican talk about recounts and other things will avail them nothing. Wilson has carried thirty or thirty-one states, leaving Mr. Hughes with seventeen or eighteen. That does not seem so very close. He will not be a minority president by any means as on the face of the returns he has a substantial majority of the popular vote which will be swelled still more by the belated reports.

The embroiled machinery of the electoral college has on more than one occasion defeated the will of the people. In 1824 General Jackson received 50,551 more votes than John Quincy Adams who was elected. Again in 1876, Mr. Tilden received 250,035 more votes than did Mr. Hayes who became president through means not entirely honorable. In 1888 Mr. Cleveland received 98,017 more votes than Mr. Harrison who was inaugurated. If Mr. Bryan in 1896 had received 30,000 more votes in close states, he would have defeated McKinley who had a plurality of more than 600,000 of the popular vote.

The time may come when the people will demand the abolition of the electoral college on the ground that it defeats the will of the people. It is said to have its advantages in guarding against the choice of any man who is wholly unfit.

THE BOSTON DISASTER

That terrible accident in Boston on Tuesday night resulted from the failure of signal lights to appear or else to the failure of the motorman of the car to take due notice of them. As a result 47 lives were lost. There will be investigations of course that will result in nothing except to show that the precautions against accident were inadequate.

If Germany drafts the men from all the conquered territory who holds the war will take on the most superlatively inhuman and diabolical aspect of any struggle that ever existed this planet. It will be a case of compelling thousands of men to fight against their own or be shot down by their own. This is something so abhorrent that the whole civilized world so far as it is not now involved in the war must rise in protest.

SPRINGFIELD CHARTER REFORM

The city of Springfield has been considering a change of charter for some time past and at Tuesday's election on a referendum vote the citizens divided almost evenly between the federal plan and the city manager plan. It was quite remarkable, however, that only about two-thirds of the voters passed upon the charter question. The result is, that in all probability Springfield will retain her present form of government under which she has prospered. A change to either of the charters under consideration would probably be a step backward rather than forward. Not all of these new fangled charters are what they are cracked up to be.

THE WORST YET

One of the most desperate projects that Germany has yet attempted is the carrying off of young men and old from Belgium, it is alleged, for military service in her various armies. One can easily imagine what will happen to the Belgians who are drafted into the German army. They will be placed in the forefront of the battle and if they do not show a willingness

CUBAN ELECTION

The republic of Cuba has had election which passed off quietly in a manner quite similar to our own. President Menocal sought re-election and at first it was announced that his opponent, Dr. Zayas, was elected; but the later returns, as in our own case, show that the present incumbent has been re-elected. This is considered fortunate for the Cubans as the administration of President Menocal has been highly satisfactory while the elements represented by the other candidate appear rather turbulent in character. Cuba is to be congratulated on the result and on her prosperity during the past few years.

TREND IN MASSACHUSETTS

If Governor McCall's plurality of 14,000 indicates the normal republican vote of this state then there was quite a defection on the candidacy of Mr. Hughes whose plurality was but 21,000. Mr. Lodge, too, got considerable of a slanting as his plurality was about 32,000. Four years hence, Massachusetts will probably follow New Hampshire into the democratic column.

LOWELL STRONGLY DEMOCRATIC

The democrats of Lowell are to be congratulated on their work for the party ticket on election day. The result was good and yet by attention to organization it might have been better. The city is strongly democratic but its forces are unorganized. We should have a city committee of strong workers to back up the party candidates in every contest.

THE SUBMARINE WARFARE

Germany is unwilling to submit to the demands of Norway that her submarines shall not traverse Norwegian waters unless they appear on the surface flying their national colors. A similar order might be issued by this country in order to safeguard vessels within the three mile limit. Our own submarine controversy with Germany is becoming quite acute.

Japan apparently has no desire for the South Sea Islands as she has willingly agreed not to seek possession of them at the termination of the European war.

"Pape's Cold Compound" ends severe colds or grippe in few hours.

Relief comes instantly. A dose taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end grippe misery and break up a severe cold either in the head, chest, body or limbs.

It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages in the head, stops nasty discharge or nose running, relieves sick headache, dullness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness, and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and sniffing! Ease your throbbing head! Nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only 25 cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, causes no inconvenience. Be sure you get the genuine.

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To your departed ones and have as do the work. You'll be perfectly satisfied. Send for our catalogue of designs. Tel. 824.

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Of all descriptions in granite, marble and bronze. Our manufacturing plant has the most modern power equipment and every labor saving device.

GUMB BROS.
Cor. Goham and Anderson sts.
Near Edson Cemetery. Tel. 1017

High Grade Shoe Repairing

BY FACTORY PROCESS

The only shop in Lowell with a complete equipment. Samuel Fleming, Prop. 161 Middle St., Opp. Fire Station. Tel. 688-R.

Devine's Trunk Store

Removed to

156 Merr St., Opp. Bon Marche

BEST LINE OF LEATHER GOODS
IN LOWELL

Dwyer & Co.

PAINTING CONTRACTORS

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Estimates cheerfully furnished.

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Telephone 629.

SAYS N. E. MILL MEN ARE BUNGLES

HEAD OF N. E. TRADE PRESS ASKS WARNS MANUFACTURERS AGAINST FOREIGN ATTITUDE

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—William H. Lough, president of the New England Trade Press association, speaking last night at their dinner in the Hotel Avenue, declared that South American and European manufacturers look upon the New England manufacturer as a hopeless bungler with his business methods. He urged immediate action to correct this impression and urged the trade papers to aid manufacturers in a fight to retain South American business gained by present war conditions.

"New England, along with the rest of the Atlantic seaboard, is already one of the world's great centres of manufacturing for international markets," he said. "It may in the course of a few years become also again one of the world's greatest centres of shipping and foreign commerce."

"It is a fact essential to New England's prosperity that this prophecy be realized. You are gradually—and inevitably—losing your domination over the processes of manufacturing within the United States. The central west and the south are meeting you in direct competition, with many advantages behind them."

"Where can your energies and your capital find an easier outlet than in the great foreign markets which have been thrown open—which are indeed clamoring for the products of the American factories?"

"It is a shock to find that our business methods are looked upon as hopelessly crude and bungling. It is time we stopped putting ourselves on the back and began to give a little more serious thought to the question: How can we cultivate closer and more profitable business relations with foreign countries?"

"Before the European war England and Germany were easily the dominant traders in most of the large competitive markets. These countries enjoyed vast advantages as compared with the United States."

"We should not overlook the fact, however, that long before the European war the United States was showing steady gains year after year in their export of manufactured goods. American shoes, typewriters, cash registers, collars and shirts, automobiles, watches, textiles, machinery, sewing machines, oil and steel have already been introduced into every market of the world."

CHARGES AMERICANS OF BEING MONEY MAD

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—Dr. Hugh Cabot, chief of the Harvard Surgical Unit, in France, who is in this country on leave of absence, in an address before the Master Builders' association yesterday afternoon severely criticized the American people for not taking a definite stand in the European war, and charged them with being "money mad."

"One of the objects of my return to this country was to get the American point of view of the situation," he declared. "I think I have got it, and it makes me feel as if I had typhoid fever."

"American people are drunk with prosperity. Drunk with pretty work. Everyone has been making money and all are satisfied, but there is going to be a lot of fellows as cross as the devil when this industrial shump comes."

"There are a great many people in this country who think the Lord has changed his residence to Washington. I heard one man say, the other day, he had made so much money during the past year that he didn't care a rap

who the next president was."

"This seems to be the way the American people view the situation today. Everybody is driving a devil-wagon and in the farming districts they have one for the wife and another for the boys."

"The American people are in a shocking unpreparedness condition to cope with the Industrial revolution which is sure to come after the war."

"We continue until the end of the war, as we stand today on the top of the picket fence shifting our position when the pickets become too sharp, we can expect nothing different from England than that of debtor and creditor."

"England is looking at us thinking that we are scared, just as the bandits down in Mexico look at us and know we are scared."

"If we don't change our policies before long, I think we will be in for a racket some day, without friends, and I don't want to be aboard when that time comes."

MAJOR IS PROBING THE EFFIGY HANGING

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—Members of A Troop (National Guards), First Squadron of Cavalry, M. N. G., who are alleged to have hanged Captain John Kenney in effigy at Fort Bliss, El Paso, 10 days before starting back home, will be tried at a summary court-martial, according to a statement made yesterday by Major Charles A. Schmitz, commander of the battalion.

Major Schmitz said that he is now engaged in a thorough investigation of the act, and that he has secured considerable incriminating evidence against several members of A Troop. "I am simply making an investigation, and I am slowly getting evidence that seems very incriminating," he said. "I am in possession of the names of several men who had connection with the incident, and you are at liberty to say that they will probably be court-martialed."

FIVE FIRE SETTERS GET TEN YEARS

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—Five men found guilty of setting fire to the building at 237-239 Dudley street, Roxbury, upon the night of Feb. 15, were yesterday sentenced to serve not less than seven or more than 10 years in the state prison by Judge Sisk in the Suffolk superior criminal court.

The men are Jacob and Isador Leventhal, Simon Levine, Samuel Lishner and Jacob Smaller. Levine and Lishner were charged with being accessories both before and after the fact and the others are charged with the actual work of setting the fire.

Pending the hearing on exceptions which were taken in their behalf during the trial, the sentences were stayed. Two of the defendants have seemed the extra jail required after a verdict of guilty is returned and the other three are still in jail.

POSTOFFICE SAFE ROBBED

BURLINGTON, Vt., Nov. 11.—Further evidence of an organized gang working through Vermont, breaking into postoffices, was discovered yesterday morning when the office at North Winooski, 10 miles from here, was found to have been entered and the money, amounting to about \$150 taken from the safe.

The postoffice is situated in the same building as the telephone exchange and before entering the store the wires leading into the exchange were cut so that in case of discovery no alarm could be sent out.

The burglars made their entrance through the front door of R. E. Brown's store where the postoffice is located and opened the safe by manipulating the combination.

COMMONSENSE TELLS

you when your stomach, liver, bowels or blood are out of order. Obey Nature's warnings. A sour stomach, indigestion, nausea, loss of appetite, dull eyes, sick headache, biliousness, constipation, muddy complexion, restless sleep and unstrung nerves are unmistakable signs that you should heed, for they plainly tell you

WHEN TO USE

Beecham's Pills. This famous remedy will quickly work a change for the better. A dose or two make all the difference. Use them confidently, for they always benefit and never harm. They contain no injurious drug, but act mildly, surely and naturally, without causing discomfort.

Use them when the stomach calls for help, when the liver is out of order, or the bowels need regulating. These important organs are greatly relieved, helped and strengthened by the commonsense use of that world-famed remedy

BEECHAM'S PILLS

"The Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World."

At All Druggists, 10c, 25c.

Directions of special value to women are with every box

BEGIN INVESTIGATION INTO PRICE OF COAL IN MASSACHUSETTS

BOSTON, Nov. 10.—Official investigation into the recent rise in the price of anthracite coal in Massachusetts was begun by George W. Anderson, United States district attorney today. In a statement, Mr. Anderson said he was determined to find out the true cause of the sudden jump in the price of coal in this vicinity. He declared

power of the federal government will be invoked to investigate rumors that an illegal combination exists and that special agents of the department of justice are already investigating the matter. Several agents of the department are in Boston and will devote some of their time, he said, to investigating the recent rise in food-stuffs, including milk.

OPENS WAY FOR PEACE IN EUROPE

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 10, via London.—Several German newspapers in commenting on Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg's speech express the opinion that it opens the way for peace. The Tagblatt says the ideas for the future which the chancellor discussed are more important than the question who is guilty of having caused the war, and refers to the chancellor's remark that after the war humanity will demand measures to prevent recurrence of such conflicts.

"Whoever is convinced," the Tagblatt continues, "that the cry will go through humanity for a peaceful arrangement will not fail to make preparations for a great response to this great cry."

The Freisinnige Zeitung says that what the German government now desires is tolerably clear; that the chancellor expressed it in different words than Philipp Scheidemann, a socialist leader in the reichstag, who in a speech last month asserted the Socialist nations desired peace, but that the views of Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg are less clear than those of Herr Scheidemann.

"In the chancellor's speech," the Vo-

waerts continues, "one hears the first sound of the future rustling which will signalize the end of war's horrors."

ARMED BRITISH SHIP ARRIVES AT NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—The British merchant vessel Adriatic of the White Star line had a six inch gun mounted on her after-deck when she arrived here today from Liverpool with 102 passengers and 1500 bags of mail.

THE CARDINAL'S APPOINTMENTS

BOSTON, Nov. 10.—His Eminence, the Cardinal, has made the following appointments:

Rev. Denis J. Sullivan, rector of the Church of St. Mary's of the Angels, Roxbury, to be rector of St. Patrick's church, Roxbury.

Rev. C. A. Flanagan, rector of the Church of the Sacred Heart, Groton, to be rector of St. Mary's of the Angels, Roxbury.

Rev. Daniel F. Whalen, assistant at St. John's church, Roxbury, to be administrator of the Church of the Sacred Heart, Groton.

Rev. Stephen J. Chamberlain, assistant at St. Patrick's church, South Lawrence, to be assistant at St. John's church, Roxbury.

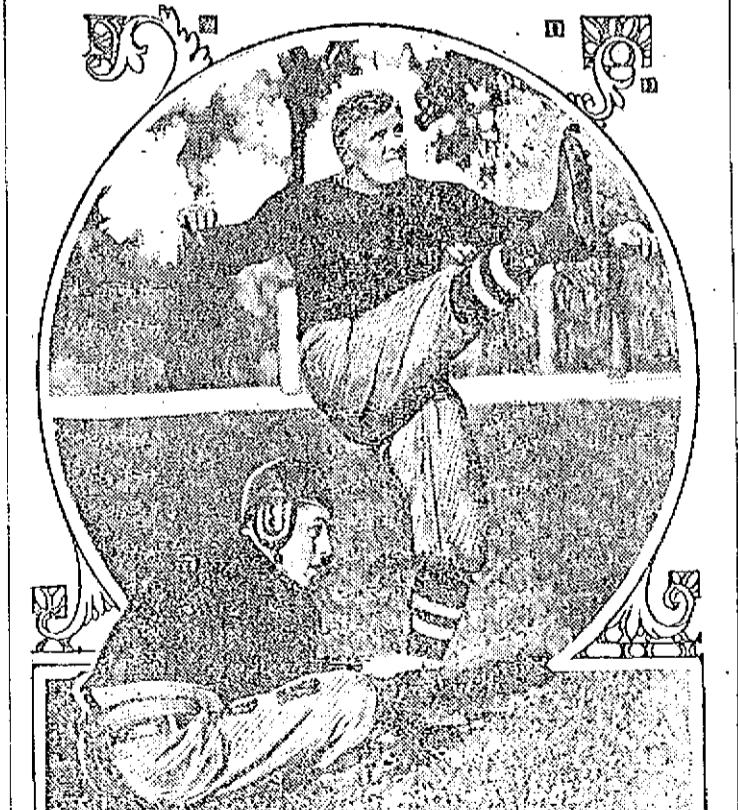
Rev. James H. Courtney, of St. Joseph's church, Roxbury, to be assistant at St. Patrick's church, South Lawrence.

Rev. William F. Cahill, chaplain at Maryville academy, Arlington, to be chaplain at the Archbishop Williams' farm, Framingham.

Rev. James F. McHill to be chaplain at Maryville academy, Arlington. These appointments go into effect Monday, Nov. 13.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

OLIPHANT, ARMY HALFBACK, IS TALK OF EXPERTS THIS SEASON



WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 10.—Former Oliphant of the Army team is in the very center of the calcium in eastern football circles at present. He is not only the best of the Army's pigskin performers, but is rated as one of the best halfbacks playing football to-day.

And this talk about his football ability is no idle rumor emanating from the minds of his friends, for it is said that most ably did this player demonstrate his prowess in many games this season and especially in the games with Villa Nova.

He did what probably no other man will do this year, score forty-five points in one game. In this game in which the Army emerged victorious by the score of 63 to 7, Oliphant was a veritable demon both on offense and defense, crushing the oncoming attacks with ease and as easily bowling through the line or around an end for a substantial gain, for a total of six touchdowns and nine goals kicked from touchdowndown.

Although football is of chief interest just now, it is by no means the limit of Oliphant's abilities. In fact, football is just one of his accomplishments. Oliphant is the only four "A" man in West Point history. This

KNOX NO STRANGER TO UNITED STATES SENATE



PHILANDER CHASE KNOX

Philander C. Knox, elected to the senate by the republicans in Pennsylvania, is no stranger to the upper national house. He was appointed to the senate in 1904 to serve out the term of Matthew S. Quay, deceased, and was elected in 1905 for a full six year term. He resigned in 1909 to become secretary of state in President Roosevelt's cabinet. He will take Senator Oliver's seat in the senate.

MINERAL RESOURCES OF ALASKA

During the summer of 1915 the strip of country extending from Ruby on the Yukon to Iditarod, Alaska, by way of McGrath on the Kuskokwim, was surveyed topographically and geologically. A report describing the progress of mining in 1915 in that region, presenting a brief discussion of the mineral resources by J. B. Metcalf Jr. and G. L. Harrington has recently been issued by the United States Geological Survey, department of the interior, as part of Bulletin 642.

Placer gold is the only mineral deposit that has yet been exploited on a commercial scale, but gold nodules have been reported, and deposits of other minerals that are important elsewhere occur in this region. The main gold placers areas are in the Ruby, Innoko, and Iditarod districts, each including many scattered camps. Chalcopyrite, the sulphide of mercury, and cassiterite, the oxide of tin, are found in the concentrates in a number of creeks in the region. Stibnite, the sulphide of antimony, has been discovered at a number of places in the Iditarod and Innoko districts. Scheelite, the tungstate of calcium, has been found in the concentrates from Otter Creek, in the Iditarod district. Coal occurs in the Ruby, Innoko, and Iditarod districts.

All these deposits are described in the report, which forms a part of Bulletin 642-II and may be obtained from the Director, United States Geological Survey, Washington, D. C.

Today's Fashion Hint



Cut of khaki colored broadcloth, this military model takes a coat over three-quarters length. The trimmed skirt is tailored severely, the trimmings being given by two sizes of buttons and sealskin bandings on the deep cape and collar. The tam is black velvet.

SLEEPYTIME TALES

THE FRIENDLY FROG

Once upon a time a tadpole lived in the same pond with a pretty little perch. The perch thought the tadpole very lonely, with its big head and long tail, and used to swim by it in the sun to show its striped body and golden color so as to make the poor tadpole see it was so lonely. The tadpole used to say as he watched the perch swim by, "You just wait, I will look different by and by and I may be good looking then," but the fish would laugh and jump up to the surface of the water for a fly, while the tadpole would crawl on a rock or old stump to wait until it was time for him to shed his skin and be a real frog.

The fish would swim around and tell about the wonderful things in the deep water quite beyond where the frog could go, but the frog was content now to sit on the bank with the rest and talk almost all night in his deep, ugly voice, although it really never forgot its old friend the perch and watched for it every day.

One day the perch came swimming up and they began to talk together. The frog was down in the soft mud and the perch was swimming around telling about the wonderful things it had seen further out in the pond. Just then a little barefoot boy came down to the bank and in a minute a fat worm was wriggling on the end of a line and in a second more the perch was nibbling at it, when all at once something sharp caught in his mouth and it was out of the water struggling hard to get off the hook and back home again.

When the frog saw its friend in the water it slid off into the water with a splash. The boy looked down and let the line get loose and in a second the perch was off and into the water swimming toward home again.

FORTY CARRANZA \$5000 FINE FOR COMBINING TO BOOST PRICES

LAREDO, Tex., Nov. 9.—Forty Carranza soldiers were killed and twice that number injured Sunday at Chirivio, near Del Rio, when their train was telescoped by a pilot train, according to advices received here today. The injured are being taken to San Luis Potosi.

THE MEXICAN-AMERICAN JOINT COMMISSION

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 10.—The Mexican-American joint commissioners resumed their efforts here today to effect a settlement of the difficulties between Mexico and the United States after a recess of a week. It was indicated that the American members were determined to force the conference to an early conclusion. The Mexican members appeared no less impatient for an adjustment but the realization by both sides that Villa's activities in northern Mexico had been widely extended since their adjournment last week made it apparent that an agreement involving a withdrawal at an early date of Gen. Pershing's troops was improbable.

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—All railroads of the country are considering filing injunction suits attacking the Adamson law as was done by the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific here today and previously in other states by the Union Pacific and the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, according to Vice-President Sewell of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

ENTHUSIASTS IN WILSON PARADE—HERE IS VANCE McCORMICK



When Sheriff Kinkaid of Bayonne, N. J., and Frank J. Cohen, ex-mayor of Glasgow, Scotland, started out with a band of musicians shortly after learning that Wilson would be elected from the national committee headquarters in New York city they were unaccompanied save by a few curious boys and other stragglers. Each of the two men held a broom, and on a bit of bunting stretched between the broom handles was the statement, "Wilson is elected." The unexpected and brief procession marched over to Fifteenth avenue from the democratic headquarters at Madison avenue and back to their starting point. Vance C. McCormick, chairman of the democratic national committee, kept in constant touch with California and Minnesota by long distance telephone. This picture of him was taken at national headquarters in New York.

RECEPTION TO PRIVATE BARTON OF CO. M.

LITTLE ADS FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

Designed to Place Before the Public the Merchandise, Craftsmanship and Special Service Offered by Exclusive Concerns That are Not Generally Advertised

A series of "Little Ads," arranged under their respective titles for ready reference, devoted to the interests of everybody. In other words, a sort of Daily Market Meeting Place for Buyers and Sellers, telling of Good Things to Eat, to Wear and to Enjoy, and serving as a Business Barometer and Trade Invigorator. These Adlets will place you in touch with live, progressive merchants who have special bargains to offer. They will aid you in economical buying. Will sell and exchange things for you. Will find competent help for you. Will assist you in obtaining a lucrative position. Find buyers for your house, lot, farm, furniture, your store, your lense, your equities. They work day and night with resistless persistence. We want you to read them every day. Make them your Business' and Household Companion, because they will help you, and more important than all, you may feel assured these advertisers are worthy of your confidence, or they would not be permitted to use the columns of The Sun. On this page will also be found Probate and other Legal notices.

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Will assist you in obtaining a lucrative position. Find buyers for your house, lot, farm, furniture, your store, your lense, your equities. They work day and night with resistless persistence. We want you to read them every day. Make them your Business' and Household Companion, because they will help you, and more important than all, you may feel assured these advertisers are worthy of your confidence, or they would not be permitted to use the columns of The Sun. On this page will also be found Probate and other Legal notices.

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LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administratrix of the estate of William Barton of Lowell, deceased, in the County of Middlesex, deceased, testate, and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bond, as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased as required to exhibit the same and all demands, debts, and all estate are called upon to make payment to Maria Roman, Administratrix, (Address) 188 Mass. ave., Cambridge, Mass. Oct. 28, 1916.
SITUATIONS WANTED

POSITION wanted by a young lady with experience in law office as stenographer; can give good references. Apply E. G. Tucker, 292 Bailey street, Lawrence, Mass.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

SMALL HEN FARM for sale in Salem, Mass. In our line, 7 room cottage, shed, one acre of land, barn, henry, 55 feet long, will accommodate 600 hens. Price \$2300, part down. Geo. W. Tucker, 101 Essex street, Lawrence, Mass.

CORURN—HE SELLS REAL ESTATE, 65 MERRIMACK ST. Fine New Dwellings in various parts of the city. Buy and move in before cold weather.

LOST AND FOUND

POCKETBOOK containing sum of money lost between Tarpon Fish Market and 37 Bartlett st. Return to 37 Bartlett st. Reward.

PAY ENVELOPE lost, containing \$50, Wednesday afternoon. Liberal reward if returned to P.T. Sun Office.

BOSTON TERRIER PUP lost Wednesday, Nov. 8. Dark brindle, one dark ear, white face; 5 months old. Reward at \$3 Lakeview ave.

FOR SALE

1013 VELVET runs like new, has all good tires. Can be seen at Church Street Garage, new building. Call for Mr. Larson.

1912 OVERLAND in A1 condition, all good tires, has been taken care of. Come and look it over. Church Street Garage, new building. Call for Mr. Larson.

VARIETY STORE for sale, good paying in Greek district. Price \$200. Write B. St. Sun Office.

COAL for sale; 5 tons No. 1 nut, 1 ton stove. Write P. P. Sun Office.

CORNER VARIETY STORE for sale; reason for selling, death in family, rent low; fine line of stock; also complete household furniture; price \$200. Inquire 23 Rogers st.

WE HAVE for sale a limited quantity of peanut ends that make good food for men and pigs. It will make good feed for pigs. Cleaned for hens to a pound; uncleanned for pigs, 2½ a pound. Mayflower Packing Co., 116 Gorham st.

HUDSON SUPER SIX for sale; 7 passenger, 1000 miles, 2 new tires; will sacrifice, a bargain. P. O. Box 435, Nashua, N. H.

PIANO bargain, upright, chair, \$75. easy terms. Write B. 49, Sun Office.

WE WILL PAPER YOUR ROOMS FOR \$2.50 AND UP And furnish the wall paper. Leater in wall paper, all velvets, prints, etc. Also papering, whitewashing and painting. Estimates given on large or small job. All work guaranteed.

MAX GOLDSTEIN 155 Chelmsford St. Tel 2897

J. H. MARTIN Is a familiar name when thinking of PICTURE FRAMING

For more than 20 years I have been making picture frames that adorn the walls of hundreds of homes. 121 Central St. Up one flight, over Boulier's shoe store. Drop in and see our place.

THE LATEST WRINKLE IN TAX DODGING

LOWELL MAN WINS "Bing" Conlon of Lowell won an interesting and closely contested skating race at the Rollaway last evening, defeating "Kid" Stanley of Manchester, N. H., Jerry McCarthy of Lynn and Ovile Caron of Portland, Me., in a five mile race. The time was 16 minutes and 10 seconds and is considered very fast. Caron was hardly in the race, the other three leaving him behind during the first few laps. The race between Conlon, McCarthy and Stanley was fast, however, the former winning by only a few feet. A race with the same four participating will take place this evening.

WEATHER PREDICTION

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Weather predictions for the North Atlantic states for the week beginning Sunday issued by the weather bureau to-day are:

Forecast Monday followed by rain or snow Monday and Tuesday; fair thereafter. Temperature considerably below seasonal normal."

SALVARSAN "606"

Given at Dr. Dugdale's Lowell office for BLOOD POISON, LOCONGTON, ATANIA and SKIN diseases. Blood tests made also for diseases of the eye, nose, throat, stomach, liver, kidneys, and nerves.

RHEUMATISM, neuritis, neuritis, lumbago, sciatica. **RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS**, gout, catarrh, rheumatism, chronic rheumatism, nervous diseases of men and women, varicose veins, stricture, piles, fistula, fissures, ulcers and prostatic diseases WITHOUT THE KNIFE. Investigate my methods of treatment. CHARGES REASONABLE. Lowell office, 3 Central St., Hours, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Consultation, Examination, Advice, FREE

increased, it is estimated, to some

HELP WANTED

SALMANS wanted: live-in advertising salesman for finest line of advertising metal, fibre, cardboard, muslin, oil-cloth, wood and brass signs; art calendar; 12-sheet business calendar; and novelties of every description. Good territory available. Good references and experience. Liberal terms on commission basis. Big money. Write for particulars now. The School Sign Co., Kenton, Ohio.

AUTOMOBILE companies and securities of allied industries are marking hundreds of millions of dollars every year, paying bigger returns and making more wealthy people for the amount of money invested. We are not excepting the United States Steel Corporation of today. We are specializing in the stocks of automobile companies in the United States. We issue a monthly letter several times each month which contains a great deal concerning the stocks we are offering of the automobile industry. We want salesmen to represent us in various territories throughout the United States. References required. Write O. E. Cheney & Co., 10 Broadway, New York City.

AGENTS—Try handling our office and household supplies. High class. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write today for particulars. Howard Sales Co., Box 448, Hartford, Conn.

ALL AROUND KITCHEN GIRL wanted, at 13 Bradford street. One to go home night preferred.

DOES \$50 every week appeal to you? We want you to work for us right now, 100% profit. Write for particulars. A. Chambers, 1 Gorham st., Calais, Maine.

AP ONCE—Ten ladies to travel, demonstrate and sell well established line to our dealers. Previous experience not necessary. Good pay. Railroad fare paid. Goodrich Drug Co., Dept. 1336, Omaha, Neb.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS wanted. Commence \$75 month. Sample examination questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 197-R, Rochester, N. Y.

YOUNG MEN wanted to learn motion picture photography and projection for positions as camera men with motion picture companies and operators in theatres. Big pay, pleasant work. Great demand for training men. Instruction by mail. Wonderful opportunity for ambitious young men. Write today. Empire Motion Picture Institute, Rochester, N. Y.

We Have Spent One Million Dollars Getting ready for you. Mr. Salesman, and we are ready now for business. Are you? We are out to connect with men who can get the business if they have the opportunity. National advertising campaign on a completely new idea relating to the purchaser at wholesale prices a proposition that combines "Safety First" and an unrivaled opportunity for speculation, selling in units of \$25 up and on payment of 10% down. Men with the high up and close lead secured by our constant advertising. Our commissions will be liberal, our advertising will be high-class and plenty of it, and we will pay expense for examination of the property, but business must be on our own account on a basis, for we only want live agents who are looking for a live-wire connection. We are ready now to launch a campaign that will be a whirlwind. Our property is in the south and contains attractions that will appeal to tourists. The previous plan is ready for just this opportunity as our price is so low and our proposition so convincingly put in our hand-somely illustrated booklet that the business is waiting for the salesman. We want salesmen who can make us write three-figure examination checks, even if you believe you are the only ones we want, write today. Empire Motion Picture Institute, Rochester, N. Y.

CHILDREN to board in good home Kenwood, Camden st. Cement house.

UPRIGHT PIANO or Victrola wanted; must be in good condition and cheap for cash. Write H. S. Sun Office.

OLD STOVES and ranges wanted to buy. Highest prices paid. Send postal. P. Sarris, 311 Market st.

CLAIRVOYANT

MADAM ARDELLA, clairvoyant and card reader, 12 Branch st.

PROF. ZRAZAHAN MARZABAN— Palmist and astrologist, Egyptian origin. Special 50c reading, 22 Gorham st. Hours 10 a.m. to 9 p.m. Bring this advertisement today and tomorrow and name will be given free.

WANTED

CHILDREN to board in good home Kenwood, Camden st. Cement house.

UPRIGHT PIANO or Victrola wanted; must be in good condition and cheap for cash. Write H. S. Sun Office.

HARRY RAYMOND, 146 Gorham st.

SUITES TO MEASURE, \$13 and up. Fit guaranteed. The Model Tailoring Co., 610 Gorham street.

CHIMNEY EXPERTS

LIMBURG CO.—Chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1122 Bridge st. Tel. 569-1122.

CONFECTIONERY

CANDY, homemade, fresh, daily cigars, sodas, ice cream, fruits. J. Daniels Co., 62 Gorham st.

DENTIST

T. E. MARR, D.M.D. Dentist, Room 505 Sun Building. Hours 9 a.m. to 12 and 2 p.m. Monday, Friday and Saturday evenings.

DRESSMAKING

LEARN TO MAKE your own clothes at a small cost; patterns made Sookitai School, 218 Bradley bldg.

DRUGSTORES polished, lacquered and repainted. Store fronts repainted. Every kind of plating done in best manner. Regan & Kirwan, 37 Shattuck st. cor. Market. Telephone 2551.

NICKEL PLATING

BARGAINS in used machines. 1913 Yale motorcycle, \$10; 1913 Yamaha motorcycle, \$30; 1913 Indian motorcycle, \$35; 1913 Harley-Davidson motorcycle, \$40. Others at special prices. Call and see them. Lowell Cycle Shop, 35 Gorham st.

PIANO TUNERS

GILDAY, the piano tuner, 89 May Street, or telephone 569. Gilday Shop, Prescott st. A tuner of expert ability, factory experience.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

GROUNDS LENSES overcome the blinding rays of light. Kryptok lenses. Near and far vision in one lens. We specialize in the higher branches of optics. J. J. Clunis, Optician, 19 Palmer street.

PHONODRAGHS

GENERAL PLUMBING, heating, steam and gas fitting, jobs and repairing. E. W. Devaney, 33 Elm Street.

PLUMBING AND HEATING

Have you heard the Corolla—the Singingbird of Phonographs? A real beauty, and a good instrument. Charming tones, \$14. Emerson double face records—play one-half the time of a 10-inch record—25 cents. Lowell Furniture Co., 505 Merrimack st.

FEATHERS CLEARED

PLUMES cleaned and curled. Fur and gloves cleaned and repaired. Mrs. A. E. Scraggs, 42 Chafflous bldg.

FUNERAL NOTICES

FITS—I cured my daughter by simple discovery; particulars free. Z. Lepso, 135 Island ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

DRESSMAKING and Millinery

A. E. Scraggs, 42 Chafflous bldg.

DYEING AND CLEANSING

SUITS pressed and cleaned. \$1.50 monthly contract. Tailoring Sanitary Clothes Service, 118 Gorham st. Tel. 3817-W.

W. A. LEW

Steam dyed and cleaned of ladies and gentlemen's wearing apparel. 30 years in the business.

49 JOHN STREET

ELECTRIC SHOP

GLORIA INVERTED GAS LIGHTS

\$1.15. Regular price \$1.75. Electric Shop, 62 Central st., 261 Gorham st. Tel. 1317-W.

FEATHERS CLEARED

PLUMES cleaned and curled. Fur

and gloves cleaned and repaired. Mrs. A. E. Scraggs, 42 Chafflous bldg.

FURNITURE

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, stoves, beds, mattresses, rugs, etc. Good cash or credit. Fitch, 160 Middlesex st.

RAZORS MADE TO ORDER

GROUNDS re-ground. Honing and concaving a specialty. Gonzales, 123 Gorham st. Phone 1331.

ROOFERS

ROOFERS—Burns & Son, State

ROOFING—Roofs repaired. Tel. 3232-W.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

JUST DIP IT'S A POSTAL and we can do any repair or repair that you have to do. So what what it is. We will call and look at it and give you something. Don't give it away when you sell it. Call on us. T. F. Lucy, 213 Dutton st.

PHONODRAGHS

The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

ESTABLISHED 1878

THE LOWELL SUN

LOWELL MASS. SATURDAY NOVEMBER 11 1916

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

PRICE ONE CENT

NEW WAGE AGREEMENT FOR BAY STATE CARMEN

Never before has such a liberal working agreement been offered to employees of the Bay State street railway as the one presented to members of the union all over the system for acceptance or rejection at meetings held last evening. It will affect 5000 employees of the company which controls lines from Newport, R. I., to Nashua, N. H. Wage increases, better hours, and numerous other concessions are granted. While the vote on the new agreement has not yet been announced, local men are of the opinion that it will be practically unanimously accepted, and that it will be signed at a meeting of representatives of the union and the company this afternoon.

Wage increases of four cents an hour; pay for nine hours to operators of cars working eight and one-half hours, and wages for eight and one-half hours to operators of cars working only eight hours are among the provisions in the new agreement.

Fred Crowley, president of the local union and chairman of the joint conference board, was one of the fathers of the agreement. His efforts in this

Sect. 2. On October 1st of each year the company shall post a list in the different cars and motorconductor's and motorman who desire snow plow work to sign for same. This list shall close Oct. 12. If an insufficient number of men have signed, or if any signers are unfitted or otherwise disqualified for snow plow work, the necessary number may be added by the superintendent, and assigned to the men who signed the posted list, but no employee shall be assigned against his wishes while juniors are available.

On Oct. 15 the company shall post a list of all men entitled to snow plow work, and at the same time a list of the different routes with the number of plows to be used on same, from which choice may be made by routes in accordance with seniority, as above provided.

Such men when employed as foremen on snow plow work shall be paid at the rate of forty-five (45) cents per hour, and all other conductors and men employed on snow plow work shall be paid at the rate of forty (40) cents per hour; the same rate to apply to men operating cars pushing plows other than cars in passenger service which may do so for one hour or less, salt cars during snow storms and conductors and men operating with fat cars, horse-drawn levercars and snow removers; and when available and unless prevented by controlling emergency, the first men entitled to plows which are going out shall be called at all times. The schedule list shall provide for first and alternate crews of men having seniority for each plow.

When practicable running periods shall not exceed twelve (12) hours for either crew. All leveling, cleaning of turnouts and similar work after storms shall be performed by the men who have selected the route upon which the same is to be done, except as the amount and character of the work and the time to be consumed may justify its being done otherwise, seniority to govern.

All other snow work shall be given according to seniority of service, and conductors and motormen shall receive preference in assignment when circumstances do not permit of their doing their regular and customary work.

In no case will a man be required to do more than six consecutive hours' snow work without time off for meals, which will be rendered necessary by the exigencies of the work, shall be furnished or paid for by the company.

Men not listed for snow plow work, but called for report, while held for orders other than their regular hours, shall be paid snow plow wages.

Paid for Accident Reports.

Sect. 4. When conductors or motormen are required to remain in looking up cars in connection with investigating reports in accident cases before completion of their regular day's work, they shall be paid their regular rating, and for all other accident reports shall be paid fifteen (15) cents each.

Signed statements required of employees shall be paid for as accident reports.

Sect. 5. When any conductor or motorman has been suspended or discharged and the association feels after a careful investigation on its part that an injustice has been done him, it shall have the right to take the case up with the general superintendent, and if it cannot reach a satisfactory adjustment with the division superintendent, it shall have the right to appeal the case to the general superintendent who in all matters upon the written request of employees in the division concerned heretofore adopted, shall furnish the officer or officers of the association with the reasons for such suspension or discharge, together with a copy of all the documentary evidence pertaining thereto; and if it cannot reach a satisfactory adjustment with the general superintendent, it shall have the right to appeal the case successively to the general manager or his representative, and to arbitration, as provided for in Sect. 1. And if it is determined that such employee was unjustly suspended or discharged, he shall be reinstated in his former position and paid for all time lost. Provided, however, that the provisions of arbitration above referred to shall not apply to conductors and motormen during the first six months of employment.

The company agrees to adopt a duplicate card system of record of discipline, the conductors and employees each holding one. Similar cards of disciplining administered shall be made thereon. The employee may have his defense or comment entered thereon.

General superintendent's conferences shall be held locally in the division concerned.

Sect. 5. The company shall provide a book for conductors and motormen in which to register their names and dates they respectively wish to be off duty, but not more than seven days at a time. First on the list to have preference shall be to New York, which shall be appointed starting off.

First on the list to have preference shall be to all other employees if they so desire. Men who are off duty Thanksgiving day forfeit their claim to be off Christmas day until all who have worked Thanksgiving day, returning to their work, shall be allowed to have preference.

The book shall be kept in the office of the foreman where men may stay, but only duly accredited officers of the association shall be allowed in case of dispute to examine the book. Leave of absence, illness or absence from the country excepted, shall be limited to three consecutive days in any three months.

Sect. 6. The company agrees to furnish to each of its employees free transportation over the division north and south respectively, in which such

WOMAN HAS SEAT IN CONGRESS, FIRST TIME IN THE NATION'S HISTORY



Miss Jeannette Rankin, elected to the national house of representatives from Montana, is a source of particular pride to the National Suffrage association, inasmuch as she was for a number of years one of its most valued organizers and the standard bearer who carried her state for suffrage. She is a republican in politics. Jeannette Rankin is a member of a well-to-do banker's family of Missoula, Mont. In 1908 she was graduated from the New York School of Philanthropy, went to Seattle, Wash., filled a position of "baby sitter" for a year, found that wasn't her metier and quit finding ideal homes for infants to join the women fighters in Washington. She stumped and organized in the Washington campaign and received no remuneration. "It was for the cause," she said in referring to it. She became later the field secretary of the National Woman Suffrage association. House listening to President Wilson and Miss Rankin in pictures.

MESSAGES OF CONGRATULATION

MISSOULA, Mont., Nov. 11.—Messages of congratulation from suffrage leaders in many parts of the country poured into Missoula yesterday for Miss Jeannette Rankin, republican, the first woman to be elected to congress. Miss Rankin's campaign man-

agers contend that she had been successful by at least 2000 majority.

"I feel that the women would stand by me," Miss Rankin said yesterday. "It is wonderful to me to think of having the opportunity of being the first woman to sit in congress with

134 men."

ASSURED OF ELECTION

HELENA, Mont., Nov. 11.—Latest re-

turns today assured the election to congress of Miss Jeannette Rankin, republi-

can.

Employees are respectively employed, and upon request will change transportation to a reasonable extent for other parts of the company's system.

No Discrimination Against Unions

Sect. 11. The company will do nothing to prevent or discourage any employee from becoming or continuing to be a member of the association, and it will in no way discriminate against a member of the association, or against any member of the association because of his membership. The association will not discriminate against any person in the employ of the company because of his refusal to join the association.

All employees who are now or who may hereafter become members of the association shall remain members in good standing of the association so long as they remain in the service of the company, providing that such continuance in membership shall not conflict with the laws of the association.

If any member of the association is expelled or suspended from his membership therein for violation of his constitution and general laws, or of any provision of this agreement, the association, upon receipt of the proofs of such violation from the association, shall be entitled that such expulsion or suspension was for such reason, shall dismiss or suspend such employee from its service.

Arrangement of Schedules

Sect. 12. In the arrangement of schedules as many runs as possible shall be made, the hours to be completed within eleven consecutive hours consistent with the remaining runs, rearranged to the best advantage in runs of not less than eight or more than nine and one-half hours to be completed within twelve consecutive hours, except that not more than twenty per cent of the total runs may exceed twelve but not fourteen consecutive hours.

The company will use all available parts of regular cars and regular extra trips to make such runs. Crews leaving an extra trip scheduled as part of a run shall have seniority preference in selection of a substitute, which, however, shall be one not used in the previous run. Runs shall be made on the basis of six hours being the limit of continuous work, and in no case shall $\frac{1}{2}$ hour be exceeded. If unsatisfactory to the men at the car house affected, referee for dinner or supper shall be at least one hour in length.

When the company desires a man who has worked continuously seven hours to them run extra, he shall be paid a sufficient time to go home to his meal, or be furnished a meal by the company.

Schedules as posted shall be picked up and run until revision is agreed upon by the committee of any division conference with such posted runs in conference with the company.

Men having regular runs, or doing

any work except snow work with outside time exceeding twelve hours shall be paid additional compensation at the rate of fifteen (15) per cent of the employee's regular hourly rate for the first excess hour or fraction thereof, and at the rate of thirty (30) per cent for any further excess.

The basic principle for work required of extra men shall be nine hours and shall be completed, as far as possible, within twelve consecutive hours, and in extreme cases shall they be required to work beyond twelve consecutive hours. Extra men require to report and so reporting shall be guaranteed a minimum of six hours within sixteen consecutive hours and receive six hours' pay for the same and work performed after the fourteenth hour.

JAPAN AND FRANCE GLAD PRES. WILSON WON

TOKIO, Nov. 11.—The re-election of President Wilson is welcomed by the Japanese press, which praises his peaceful disposition and believes his continuation in office augurs well for the furtherance of American-Japanese friendship. Business circles are pleased as they feared a republican protective tariff would be a blow to Japanese exports to America.

FRANCE LIKES RESULT

PARIS, Nov. 11.—The newspapers, while giving prominence to the news of the American election express their opinion as to the result. What comment there is, is sympathetic to President Wilson.

The Petit Journal says: "President Wilson's victory is highly satisfactory to us for two reasons. The first is that for four years American foreign policies will be free from all electoral considerations, as the constitution forbids President Wilson from seeking a third term; the second reason is that the result of the election must put new life into American neutrality. Evidently an immense majority of the electorate pronounced against war, but, apart from the millions of voters who approved the vigor with which the president forced the Germans to recede on the submarine war question, other millions voted for Hughes because of his demand an even firmer defense of American rights. The chief executive is obliged to take into account this

double wish. Just as Hughes could not have ignored the verdict against war, so Wilson must take into consideration the condemnation of a line of policy which Roosevelt has characterized as 'backboneless.'

The Matin and the Parisien express the same view. The latter concludes: "It is because he played a very honorable role in a moment of grave crisis that the American people have renewed their mandate to President Wilson."

LONDON TRIBUTE TO WILSON

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The Manchester Guardian attributes President Wilson's success to the rallying of a sufficient number of the progressive votes which Roosevelt gained in 1912.

"It seems a small thing," this newspaper continues, "but yet it may indicate a new epoch in American political life. The progressive movement across entirely independently of foreign politics. Many progressive votes given to Wilson are given with the moral reservation that they will not go again to a democratic candidate unless Wilson confirms the faith of the progressives by consolidating what is still only tentative. If he does that he will have established himself as the ablest statesman since Lincoln, and he may be destined to play a part in the achievement of peace which will give him a place in world history."

laborers who are not regularly employed.

Sect. 21. This agreement and the provisions thereof shall go into effect on the first of November, 1916, and shall be binding upon the Bay State Street Railway company and upon said association, and the said several local divisions thereof, and upon all persons who are now or who at any time hereafter during the continuance of this agreement shall be engaged in the operation of the Bay State Street Railway company, and shall remain in full force up to and including May 1st, 1920, and thereafter unless either party notifies the other party in writing not less than thirty days prior to said May 1st, 1920, and each three years thereafter, of any desired change or changes in any section or sections.

But the underground political currents yesterday buzzed incessantly on this subject and in many quarters it was regarded as reasonably certain that Mr. McCormick would be offered the place, whether he accepted it or not. And a certain democratic leader who labored side by side with the national chairman during the campaign broadly intimated that the gossip had inore than ordinary foundation.

The president thinks very highly of Mr. McCormick's ability as an executive, as was evinced when Mr. Wilson forced the democratic convention in St. Louis last June to accept him as the national chairman. The closest personal relations exist between the two, and the president's implicit reliance on the judgment of the Pennsylvania editor during the campaign is cited as proof that he will ask Mr. McCormick to become one of his official advisers.

SUN BREVITIES

Best printing: Tobin's Asso. Bldg. Racing Tires, Beharrell's. J. S. Moir, optometrist, Wyman's Ex-

When you have any real estate to sell consult J. F. Donchec, 228 Hill bldg. Telephone.

Fred Bishop was arrested by Inspector John A. Walsh of the local police department in Lawrence street last night on a warrant issued by the authorities of Burlington, Mass. He was brought to the police station and later in the night an officer from Worcester called and took him back to that city.

William A. Driscoll, who has been claim agent of the local division of the Bay State Street Railway Co. for a number of years, has been appointed temporarily, general claim agent of the Bay State Street Railway Co., covering about 1000 miles of trackage and territory from Newport, R. I., to Nashua, N. H. He succeeds W. A. Rice in his position as chief.

The annual initiation of new members into the Delta Kappa Phi fraternity of the Lowell Textile school was held on the stage at Keitt's theatre last night after the regular performance and the audience was given a rare treat. The antics which the proposed members went through provoked laughter and proved to be a very interesting added number on the program.

Patrick Sculien, aged eight years and residing at 61 Perry street, sustained a broken nose last night as a result of being hit by an automobile driven by William J. Waugh, of 73 Fletcher street. The accident occurred at the corner of High and Bartlett streets and the injured boy was hurried to St. John's hospital where he received treatment.

M'CORMICK HINTED FOR SECRETARY OF WAR

The New York Sun today prints the following:

Political gossip yesterday had it pretty well settled that Vanee C. McCormick, democratic national chairman, is to be taken into President Wilson's cabinet as secretary of war to succeed Newton D. Baker, who has announced that he will resign March 4.

When this subject was broached to Mr. McCormick he followed the usual custom of successful campaign managers and vigorously denied that he received treatment.

GRAND VICTORY PARADE

BY THE SUPPORTERS OF Woodrow Wilson

TONIGHT AT 7.30 O'CLOCK, the supporters of WOODROW WILSON and all citizens who wish to participate are invited to assemble at Middlesex Street Station and march through Middlesex, Central, Merrimack Square and Merrimack Street to City Hall, where brief addresses will be delivered.

American flags and red fire will be furnished.

HUMPHREY O'SULLIVAN, Member-at-Large Democratic State Committee.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
No Alum—No Phosphate

Fair and colder tonight,
Sunday fair; fresh west
winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

THE LOWELL SUN

7
O'CLOCK

LOWELL MASS. SATURDAY NOVEMBER 11 1916

PRICE ONE CENT

HARVARD-PRINCETON AND OTHER BIG COLLEGE GAMES

WILSON'S VOTE LARGEST ON RECORD

STATE INSPECTOR MAY HALLE GARAGE OWNERS INTO COURT

STADIUM, Cambridge, Nov. 11.—The football teams of Harvard and Princeton met in their annual game here this afternoon before the largest crowd of the season. Close to forty thousand spectators were present when the two elevens took the field under excellent playing conditions.

The lineup:

C. A. Coolidge, Jr.	Princeton
Wheeler, Jr.	H. Higley
Dadmun, Jr.	P. McGehee
Harris, Jr.	M. Nourse
Snow, Jr.	G. Bennett
Sweetser, Jr.	R. Hogg
Harto, Jr.	J. McLean
Murray, qb	R. Wilson
Casey, hb	qb, Eddy
Thacher, rb	hb, Driggs
Horween, fb	rb, Moore
Princeton Wins Toss	fb, A. C. Brown

The luck of the toss fell to Princeton and Capt. Hogg chose to receive the ball.

Hoover kicked off, Moore fumbling the ball twice, but eventually regaining it after a 12 yard rush back. Driggs booted to midfield where Murray made a fair catch. Murray slipped past Nourse for five yards. A moment later he lost a forward pass over Higley's head to Casey for another five yard gain. Then Casey fumbled and was downed without gain or loss.

After Casey had been turned back by McLean for a one yard loss Murray sent the ball through the air again over Higley's head to Coolidge, who plucked it on Princeton's 35-yard line. Murray tried another forward pass which failed and Princeton gained the ball on their own 35 yard line. Taking a kick, Driggs circled Hart's end for a gain of three yards.

Both Teams Penalized

The next time he kicked to Murray who fumbled on Harvard's 28-yard line where Higley caught the ball. Princeton sent it up to play on her 28-yard line. Rushes by Eddy, Thomas, Moore and Driggs penetrated several points of the Harvard line for a ten yard gain and first down at the 18-yard mark. Here Princeton was set back 15 yards for holding. Harvard off side activities brought Princeton five yards forward. It was first down on Harvard's 28 yard line again. Thomas stopped Dadmun's position and was stopped by Thacher of the Crimson secondary defense after gaining five yards. Moore added two through Wheeler. Thomas was grasped by Hart without gain. Princeton tucked half a yard of first down. Thomas attempted to gain succeeded only by inches. Measurements showed, however, that Thomas failed to gain the distance. Harvard's ball, however, pointed to Driggs who was downed where he caught the ball on Harvard's 45-yard line. Driggs, on the next play, resorted to the air for advance but Horween was in the way and intercepted the pass. Crimson strategy dictated another kick which Horween sent to Princeton's 25-yard line. There Eddy fumbled, Moore recovering. Driggs kicked to Murray. He signalled for a fair catch at the 20-yard mark.

Casey Makes Gains

Murray punched Hogg's position for two yards. Then Casey, shifting his stride to throw off tacklers, circled Princeton's end for five yards.

Eddy was stunned momentarily in making the tackle.

Casey knifed Princeton's left forward line for a four yard advance. Horween pushed the ball four yards farther through the same players and Casey gained just enough to make it first down in midfield. Murray here attempted a forward pass. Casey, running from behind, grasped the ball and tore through a hole opened between Morse and McLane for three yards. Then, warding off all tacklers

Money Goes on Interest TODAY
WASHINGTON SAVINGS INSTITUTION
30 MIDDLESEX STREET
Cor. Post Office Ave.

HALIFAX'S
ON THE SQUARE

UNDER SUITS
For Men

No, not necessarily a union suit, though there are interesting possibilities. But whether one or two piece, Halifax's or none, your under suit should get as careful consideration as the outside suit you are so particular about.

From the red woolen suits of the northern pioneer to the silkens swathed in Orient there is no checkbook and comfort reason for each individual selection. But—there's no doubt about the place to select.

MEXICO WOULD SUPPORT UNITED STATES IN EVENT OF WAR

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 11.—In the event of war between the United States and any other nation outside of America, Mexico understands that her attitude must be one of complete continental solidarity, said Luis Cabrera, chairman of the Mexican section of the American and Mexican joint commission, in an address here last night. He was speaking before the American academy of political and social sciences and the Pennsylvania arbitration and peace society, who had as their guests of honor the members of the American and Mexican joint commission.

Dr. L. S. Rowe, president of the academy and secretary of the commission, opened the meeting, declaring in his welcoming address that in the conduct of international relations, the United States must stand for new and higher standards, with jealousy and distrust giving way to frankness, helpfulness and co-operation. "If there is any one mission," he said, "which the privileged positions of the United States calls upon her to perform, it is to sound a new note in international intercourse."

Mr. Cabrera, who, in addition to being chairman of the Mexican section of the commission, is the minister of finance under the Carranza government, discussed the ideals and purposes of the Mexican revolution from a purely scientific viewpoint, but in conclusion he referred to the international situation. He said:

"The main political international problem of Mexico consists of her relations with the United States.

"After the war of 1817, which cost Mexico half of her territory, Mexicans have not been able to regain confidence in regard to the imperialistic tendency that the Latin-American countries attribute to the United States. During the Mexican revolution, after the occupation of Vera Cruz and the Columbus expedition, the fears of Mexicans of a conflict with the United States increased considerably, chiefly since it is known that one of the political parties of the United States frankly advocates intervention. The repeated and public statements of non-intervention made by the democratic government of the United States have not been sufficient to allay the fears of the Mexicans.

"As a neighbor of the United States, Mexico will also have as an international problem the danger of a conflict between the United States and some other European or Asiatic power. The foes of the United States, that are always foes of the whole American continent, will certainly assume to be friends of Mexico and will try to take advantage of any sort of resentment, feeling or distrust that Mexico may have against the United States.

"Mexico, nevertheless, understands that in case of a conflict between the United States and any other nation outside of America, her attitude must be one of complete continental solidarity.

"From this viewpoint, the revolutionary government has followed a policy of frankness and consistency in her relations with the United States, putting always her deeds in accordance with her words, and sincerely trying to reach an understanding with the people and the government of the United States.

"Within Mexico, the real international problem means the protection of foreign life and property and the

STATE INSPECTOR Continued

prosecute those who have not observed the law. The legal procedure for the proper erection of a garage is for the petitioner to get a permit from the chief of the fire department, and to take the matter up with the commissioner under whom the matter comes. At the present time Commissioner Putnam receives these petitions and presents them to the municipal council at regular meetings.

The fine for the offence is \$50, and it was said at city hall that Mr. Griffin was very much in earnest when he threatened to bring action against negligent residents of this city.

Street Railway Check.
The following is the copy of a rather "touching" letter sent by Mayor O'Donnell recently to the president of the Bay State Street Railway Co.:

Nov. 3, 1916.

P. F. Sullivan, President,
51 State Street,
Boston, Mass.
My dear Mr. Sullivan:

The city of Lowell is about to complete the construction of a new concrete bridge over the Merrimack river at Pawtucket falls. May I expect at an early date the Bay State check for \$5000 as a contribution towards the cost of the new bridge?

Very respectfully,
James E. O'Donnell,
Mayor of Lowell.

A favorable reply has been received from President Sullivan stating that the check will be forthcoming in a short time.

Mortality of City

The weekly statistics of the board of health show that the death total is rather high, being 41 as compared with 32 and 33 respectively for the past two weeks. There is an increase also in the number of cases of measles reported, last week's total being 8, as compared with 12 this week. Following is the condensed report:

Block Paving Suit.
The suit of Frank A. Mallory vs. the city of Lowell, relative to 20,000 paving blocks for which Mr. Mallory claims the city still owes him will be put on trial next week before James E. Owens, Esq., as auditor. The city disputes the claim. Mr. Mallory has assigned his claim to the Lowell Trust company.

Naturalization Meeting.
Supt. of Schools Hugh J. Molloy has made final arrangements for the mass meeting on naturalization which he has planned in co-operation with the

federal department of labor. It will be held in high school hall, Wednesday evening, November 22 and Mayor O'Donnell and Congressman Rogers have expressed their wish to take part.

Mr. Molloy has sent a communication relating to the meeting to every applicant for naturalization in Lowell, 400 cards having been received by him from Washington, giving details of Lowell declarants.

Local Candidates.
The full list of candidates for alderman who had filed their papers up to noon today is: D. J. O'Brien, Eugene F. Toomey, Frank A. Warock, James P. McGinnis, John T. Roy, George H. Bailes, Edward J. Tierney, Abel R. Campbell and William W. Duncan. Those who have taken out papers for alderman but who had not filed them are Newell F. Putnam, Joseph N. Wilson and Fred A. Tuttle. Candidates for school committee who have filed papers are: Eli B. Hart, John C. Legatt, John B. Curran and John J. Hayes, and those who had not filed papers are Michael P. O'Brien, Robert H. Thomas, Julian B. Keyes and Dr. John H. Lambert.

Late Expense Reports.
Two expense reports that have just reached the city clerk's office are those of Lloyd H. Haworth, who reports \$30.16 and Thomas S. Cuff who reports \$21.90.

Building Permits

The following building permits were issued at the office of the lands and buildings department yesterday:

Edmund Gendron, 311 Colonial avenue, two-family dwelling \$3200; Salem N. Hillson, 261 Adams street, three-family dwelling \$3000; Nelson S. Gray, 557 State street, garage from \$75 to \$100.

Mayor Still Ill.

Mayor O'Donnell who is suffering from an attack of acute bronchitis is still confined to his home on Andover street.

OLD BARGE TO APPEAR AGAIN UNDER SAIL

THE HARVARD BROUGHT BACK AS RESCUE OF GREAT DEMAND FOR OCEAN TONNAGE

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—The barge Harvard, formerly a square-rigger sailing from this port to many seas but for a long time has produced a certain jealousy and distrust with which Mexicans look upon the increase of immigration and foreign investments in Mexico, since such increase would be considered as the strengthening of a privileged class.

"The problem for Mexico is to find the way in which foreign money and immigrants can freely come to Mexico and contribute to her progress without becoming a privileged class, that is to say, that instead of becoming a growing menace to the sovereignty of Mexico will contribute to the consolidation of her sovereignty and independence as a nation."

RECEPTION TO WILSON

Continued

to call on Charles E. Hughes during the day.

Chairman Vance C. McCormick of the democratic national committee left today for his home in Harrisburg, Pa., and with the exception of a small office kept open for the handling of mail democratic headquarters were closed. They will soon be transferred to Washington.

Judge Chairman Wilcox gave out this statement:

"The national committee is not raising the cry of fraud nor is it going out searching for fraud. We have received any number of communications, signed and unsigned, by telegraph, letter and by telephone alleging fraud, from all parts of the country, but in all cases the communications are referred back to us to state officials for investigation.

"The national committee is simply in the same position as state officials who are waiting for the result of the official count and whose duty it is to certify which electors have been chosen."

NEW MEXICO

SANTA FE, N. M., Nov. 11.—President Wilson led Charles E. Hughes in the unofficial New Mexico returns early today, 2184 votes with 29 of the 635 precincts missing. These precincts were small and widely scattered.

Late returns on congressional gave Walton (dem.) a lead of 176 in 542 precincts. For senator, A. A. Jones (dem.) had a lead of 393 with 69 precincts missing.

In the gubernatorial race De Baca (dem.) led Burtum (rep.) by 1050 votes with 118 precincts not reported.

CALIFORNIA

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 11.—Analysis by democratic leaders today of the popular presidential vote in San Francisco failed to give much encouragement to the claim of the republican state central committee that a split electoral vote would result from scratching of democratic electors.

In this city the low republican elector, Mrs. Caroly L. Tyler, received 55,850 votes, only 411 behind Francis J. Honey, high, with 78,211. If the same ratio should be maintained throughout the state, it was said, Mrs. Tyler would be approximately 2466 votes behind the head of her ticket.

The present democratic plurality, however, is 3278, leaving the republicans approximately \$80 short of even one elector.

Louis E. Clark, low republican elector, ran 242 votes behind Britton, high, with 63,150 votes in San Francisco.

Eighteen precincts were still missing early today from the state total of 8579 with the possibility that official state count would not be complete before the official canvass, which begins Monday.

Unofficial returns show both anti-war amendments decisively beaten, although managers of the dry campaign refuse to concede this as yet.

MAINE RETURNS COMPLETE

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 11.—The Maine returns of the election were finally completed today when word from Long Island intimation in Hancock county reached the mainland that Charles E. Hughes had 13 and President Wilson 8 votes. The totals were 65,594 for Hughes and 61,651 for Wilson, the former's plurality being 353, according to the unofficial tabulation.

BABY CARRIAGE TIRES

Put on 25c ap. Prompt service and good work.

GEO. H. BACHELDER

Postoffice Square

SMALL POCKEBOOKS lost between Conant and Cross sts. 16 Liberty St. Under return to 336 Suffolk st.

Committee on arrangements, J. W.

THINGS THAT HAPPENED IN POLICE COURT

When Armand Robillard appeared in police court the other day charged with the larceny of \$24 in money from Herminie Paraiso he said that the \$20 which he had displayed was part of pay he had received at the U. S. Cartridge shop. An investigation was made and it was found that he had never worked at the Cartridge shop. His mother, however, said she would make restitution and on that condition Robillard was given a suspended sentence of three months in jail.

Liquor Cases

Bartholomew Croreau was charged with the illegal sale of liquor and upon entering a plea of guilty a fine of \$50 was imposed. The case of illegal keeping preferred against him was dismissed.

Alfred P. Flagg was charged with the unlawful sale of liquor but owing to lack of evidence the case was dismissed.

Drunken Offenders

Thomas F. McCrossan pleaded not guilty to a complaint charging him with being drunk in Bridge street last night. Patrolmen Kenney and Winn testified that the man was staggering through the street and upon refusing to do so he was placed under arrest. He was found guilty and sentenced to three months in jail. He entered an appeal.

Cornelius Leahy was fined \$15 and John O'Donnell was given a suspended sentence to the state farm. Leslie Curtis was sentenced to one month in jail. William Oswald was handed a suspended sentence to the state farm. Seven simple drunks were released by the probation officer.

Hospital Appearance

Napoleon Charlest made his seventh appearance before the court within a year. He is just after completing a four months' sentence in jail and while at that place was examined as to his sanity. Although he receives \$15 a week when working, when a fine of \$15 was imposed he asked the court to give him six months in which to pay it. He was told that he would have to pay the fine within a month.

KNOBBLING DOWN ON STREET IN LAWRENCE AND TAKEN TO METHUEN HOSPITAL

Larkin Trull of 732 Andover street, this city, was seriously injured yesterday when he was struck by a wagon attached to a runaway horse on Oak street, Lawrence. He is now in a Methuen hospital resting as comfortably as can be expected. It is said that his hip is fractured.

Mr. Trull, who is employed with his father, Frank, as a gardener, was delivering boxes to a store on Oak street. He was hitting a box from the wagon when the runaway horse appeared on the street. Trull had a box on his shoulder and failed to heed the cries of several bystanders who warned him to get out of the way. He was struck by one of the wheels and knocked down. An automobile was secured and he was rushed to the hospital.

ST. LOUIS CHURCH

Although work on the construction of the new St. Louis' church is progressing rapidly, the pastor, Rev. J. B. Labossiere, stated this morning the church will not be opened for service until Easter.

The new church, only the basement of which will be erected this year, will cost about \$300,000, and it is expected when the building is finished it will be paid for. All the church organizations are much interested in the church fund and they take turns in conducting it for its benefit. The next to be given which will be in the form of a whist, will be on Nov. 22 at the school hall and under the auspices of St. Anne's sodality.

LOWELL CASES BEFORE THE GRAND JURY

The Lowell cases presented to the grand jury at East Cambridge court house Wednesday have been reported on and in each case a true bill was found.

The cases are as follows: Fred N. Dennis and Charles Jettison, breaking and entering in the night time; Alfred Delano and Richard Carr, larceny of an automobile; John Doyle, assault and battery; Joseph Jerome, statutory offense; John J. and Daniel E. Foley and George E. Clark, sale of liquor to a minor; Glenwood D. Foster, sale of mortgaged automobile.

The criminal session of the court will open at East Cambridge Monday morning.

A special session of the grand jury will be held at the East Cambridge court house on Wednesday for the purpose of acting upon unfinished matters.

The case of Thomas H. Kellher charged with having murdered Daniel Cronin at the state infirmary in Tewksbury, will be heard by the grand jury on Wednesday.

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Jantzen, C. E. Alway, A. B. Strout, J. J. Flynn, F. E. Turner, J. J. Murphy, W. M. Land, J. F. Crowley, F. A. Kappeler, David Lefebvre, M. F. McNally, J. L. Crowe, Major Wright, G. W. Alcott, George H. McDermett and G. E. Schofield.

From 8 to 9 a concert will be given by the orchestra of 12 pieces, after which dancing will be enjoyed until 2 o'clock. A buffet luncheon will be served during the intermission.

DEATHS

APRIL—Josephine April, an old resident of this city, died yesterday morning at 1181 Gloucester street, aged 74 years. She leaves his wife, Honorable David of this city and Pierre and Joseph of Salem; four daughters, Mrs. Alphonse Boucher and Mrs. Ernest Poltrons of Canada; Mrs. Edward Barber and Mrs. Ephrem Guillmette of Nashua, N. H.; a sister, Mrs. Prudent Cayouette of Canada.

FUNERALS

GOUPIEL—The funeral of Tolephere Goupiel took place this morning from the home, 1 White Avenue. Solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated at St. Jean Baptiste church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Joseph Boudre, O.M.I., assisted by Rev. Julian Racette, O.M.I., and Rev. Paul Dominique O'Neil, as reader and sub-deacon. The barren wife, N. Lavalier Charrette, Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery, where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Antoine Amyot, O.M.I. Funeral arrangements were made by Undertakers Amedee Armandault & Son.

HOUSEHOLD MANAGEMENT

Members of Women's Club Hear Interest Talk by Mrs. Herron, State Chairman

Under the auspices of the home economics department of the Middlesex women's club, a conference was held in Colcord hall, yesterday afternoon which brought out advanced views on topics of timely interest.

ELECTION DOUBT COST WILLCOX MANY WEARY HOURS AT PHONE



It was no enviable job that William R. Willcox, chairman of the Republican national committee, had in the anxious days that followed the taking of the presidential vote. Naturally, he was jubilant when the returns from New York, Illinois and Pennsylvania seemed to indicate the election of Hughes, and he showed

his joy, which was transformed in a few hours to doubt and gloom as the western figures became unfavorable to his cause. He remained in his office, at national headquarters in New York City, for many hours, receiving reports by telegraph and telephone as depicted in the accompanying picture.

THE FRENCH MAID SAYS

PHOTO CASE OF TABLE WARE

"It seems to me that Mary makes an awful lot of work about doing the dishes, yet when I try to show her the proper way I make more of a mess of it than she does," said Marjorie, as she dragged herself dispiritedly into Marie's presence in her aunt's house.

"There is only one proper way to wash dishes," said Marie. "And I can tell you how very easily. In the first place scrape all the food from the plates and other dishes. Wash the glasses, one by one, in hot suds and then hold them under running rinsing water, drying them quickly with a soft towel. After this rinse the silver in the first pan and lay it in a second pan. Then dry the silver, laying aside pieces that have become tarnished or stained with egg or other food. These can be washed later with a little salt or silver polish."

"After the silver is done I wash the china, rubbing it with the mop to remove any soil. If there are pieces that seem to require soaking, I lay them in my second pan, but the other pieces I range in a wooden sink strainer in the sink. When my plates and dishes are all in the drainer I give them a final bath which makes them sweet and clean. For this I have plenty of boiling water and I pour it over the dishes by the big dipperful, so that each one is drenched and steaming."

"Then I leave them to dry by themselves, and if they have been free from grease and stickiness when they were

put in the drainer and the water dashed upon them has been steaming hot, they are as clean and smooth and shining when they come from the rack as if I had polished each one of them with a dish towel."

"Now, as to silver, I try to keep up with the latest ideas in the line of household utensils, and so we have one of the silver cleaning boxes in which, by the aid of baking soda and salt added to the water, silver may be brightened without the aid of brush or elbow grease."

THE CONVENIENT BAG

"What a pretty bag," exclaimed Marjorie as she found Marie industriously working on a dainty receptacle belonging to her aunt.

"Yes it is pretty," agreed Marie, "or will be," she continued "when I have finished with it." Every woman ought to own a handy bag and one can easily be made from scraps left over from a velvet suit or satin gown.

From these she can fashion a necessary and always charming receptacle for coins, bills, handkerchief, or any accessories she wishes to include.

"Pan bags are much in demand for the fans that condescend to hide their beauty on the way to and from public functions. Of course such a bag must be long and narrow and a very small one may be made of the same material as the evening gown lined with silk or satin. A silk cord or ribbon is run through the casing at the top to fasten it and the bottom is rounded and edged with an edge of cut steel beads. On each side a motif of fine lace is applied to the bag with a cut steel design."

"There is that old bag of yours the lining of which is perfectly new. With a piece of moire or satin and a length of fur, you are ready for work. One length may be used, folded in the middle, rounded and sewed half way up the sides. The upper half and the top are gently gathered into the clasp and a strip of fur, wide near the clasp, narrow at the top, is laid on top. The clasp itself may be covered with the material, and a handle made as well. If you find it difficult to adjust the clasp, or if you wish to make a new binding, it would be better to have the clasp put on by an expert, after you have finished the bag properly."

THE DISORDERED HOME

"Oh Marie, we girls have just been down to see some poor families and it does seem as though they could make themselves more comfortable if they would take a little more interest in making their homes attractive and comfortable without spending any money," was Marjorie's worry one morning as she came to pay her daily call upon Marie.

"You are right," agreed Marie. Sometimes women are not responsible for the big sorrows which invade the home, but it is within their power to make life wretched for others in innumerable little ways. You have probably been to a shiftless home where affairs are allowed to run themselves, just as if they could."

"Nothing is in its place, so that needed trifles must often be renewed because the ones on hand can never be found. There is no health in such a home, no repose, no dignity. Good housekeepers abominate bad ones and rarely put down the failings of the defective woman to inability in domestic matters. No excuses are made for the atrocious housekeeper who is besides a wife and mother, for it is a woman's business to know how to keep a home."

"The young daughters and sons of such establishments get a taste of better kept homes as they go about and soon become ashamed of their parents. If they grow up to its ways unconscious of its discomfort and inexperience, there must come a time when they will be reduced to the society of persons beneath them, as the saying is."

The effects of the disordered home life, too, follow the young people with their own marriage and home relations, and the partner who has been brought up in a better manner is the one who suffers and revolts. Disorder without encourages disorder with in and harmony externally encourages serenity of mind and heart."

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET

Stocks	Highest	Lowest	Close
Alb. Chalmers	325	315	321
Am. Beet Sugar	102	101	101.5
Am. Can Co.	112	109	110
Am. Car & Fin.	72	70	70.5
Am. Cot Oil	51	49	51.5
Am. Hide & L. Cont.	16.5	15.5	15.5
Am. Hide & L. pf.	72	70	70.5
Am. Locomo.	26.5	23	24.5
Am. Smelt & R.	112.5	111.5	112.5
Am. Steel & R. pf.	112.5	111.5	112.5
Am. Sugar Refn.	112	110	111
Anaconda	100	99.5	100
Ashchison	100	99.5	100
Aitchison	100	99.5	100
Aitchison pf.	100	99.5	100
Baldwin Locom.	85	83	85
Balt. & Ohio	87.5	87.5	87.5
Balt. & Ohio pf.	87.5	87.5	87.5
Balt. & Ohio RR	60	58	60
Bay St. L.	21.5	20	21.5
Cal. Pete	25	22	22
Cal. Pete pf.	25	22	22
Canadian Pac.	175	172	172.5
Cash I Pipe Com.	23.5	22.5	23.5
Cash I Pipe pf.	23.5	22.5	23.5
Cent. Lehigh pf.	67	67	67
Cent. Lehigh pf.	112	111	112
Cent. Lehigh pf.	112	111	112
Ches. & Ohio	67.5	67	67.5
Chi. & Gr. W. Com.	12	11.5	11.5
Chi. & Gr. W. pf.	11.5	11.5	11.5
Chi. & Gr. W. pf.	11.5	11.5	11.5
Chile	23.5	22.5	23
Chi. & Gr. W. pf.	23.5	22.5	23
Consol. Gas	145	142	145
Corn Products	15	15	15
Corn Products pf.	15	15	15
Crucible Steel	91	89.5	90
Dan. & Rio G.	21	21	21
Dan. & Rio G. pf.	16.5	16.5	16.5
Dan. & Rio G. pf.	16.5	16.5	16.5
Dan. & Rio G. pf.	16.5	16.5	16.5
Illinoian Co.	100	98	100
Illinoian Co.	100	98	100
Int. Met. Com.	12.5	12.5	12.5
Int. Met. Com. pf.	12.5	12.5	12.5
Int. Met. Marine	11.5	11.5	11.5
Int. Met. Marine	11.5	11.5	11.5
Int. Metal	11.5	11.5	11.5
Int. Metal	11.5	11.5	11.5
Int. Metal	11.5	11.5	11.5
Int. Metal	11.5	11.5	11.5
Kans. City So. pf.	62.5	62.5	62.5
Kans. City So. pf.	62.5	62.5	62.5
Kans. & Texas	7.5	7.5	7.5
Kans. & Texas	7.5	7.5	7.5
Lenth Valley	82	82	82.5
Maxwell	75	75	75
Maxwell 1st pf.	83.5	83.5	83.5
Maxwell 2nd pf.	83.5	83.5	83.5
Mexican Petroleum	100	98	100
Missouri Pa.	10	9.5	10
Nat. Lead	89.5	88.5	88.5
No. Am. Co.	70.5	70.5	70.5
No. Y. Air Brake	155	157.5	157.5
No. Y. Central	103	107.5	107.5
Non. & West	145	141	145
Orth. Pacific	12.5	11.5	11.5
Orth. & West	100	98	100
Pacific Mail	50.5	50.5	50.5
Pennsylvania	37.5	37.5	37.5
People's Gas	11.5	11.5	11.5
Pitts. Coal	41.5	40.5	40.5
Prescott Steel	68.5	68.5	68.5
Pulman Co.	165	165	165
Ry. St. L. Co.	84.5	84.5	84.5
Ry. St. L. Co.	84.5	84.5	84.5
Ry. St. L. Co.	84.5	84.5	84.5
Ry. St. L. Co.	84.5	84.5	84.5
Ry. St. L. Co.	84.5	84.5	84.5
Ry. St. L. Co.	84.5	84.5	84.5
Ry. St. L. Co.	84.5	84.5	84.5
Ry. St. L. Co.	84.5	84.5	84.5
Sloss-Sheffield	51	51	51
So. Pacific	101.5	101.5	101.5
Southern Ry.	28.5	28	28
Southern Ry. pf.	62	62	62
Studebaker	12.5	12.5	12.5
Tex. Copper	22	22	22
Texas Pac.	17.5	17.5	17.5
Third Ave.	53	52.5	52.5
Union Pacific	149.5	148.5	148.5
Union Pac. pf.	82.5	82.5	82.5
U.S. Ind. Alcohol	138.5	137	137
U.S. Ruth.	59.5	59.5	59.5
U.S. Ruth. pf.	115	112	112
U.S. Steel	124	124	124
U.S. Steel ss	106.5	106.5	106.5
U.S. Steel pf.	122	121.5	121.5
Utah Copper	112.5	113.5	112.5
Va. Coal	46	44.5	44.5
Western Union	102	101.5	101.5

HEAVY TONE IN BRIEF TRADING TODAY

TOTAL SALES ESTIMATED AT \$90, 000 SHARES—CLOSING WAS IR- REGULAR

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Pressure originating largely from professional sources and interests mainly against speculative stocks imparted a heavy tone to today's brief trading. Offerings were largely in excess of demand, with resultant depression in the general list. Central Leather made an extreme loss of 53.5 points and Mexican Petroleum yielded 3 with 1 to 2 points in numerous other industrials, equipments and so-called war shares. Standard rails and U. S. Steel also receded a point or more and motors were again subject to pronounced weakness. There were a few strong features, chiefly in the metal group, several of which, including Utah Copper, attained new high records. Variable and in some instances substantial rallies occurred in the later dealings. The closing was irregular. Total sales were estimated at \$80,000 shares. Bonds were lower.

MONEY MARKET

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Merchandise rates, 3 1/2-4%. Sterling: Sixty day bills, 171.5-172%; commercial 60-day bills, 171.5-172%; 120-day bills, 171.5-172%; 180-day bills, 171.5-172%; 240-day bills, 171.5-172%; 300-day bills, 171.5-172%; 360-day bills, 171.5-172%; 420-day bills, 171.5-172%; 480-day bills, 171.5-172%; 540-day bills, 171.5-172%; 600-day bills, 171.5-172%; 660-day bills, 171.5-172%; 720-day bills, 171.5-172%; 780-day bills, 171.5-172%; 840-day bills, 171.5-172%; 900-day bills, 171.5-172%; 960-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1020-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1080-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1140-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1200-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1260-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1320-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1380-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1440-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1500-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1560-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1620-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1680-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1740-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1800-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1860-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1920-day bills, 171.5-172%; 1980-day bills, 171.5-172%; 2040-day bills, 171.5-172%; 2100-day bills, 171.5-172

SEVERAL LEAGUE GAMES ROLLED LAST NIGHT

The Riversides and the Macks were the winners in their matches in the L-O-S Miserables league last evening, the former taking four points and the latter three. The Royal Campers and the Ottawas staged a close contest in the Centralvalley Minor league, the Splendie City allies, Two Cartridge Co., teams met on Boyd's affairs, and one game was played in the Lawrence league.

The scores:

WAESHAKUM CAMPERS

	1	2	3	Totals
King	54	52	58	164
Gibbs	55	57	52	164
Gibbs	56	59	54	170
Preston	56	58	52	166
T. Clark	49	55	51	155
Totals	452	464	454	1369

MACK'S

	1	2	3	Totals
B. McMahon	102	93	86	281
W. Bheault	89	83	92	264
J. McCluskey	88	87	85	260
John McMahon	107	86	95	288
N. Choquette	97	88	102	287
Totals	452	437	454	1343

SIRT FOLD

	1	2	3	Totals
Colhoun	86	62	60	211
Bussier	82	55	77	214
Davis	94	82	81	255
Cholette	85	82	81	248
Vezina	108	91	91	291
Totals	452	433	426	1311

HOSE FINISH

	1	2	3	Totals
Geoffrey	39	102	97	238
Kirstrand	78	21	89	241
Martin	86	103	95	284
Sub.	52	82	77	211
Aldrey	57	88	99	245
Totals	432	468	429	1337

ELECTRICAL DEPT.

	1	2	3	Totals
Linehan	52	53	24	130
Kane	57	52	57	162
Dwyer	81	52	114	245
McElroy	65	52	108	225
McMurry	80	103	101	284
Totals	418	414	414	1346

COMMERCIAL

	1	2	3	Totals
McCabe	93	88	58	239
Owen	82	82	86	250
McGowen	115	107	76	298
Clegg	113	84	96	294
McGaughey	87	102	107	295
Totals	455	484	414	1356

WOODBINE'S

	1	2	3	Totals
A. Kenneck	80	80	72	232
C. Kenneck	88	88	54	230
J. Jodoin	76	82	87	245
M. Sullivan	82	85	79	246
Al. Chapelle	78	83	89	253
Totals	424	423	421	1268

RIVERSIDE

	1	2	3	Totals
M. Kelley	91	87	110	288
P. Kossak	89	87	73	249
F. Wood	101	96	110	307
P. Kelley	77	100	86	243
T. Irish	99	99	105	303
Totals	458	469	492	1429

ROYAL CAMPERS

	1	2	3	Totals
Bourgeois	108	98	94	299
Sturm	75	89	82	246
Dozois	90	73	76	222
Harnois	84	73	85	243
Lemay	80	119	80	279
Totals	427	414	417	1288

OTTAWAS

	1	2	3	Totals
Griffith	80	92	88	260
Thomas	77	87	76	240
Taylor	83	79	72	230
Lynch	80	91	82	253
Barker	103	96	99	298
Totals	425	413	421	1292

MITCHELL BOYS WON

The Mill Brook school football team of Concord was defeated by the Mitchell Military Boys' school strong eleven at Belterica yesterday afternoon by a score of 34 to 12. Cragin scored two touchdowns and Northrop two. The summary:

MITCHELL

MILL BROOK
Matheson, Whidden le
J. Oiano, Brown It
McKinnon lg
rg Whidden lg
Carlton C.
H. Oiano rg
Kennard rg
Mitchell rg
Emery qb
Cragin, Babbs
Northrop qb
Dodge lg

Touchdowns: Cragin 2, Northrop 2, Jones, Coddige, Goals from touch- downs: Northrop, Peifer, Mc- kenzie, Johnson, Lissenden, Hall, and Blanchard. Timer: Leslie. Time: Four 10-minute periods.

THE NEW YORK BOXING BOARD TO STAY

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—With the re-election of Gov. Whitman, two members of the boxing commission are reasonably sure of retention of office. Chairman Fred Wenck's appointment holds for two years and Frank Dwyer's term does not expire for a year. John Franey will step out of office next January unless reappointed.

On the appointment of a successor to Franey hangs the question of the resumption of the present rule prohibiting decisions by official referees. Dwyer and Franey have been strongly opposed to decisions, while Wenck has been in favor of them. If a new member of the board is named who is not averse to decisions the rule may be changed.

Had Gov. Whitman been defeated the boxing commission stood a fair chance of abolition, or at least removal in favor of other men, but as the case stands the present commission and policy will be in force for some time to come.

CINE MUST EXPIRE

"Tribal Fists," Cine will be asked to offer plainer expediency to the boxing commission next Monday for his cancellation of his engagement to box Joe Welling at the Manhattan S.C. Cine signed the articles for the bout, and then served notice on Charlie Johnson, manager of the club, that he could not go on owing to an injured hand. When Johnston learned that Cine was quickly making arrangements to box Al Welling within a few days he induced him to cancel his contract with the commission.

While Jackson will be on the carpet at the same time to cause his falling to appear at the Hasty Pot Club and less according to agreement. Not only rats but the club officials were shocked when with the unprecedented offense of starting an amateuristic scrap outside the club where there was not the slightest chance for gate receipts. For this heinous offense the club officials insist that Jackson be severely punished.

World Stop Bob Mohr

Poltok came to the commission office and leveled hotly against Bob Mohr's clashings with Billie. Mohr is at the Broadway S.C. next Tuesday. Poltak alleged that there is an

open date at the garden within ten days and that the Mohr-Weinert bout must take place there before Mohr boxes elsewhere.

Poltok seemed to be apprehensive that Mike must miss up Mohr so that the "Cave Man" would be unpredictable in polite society. On the occasion of his meeting with Weinert, Poltak called attention to the fact that the boxing match can be held in the garden if the receiver must first lease the arena to a new corporation which in turn must apply for a new license to hold bouts. Therefore the commissioners will not interfere with the Mohr bout.

By way of convincing the public that he is not afraid to meet Freddie Welsh in the ring, John Kilbane, through his manager, posted a check for \$500 to a Cleveland newspaper. Kilbane says the check is posted as a guarantee of good faith for a match with Welsh. However, it is not a question of good faith but one of weight. Kilbane demands 125 ring-side by Welsh, and the latter declares he will not make less than \$35 at 2 p.m. Kilbane might post a check for \$50,000 as a guarantee of good faith, but if the man cannot agree on weight there is no chance for a match.

TEXTILE GAME HALTED BY DARKNESS

The Lowell Textile school football team won its second game of the week on the Textile campus yesterday afternoon by defeating the Huntington Preparatory school of Boston. The score was 9 to 6. Capt. Barry's return to the game after an absence of four weeks strengthened the local team considerably. He kicked a goal from placement on Huntington's 55-yard line about two minutes after the start of the game. As each team made a touchdown afterward the goal proved the winning margin for Textile.

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WILSON ASKS ALL TO FORGET DIFFERENCES

WILLIAMSTOWN, Nov. 11.—"Now that the campaign is over we may all address ourselves to the welfare of the nation without thought of partisan feeling," declared President Wilson in his first public speech since the national electric delivery before a delegation of Williamstown residents and Williams college students who greeted him here late yesterday.

The president was welcomed by the students and townpeople after the christening of Cleator Axson Sayre, the second child of his daughter, Mrs. Francis B. Sayre, and for whom he stood as godfather.

Unit For Common Service

In a speech last night before several thousand persons who came from nearby towns to congratulate him on his re-election, President Wilson said: "I want to say that now the campaign is over we must think of only one thing, and that is not of parties, but of the interest of the great country we all love. Let us forget all our differences and unite for common service. Only in that way can we work for the great nation that has given us liberty and peace."

Came to Forget Politics

Soon after his arrival at the home of his son-in-law, assistant to the president of Williams college, the delegation headed by President H. A. Garfield of the college, and Samuel P. Blagden, chairman of the Williamstown common council, marched to the Sayre home. The president spoke from the porch of the house, and was cheered enthusiastically by the students.

"I came here to forget the field of politics and for a brief rest. I came simply to visit my daughter and to attend a simple ceremony here today," he said. "Now that the campaign is over, we may all address ourselves to the welfare of the nation without thought of partisan feeling."

Defends Politics

The president referred to his service as chief executive of Princeton university, saying he knew from experience there was politics even in the running of a college.

"Politics," he continued, "is after all a means of getting something done, of putting forward ideas. It is a fight, but the man who does not love the fight has no red blood in his veins."

Mr. Wilson told a story of a man

having a vision in which he was offered a horn and a sword, and chose the horn. Immediately the vision vanished and the man was cursed for taking the horn before the sword. He told the story to illustrate the necessity for fighting.

Speeches Full of Wisdom

Mr. Garfield, a son of President Garfield, declared the president's words during the campaign had been "full of wisdom and light." He added: "We wish you Godspeed in your great work."

When the president arrived here this afternoon he found a stack of telegram three feet high congratulating him on his re-election. They came from cabinet members, senators, representatives, government officials and leading democrats. He will reply to none of them until his return to Washington, since no stenographer accompanied him.

Soon after his arrival with Mrs. Wilson, Miss Margaret Wilson and Miss Helen Woodrow Bones, his cousin, the president went to St. John's Protestant Episcopal church to attend the christening.

Baby Cries Continuously

The family party rode the few blocks to the church in an automobile. The baby cried continuously. Inside the church only a few intimate friends of Mrs. Sayre witnessed the ceremony. As one of the godfathers of the baby, President Wilson promised in the name of the child to "renounce the devil and all his works." The other godfather was the Rev. James M. Sayre, brother of Francis B. Sayre, the godmothers were Miss Margaret Wilson, Mrs. W. G. McAdoo, her sister; Miss Blanche Neylin, aunt of Mr. Sayre, and Mrs. R. H. Sayre, mother of Mr. Sayre.

The family party stood about the baptismal font as the Rev. J. A. F. Carter, rector of the church, read the service. Afterwards the president paid a call on President Garfield.

To Washington Tonight

Last night the family had dinner together at the Sayre home. The president will remain here until 5:30 o'clock this afternoon and then will return to Washington, where he is due to arrive Sunday night.

On his way here the president was cheered by crowds at Troy and several other towns in New York and Massachusetts.

THE SPELLBINDER

Even the Courier-Citizen reluctantly and not any too gracefully has at last admitted that President Wilson has been re-elected and there can be no further doubt. After The Sun had shown that he was elected in its last issue Wednesday evening, the Courier-Citizen with its screen and stereopticon gave a picturesque illustration of the traditional drowning man and the straw, and it clung to it until late Thursday night when the straw broke upon the announcement by The Associated Press that Wilson had carried California. Like Jim Hackley, the County Chairman or old Jethro Bass, the Courier-Citizen claimed everything until the final returns were in and then figuratively cried: "Fraud!" After the very editorials which our faithful but misguided neighbor has sent forth for the past month he is now entitled to a free sail along the lonesome waters of Salt river with a fine dish of crow upon reaching his destination. It was really a shame to be obliged to pull in those flags which were launched from every window of the Courier-Citizen building on Tuesday evening when the New York Times conceded Hughes' election. The Associated Press would not concede it, but the Courier-Citizen in its intense anxiety to have Hughes win, took the word of a New York stranger before that of its own press service and set out its trappings of victory only to be obliged to furl them again 24 hours later. It was a hard fight to lose, brother, but cheer up, you still have the Kaiser to wallop.

Municipal Campaign

At 5 o'clock this afternoon the time for filing nomination papers by candidates for municipal council and school board will expire. At this writing two of the school board had filed their papers, though it was not expected that there would be any rush to file them before the closing hour. Each nomination paper requires 25 signatures approved by the registrars of voters though all papers contain some 50 names, to provide for any that may not pass the inspection of the registrar. There are two commissioners to be elected and three members of the school board. Commissioners Duncan and Putnam will be candidates for re-election. Report on the street yesterday had it that Dr. Lambert would not file papers while another report stated that Herford Elliott will not be a candidate for re-election.

The primaries will be held on Tuesday, Nov. 21, 10 days hence and thus the several candidates will be on the jump from this time out. It is understood that there will be considerable speech-making before the primaries, particularly if this weather holds out, and it is supposed that

the Municipal Committee will be placed at the door of the few men who call themselves the democratic city committee. There were automobiles enough to carry every democratic voter to the polls if properly handled, but they were not and as a result hundreds of democrats were unable to vote, or if they were able to do so because they were not sent out. Already a movement is afoot to reorganize the democratic city committee and the attorney-general and chairman of the democratic state committee have appealed to, for their advice and assistance. The law states that the city committees shall organize in January, but those who profess to know claim that there has not been a regularly organized democratic city committee in Lowell since 1912. The

those on the outside will direct their attacks principally at the two men now in office, though there is not the slightest doubt that before it is over some of those on the outside will be getting after each other.

Choice for a Bargain

The democrats who are going to celebrate this evening might strike a good bargain by applying at the Courier-Citizen office where there is on hand a choice lot of red fire and flags, which is of no further use to its present owners and which they might be willing to sell at a sacrifice. Only a small portion of the original lot has been used for shortly after the New York Times announced the election of Hughes and the first sticks of red fire were lighted other announcements came over the wire which caused a permanent suspension of the Courier-Citizen's pyrotechnic display.

Sparks the Come-Back Man

A former chairman of the republican city committee, discussing the senatorial election, said yesterday: "We had it figured out that Colburn would win by at least 15,000 and when the returns came in showing the great vote received by John T. Sparks we were astonished. The fact that he would poll such a vote after being out of politics for over a decade shows that he has lost none of his vote-getting ability and that he will be a dangerous candidate next year if he runs again." And if the democrats had had an organization such as the republicans had working at the polling places on election day Sparks would have received many more votes than he received as it was.

Hoor Calls Around

Roger Sherman Roar was in town yesterday and called at The Sun office to pay his compliments to the editor. He proposes to convince the public of Lowell by means of affidavits from the proper parties that certain statements concerning him attributed to Congressman Rogers were misleading. "I'm going to convince Congressman Rogers also," said Mr. Dean, "that I own that farm. I'm going to invite him down to it some day and show him all over it. Then I'll give him a spade and allow him to take some of the land home with him."

The Different Count

One frequently heard during the anxious moments pending the announcement of the belated returns, the statements: "What's the matter with those people in the west, don't they know how to count? How is it that our returns and those of New York are all in the same night while it takes them three days to get in their count?" Those who made such statements fail to realize that the official votes of Massachusetts and of New York have not been announced yet as they have not been counted up by the secretary of state and his assistants. In states where there is no question as to the identity of the winning candidates, like Massachusetts, New York, Ohio and the others, the first or unofficial count figures up by the party organizations and the press from the returns from the different cities and towns is accepted on its face, but in all states where the contest is close and the result in doubt, nothing is accepted until the official count from the office of the secretary of state is given out. The count that we have been waiting for all week from California and the other states in the official count of the secretary of state.

THE SPELLBINDER

Many invited friends of Rogers Hall gathered last evening with the pupils and faculty and enjoyed two delightful hours in listening to an author's reading by Charles Egan Kennedy, the noted playright. With the unmistakable touch of genius he held the attention of his audience from first to last and with all the arts of intonation, facial expression and subtle shadings brought home to them the pathos of tragedy or humor of the scene he depicted. There was no painted scenery or other distraction to interfere with the central theme, and when the author-reader gave the lines of "The Servant in the House" or "The Terrible Meek," he was master of every mood of his audience.

The first reading was from the New Testament, the story of the blind man appealing for aid to Christ; the story of Christ writing in the sand and the mystery of Lazarus. The postscript of the Bible was brought home to the audience in the rhythmic measures of the verse, and the dramatic possibilities of the text were obvious.

From "The Servant in the House," Mr. Kennedy read the first and part of the second act, and when he turned something else there was a feeling of regret. His "Terrible Meek," more than atoned for this in its gripping, stark realism, the allegory of rapid transit development may be executed in the interest of this entire community.

I favor the granting of authority to include areas of transfer points in the interest of public safety and convenience. I favor the abolition of the eight-cent check, as something that will give relief to the company without giving anyone reasonable ground for complaint.

I advocate public ownership by the state of the Cambridge subway and the making of a lease to the Elevated as a rental sufficient to reimburse the state. I recommend careful consideration of the company's suggestion that it be permitted to charge depreciation temporarily against premiums and that this remedy be adopted providing the commission believes that it can be applied without injury to the moral and material interests of the state."

The mayor stated that he would prefer to see a reduction in taxes rather than a reduction in fares if such legislation provided that the city could raise its tax rate to meet the deficiency. He estimated that the company lost \$1,000,000 a year through the improper use of transfers.

Major Rockwood of Cambridge asked for more time to consider matters affecting the city. He favored a recommendation that the city of Cambridge be given an opportunity to purchase the subway. I, for the state, decided to take it over. Lieutenant-Governor Conliffe asked that a hearing be assigned the citizens of Cambridge on Nov. 25.

Charles W. Morse Plans Passenger Line to Compete with the Metropolitan Steamers

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—According to reports in local shipping circles, a new passenger steamer line, under the direction of Charles W. Morse, will be inaugurated next spring between Boston and New York in competition with the present Metropolitan line.

Morse has secured control of the steamers Narragansett and Manhattan,

which were built in 1913 for the Grand Trunk railway to run between Prov-

idence and New York in opposition to the New Haven lines. The service was never commenced, and the two vessels lay idle at New London since they were built. They cost \$750,000. It is thought that Morse paid a million apiece for them if he purchased them, or that if chartered he will have to pay an immense sum for the use of the steamers.

Both vessels have well appointed passenger accommodations and spacious holds for freight. The new line, it is said, will use the Cape Cod canal and make daily trips in both directions.

REPORT OF BIRTHS

OCT.—To Mr. and Mrs. Edward P. Collins

of 108 Andrews st., a daughter.

21—To Mr. and Mrs. Albert Lis of 33

Wilmot st., a daughter.

24—To Mr. and Mrs. Michael Dzallow

of 33 Davidson st., a son.

26—To Mr. and Mrs. David Eller of 154

Chelmsford st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Sandler

of 112 Chelmsford st., a son.

27—To Mr. and Mrs. George W. Mason

of 22 Bassett st., a son.

28—To Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Manakou

polous of 94 Jefferson st., a son.

30—To Mr. and Mrs. Win. A. Gorow of

76 Union st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Peter Bajensky of

41 Colgate st., a son.

Nov.—To Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Orcutt of

101 Foster st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Thomas St. Pierre

of 145 Perkins st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Hormidas Dukachis

of 33 Moody st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Clarence M. Thurs

of 23 Lowell st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Augusta C. Abren

of 154 Thiden st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. George Sabatashki

of 633 Market st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Donald Noel of 152

Hull st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lafontaine of 14 Donault pl., a son.

21—To Mr. and Mrs. Felix England of

111 Perkins st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred Clement

of 5 Curran's Alley, a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. James Drinan of

57 Fenwick st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Cott of 111

Alcott st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph K. Holl

sworth of 136 Jewett st., a son.

3—To Mr. and Mrs. Edward O'Toole

of 10 Dalton pl., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. John Callahan

of 15 Grand st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Peter Kanbas of

18 Conlige st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. John Casey of 7

Westford st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Norman W. Bayra

of 131 Albion st., a son.

4—To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Crosby of

10 Wood's st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Costas Claph of

58 Merrimack st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Athanasios Alex of

35 Market st., a son.

5—To Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Simpson of

1 Chambers st., a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. James Ryan of 151

Cushing st., a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

THE DEMOCRATIC VICTORY

The republicans are holding out against hope that they can find some ground for claiming the election of Mr. Hughes or for contesting the election of President Wilson. They are waiting for official and certified returns. That is all right. Nobody wants to deprive Mr. Hughes of what belongs to him in this election.

There are some intimations of fraud, especially at Los Angeles, Cal., but if any fraud has been attempted, we venture to say it was in an effort to turn the tide in favor of Mr. Hughes. In the case mentioned it is reported that returns from outlying districts were received with seals broken and in face of a general trend to Wilson, these particular precincts gave big pluralities for Hughes.

The election is now secure for Wilson beyond any possible chance that can come from recounts or legal contests. It is a great victory for the sovereign people as opposed to the "Old Guard" of the republican party, Wall Street and the predatory interests. The popular verdict sounds the death knell of the republican party except it reorganizes on new and progressive lines, drops the tariff bogey and the idea of having Wall Street control the credit and the currency of the nation.

Never perhaps in the history of this nation was the defeat of a presidential candidate sought by such a motley, selfish and unpatriotic combination as that which opposed the election of Wilson and fought by every means in its power to elect Mr. Hughes. The fact that these elements carried all the large states and New England shows how well they had planned the capture of the states which as they believed controlled the election.

Not in any election for the past twenty-four years has there been so much cause for rejoicing as there is at the present moment in seeing the disloyal elements that backed Mr. Hughes buried in irreconcileable defeat. In saying this it is only just to state that seldom, if ever, has a democratic candidate for the presidency received such liberal support from fair minded republicans as did President Wilson. The better element of the republican party supported Wilson; the worst element of the democratic party furnished the most vociferous shouters for Mr. Hughes.

The republican leaders have seen the power of the people asserted in a manner that upset all their calculations. They are bitterly disappointed of course, but it is a glorious victory for progressive democracy, for patriotism and the kind of Americanism that can be relied upon to defend the nation whenever it is in danger.

ELECTORAL AND POPULAR VOTE

Well, it wasn't such a neck and neck race after all. President Wilson has a safe and clear majority of the electoral college, and hence the republican talk about recounts and other things will avail them nothing. Wilson has carried thirty or thirty-one states, leaving Mr. Hughes with seventeen or eighteen. That does not seem so very close. He will not be a minority president by any means as on the face of the returns he has a substantial majority of the popular vote which will be swelled still more by the belated reports.

The cumbersome machinery of the electoral college has on more than one occasion defeated the will of the people. In 1824 General Jackson received 50,551 more votes than John Quincy Adams who was elected. Again in 1876, Mr. Tilden received 250,935 more votes than did Mr. Hayes who became president through means not entirely honorable. In 1888 Mr. Cleveland received 98,017 more votes than Mr. Harrison who was inaugurated. If Mr. Bryan in 1896 had received 30,000 more votes in close states, he would have defeated McKinley who had a plurality of more than 600,000 of the popular vote.

The time may come when the people will demand the abolition of the electoral college on the ground that it defeats the will of the people. It is said to have its advantages in guarding against the choice of any man who is wholly unfit.

THE BOSTON DISASTER

That terrible accident in Boston on Tuesday night resulted from the failure of signal lights to appear or else to the failure of the motorman of the car to take due notice of them. As a result 47 lives were lost. There will be investigations of course that will result in nothing except to show that the precautions against accident were inadequate.

It has been customary for electric cars to stop on reaching railroad crossings and surely a drawbridge should be considered fully as dangerous as a crossing, especially at night. In the case in question a motorman drove a heavily laden car into an open draw landing car and passengers in the river with the result that 47 were drowned.

The railroad company and the state or municipal authorities are to blame. Signal lights are always more or less uncertain. They are liable to be extinguished by various causes and then —what? Why such an accident as that which shocked the city of Boston Tuesday night?

In some cases it requires such an accident to force the parties responsible to adopt proper safeguards. It required a Titanic disaster to induce the steamship companies to carry a sufficiency of life-saving apparatus and to adopt the rule of "Safety First." Such, unfortunately, is the presumption of safety, good luck, or whatever it may be called, that some people and some companies take the most desperate chances for lack of positive safeguards against the worst possibilities of disaster. In such cases the authorities should be held responsible. There should be no scapegoats.

THE WORST YET

One of the most desperate projects that Germany has yet attempted is the carrying off of young men and old from Belgium, it is alleged, for military service in her various armies. One can easily imagine what will happen to the Belgians who are drafted into the German army. They will be placed in the forefront of the battle and if they do not show a willingness

CUBAN ELECTION

The republic of Cuba has had election which passed off quietly in a manner quite similar to our own. President Menocal sought re-election and at first it was announced that his opponent, Dr. Zayas, was elected; but the later returns as in our own case show that the present incumbent has been re-elected. This is considered fortunate for the Cubans as the administration of President Menocal has been highly satisfactory while the elements represented by the other candidate appear rather turbulent in character. Cuba is to be congratulated on the result and on her prosperity during the past few years.

TREND IN MASSACHUSETTS

If Governor McCall's plurality of 41,000 indicates the normal republican vote of this state then there was quite a defection on the candidacy of Mr. Hughes whose plurality was but 21,000. Mr. Lodge, too, got considerable of a shading of his plurality was about 32,000. Four years hence, Massachusetts will probably follow New Hampshire into the democratic column.

LOWELL STRONGLY DEMOCRATIC

The democrats of Lowell are to be congratulated on their work for the party ticket on election day. The result was good and yet by attention to organization it might have been better. The city is strongly democratic but its forces are unorganized. We should have a city committee of strong workers to back up the party candidates in every contest.

THE SUBMARINE WARFARE

Germany is unwilling to submit to the demands of Norway that her submarines shall not traverse Norwegian waters unless they appear on the surface dyed their national colors. A similar order might be issued by this country in order to safeguard vessels within the three mile limit. Our own submarine controversy with Germany is becoming quite acute.

Japan apparently has no desire for the South Sea Islands as she has willingly agreed not to seek possession of them at the termination of the European war.

MILLIONS USE IT TO STOP A COLD

"Pape's Cold Compound" ends severe colds or gripe in few hours.

Relief comes instantly. A dose taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end grippe misery and break up a severe cold either in the head, chest, body or limbs.

It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages in the head, stops nasty discharge or nose running, relieves sick headache, dullness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay snuffed-up! Quit blowing and sniffling! Ease your throbbing head! Nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only 25 cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, causes no inconvenience. Be sure you get the genuine.

The Old Town Crier

In the good old days there used to be a town crier in the New England towns. But these criers went and nothing came to take their place, unless we except the newspapers, of course, until the installation of the fire alarms. Those took the place of the crier when they were first invented. Then came one of having it take the place of the crier in notifying the school children when there should be no school, and it was so done, the plan working so well that it still exists. Then the test signal was instituted to give the people chance to set their watches once or twice a day, and it took the place of the town crier in announcing the time. And again, the town crier office was again invaded, when it was decided to use the alarm to call the militia, and of more recent date it was invaded again by having the signal sounded on the alarm system to notify the arrival home of the soldier boys. In some of these towns last summer arrangements were made for having the signal sounded on the fire alarm in case there should be no picnics where the picnics were of enough importance to warrant this. Yes, the town crier has gone, but the fire alarm system bids fair to take his place, more and more, as long as the system is in use for the people and the use of it for these purposes do not interfere with the use for

the Old Town Crier.

First, I wish I had a million cats, an sister wishes, too;

Us has had these cats quite a while,

and they're good as new!

And far as when they first came,

I'd had a million we-

would give them milkman's milk till

they were fat as they could be,

And we would train them 'till they

would go with us everywhere—

A million—with a million tails stuck

right up in the air!

These ain't they! Now ain't they fat?

Art ain't they long an' wide?

But 'cause us someone's comin' an' us

gotta go an' hide.

—Judd Mortimer Lewis.

Seen and Heard

All of us would do great things if we knew how.

The plainest woman of our acquaintance is the dearest woman we know.

Epigrams of Success

I had hoped to give many of the St. Louis hardware king, Mr. E. C. Simon's business epigrams and mottoes, since they throw light on his successful methods. There is space for only a few.

"Punctuality is the essence of all good business."

"The difference between failure and success is doing a thing nearly right and doing it exactly right."

"Concentration means strength. Scatteration means weakness. Having chosen one line of work or business, stick to it."

"Spend 15 minutes every night recounting your day's doings and planning to do better next morning."

"Always put yourself in your customer's place."

"Character is the decisive force of business."

"I am a great believer in the business philosophy of encouragement."

"Settle claims promptly. The merchant who does not permit himself to be imposed upon occasionally will never get far."

"If any of your men, or any customer, gets into a hole, always leave him a loophole to get out easy."

"Quality of goods, confidence in your ability and readiness to adapt yourself to them are some of the essentials to business success." —B. C. Forbes in Leslie's.

Jokes on the War

Is it true that we have all grown callous about the horrors of war? When it first broke out, everybody was trying to fix the responsibility and the news was followed with intense interest. The slayings of the Marne and the Meuse and the Russian marshals made people turn pale and every hint of mediation for peace fell on sympathetic ears. Now, few talk about the war and readers for the most part scan over the headlines. There are no comments on stories of battles in which men fall by the hundreds of thousands. Has the war become a bore in which America shows little or no interest?

Be that as it may, we have not become so wholly indifferent that wanton jokes on the war are taken lightly by all. From time to time some stale comedian with a distorted sense of what is funny and what isn't springs some cheap joke about the terrible things in the old world, and for the time being many laugh. Here's up to date, they think, little do they realize the reality—the desolate homes, the wasted towns and cities, the bereavement and carnage, and starvation. The thunderous thunders and the rain of red hot metal before which the decent men in all the world melt and twist and dissolve like October leaves in a blinding, away with the war joke! There is nothing funny about it.

My mamma says that probably nobody wants them much. She says there is so many cats nobody cares for such;

But we tell us care for cats, at leastways for those two.

Us don't think no one cares for cats as

For these is special kinds of cats, and

they can almost sing.

And they've got whiskers and a tail

and legs and everything!

Our mamma says that maybe someone had these cats, and they

Did not want these, and took them in a bag and carried away.

And put them in our yard; and my

mamma says that she here.

Would like to have my father catch

them don't that, they'd see!

And she seems kind of fuzzy, but the

cats don't seem to mind.

And uses thinks who've left them here.

And the cats both is fat and goes with us' nest everywhere.

And both their tails sticks straight up from them into the air.

By that I do not intend to convey

that I and the other directors with me are not willing to heed

any recommendation of to do our

the school committee.

First of all, I feel rather honored by

that visit of the entire board, because

it indicates that some interest is shown

in the Greek parochial school.

As the president of the Greek community, under the direct control of the Greek Orthodox church, I think it is my duty to make certain remarks as to the statements given by the school committee.

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SUN & REAL ESTATE AND BUILDERS' PAGE

BIG GARAGE PLANNED FOR MOODY STREET

The large tract of land in the rear of the Majestic building and bounded by Tilson, Colburn and Moody streets, owned by Maurice Brownstein of Boston, has been sold to Stephen Rochette, George Rochette and John E. Martin who have formed a company and are now making plans for the erection of a modern automobile garage.

The building which will be of steel and concrete will be two stories high and will be so constructed that later if necessary a third story can be added. The street door will be used as an exhibition room and workshop, while the second story will be used as a storage. Work on the new garage, which by the way, will be the largest in the city, will not be started until February, and it is expected the building will be ready for occupancy in July. The cost of the garage will be about \$20,000.

SAYS N. E. MILL MEN ARE BUNGLES

HEAD OF N. E. TRADE PRESS ASSO. WARNS MANUFACTURERS AGAINST FOREIGN ATTITUDE

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—William H. Lough, president of the New England Trade Press association, speaking last night at their dinner in the Hotel Avery, declared that South American and European merchants look upon the New England manufacturer as a hopeless bumbler with his business methods. He urged immediate action to correct the impression and urged the trade papers to aid manufacturers in a fight to retain South American business gained by present war conditions.

"New England, along with the rest of the Atlantic seaboard, is already one of the world's great centers of manufacturing for international markets," he said. "It may in the course of a few years become also again one of the world's greatest centers of shipping and foreign commerce."

"It is a fact essential to New England's prosperity that this prophecy be realized. You are gradually—and inevitably—losing your domination over the processes of manufacturing within the United States. The central west and the south are meeting you in direct competition, with many advantages behind them."

"Where can your energies and your capital find an easier outlet than in the great foreign markets which have been thrown open—which are indeed clamoring for the products of the American factories?"

"It is a shock to find that our business methods are looked upon as hopelessly crude and bumbling. It is time we stopped putting ourselves on the back and began to give a little more serious thought to the question: 'How can we cultivate closer and more profitable business relations with foreign countries?'

"Before the European war England and Germany were easily the dominant traders in most of the large competitive markets. These countries enjoyed vast advantages as compared with the United States."

"We should not overlook the fact, however, that long before the European war the United States was showing steady gains year after year in their export of manufactured goods. American shoes, typewriters, cash registers, safes and slates, automobiles, watches, textiles, machinery, sewing machines, oil and steel have already been introduced into every market of the world."

CHARGES AMERICANS OF BEING MONEY MAD

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—Dr. Hugh Cabot, chief of the Harvard Surgical Unit, in France, who is in this country on leave of absence, in an address before the Master Builders' association yesterday afternoon severely criticized the American people for not taking a definite stand in the European war, and charged them with being "money mad."

"One of the objects of my return to this country was to get the American point of view of the situation," he declared. "I think I have got it, and it makes me feel as if I had typhoid fever."

"American people are drunk with prosperity. Drunk with pretty work. Everyone has been making money and all are satisfied, but there is going to be a lot of fellows as cross as the devil when this industrial stamp comes."

"There are great many people in this country who think the Lord has changed his residence to Washington. I heard one man say, the other day, he had made so much money during the past year that he didn't care a rap."

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

who the next president was. This seems to be the way the American people view the situation today. Everybody is driving a devil's wagon and in the farming districts they have one for the wife and another for the boys.

The American people are in a shocking indiscretions condition to cope with the industrial revolution which is sure to come after the war. If we continue until the end of the war, as we stand today on the top of the picket fence shifting our position when the pickets become too sharp, we can expect nothing different from England than that of debtor and creditor.

Carranza is looking at us thinking that we are scared just as the bandits down in Mexico look at us and know we are scared.

If we don't change our policies before long, I think we will be in for a racket some day, without friends, and I don't want to be abroad when that comes."

OFFERS 10 PER CENT INCREASE TO 35,000

FALL RIVER, Nov. 11.—A general advance in wages of 10 per cent for textile mill operatives was offered last night by the Cotton Manufacturers' association, to go into effect Dec. 4 and continue for six months. This was in answer to the demand of the textile council, on behalf of the operators, for an advance of 10 per cent to go into effect Nov. 6 last.

In reply to the offer, the full textile council voted that special general meetings of all unions be held next Wednesday night to either accept or reject the proposition.

MAJOR IS PROBING THE EFFIGY HANGING

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—Members of A Troop (National Guards), First Squadron of Cavalry, M. N. G., who are alleged to have hanged Captain John Kenney in effigy at Fort Bliss, El Paso, 10 days before starting back home, will be tried at a summary court-martial, according to a statement made yesterday by Major Charles A. Schmitz, commander of the battalion.

Major Schmitz said that he is now engaged in a thorough investigation of the act and that he has secured considerable incriminating evidence against several members of A Troop.

"I am simply getting evidence, that seems very incriminating of the names of several men who had connection with the incident, and you are at liberty to say that they will probably be court-martialed."

LINEN CARMANIA SALES

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—The 19,524-ton General Linen Carmania, commanded by the British government at the beginning of the war and armed as an auxiliary cruiser has been restored to the New York-Liverpool service and sailed on Nov. 3 for this port, according to an announcement made here today by the line.

"There are great many people in this country who think the Lord has changed his residence to Washington. I heard one man say, the other day, he had made so much money during the past year that he didn't care a rap."

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

COMMONSENSE TELLS

you when your stomach, liver, bowels or blood are out of order. Obey Nature's warnings. A sour stomach, indigestion, nausea, loss of appetite, dull eyes, sick headache, biliousness, constipation, muddy complexion, restless sleep and unstrung nerves are unmistakable signs that you should heed, for they plainly tell you

WHEN TO USE

Beecham's Pills. This famous remedy will quickly work a change for the better. A dose or two make all the difference. Use them confidently, for they always benefit and never harm. They contain no injurious drug, but act mildly, surely and naturally, without causing discomfort.

Use them when the stomach calls for help, when the liver is out of order, or the bowels need regulating. These important organs are greatly relieved, helped and strengthened by the commonsense use of that world-famed remedy

BEECHAM'S PILLS

"The Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World"

At All Druggists, 10c., 25c.

Directions of special value to women are with every box

CARRANZA FORCES MOVE BIG PLOT TO CUT OFF BANDITS

CHIHUAHUA CITY, Mex., Nov. 11.—try trenches while within three strong earthen redoubts are being built. These redoubts hold 200 men each and are provided with artillery. Santa Rosa, the hill dominating the approach to the city, is fortified and armed with seven large caliber guns.

Gen. Gonzales Cuellar, a classmate of Gen. Trevino at the Chapultepec Military academy and in charge of the fortifications, commands 3000 men, mostly veterans of the siege of El Paso, which held out 72 days against a Villista force double its size.

Gen. Trevino states he has plenty of ammunition for present uses, including shells for the artillery, which is commanded by Col. Sanchez. His cavalry force of 4000 men is equipped with machine guns and is held here ready to take the field at the first warning. There is also a machine gun to each infantry battalion of 300 men.

Military authorities here state that Villa is near the Durango border so that this movement will cut him off from the north or in event of his escape northward, place him between the forces of Murcia and the cavalry that Gen. Trevino would despatch from Chihuahua. The temporary fortifications encircling Chihuahua City miles in circumference, are being enlarged and strengthened. A double row of barbed wire entanglements has been constructed outside of the infan-

BIG PLOT TO DEFRAUD JAPAN

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 11.—A plot to defraud the Japanese government out of vast sums in duties on shipments to that country has been uncovered in the United States, according to S. Oyama, secretary of the department of agriculture and commerce of the imperial Japanese government, who is now in Pittsburgh. Activities of several suspects in Pittsburgh are being closely looked into, the secretary said, and the matter may be laid before United States officials. It is said shipments from this country, particularly from industrial centers, have been greatly undervalued and Mr. Oyama is convinced some high officials in Japan are implicated in the alleged tariff frauds, as well as Americans.

Secretary Oyama left here today for New York where he will hold a conference with the collector of that port. He expects to go to Canada where there are said to be ramifications of the alleged frauds.

SEWER OUTLETS PUBLIC HEALTH MENACE

The following is from a letter addressed to the board of health by the committee on waterways:

The waterways commission in its circuit about the Lowell waterways has observed the deplorable and unhealthy conditions existing at the sewer outlets on Wall street and Chestnut street. The Wall street sewer is choked by an accumulation of spring beds, loops, iron rods, papers and other refuse thrown over the fence, presumably by the people living in the tenement blocks of that locality. In low water the sewer's discharge is caught on the rocks of the river-bed and it will remain there as it has for more than a year until some decided pressure is brought upon the city to clean up the same and extend the brick sewer further into the channel.

At the end of Chestnut street where the sewer pipe runs into the mill pond, the waterways commission has not only erected a substantial wire fence to protect the lives of children at that dangerous point but in the interest of the health of the people it has employed men to clean up the accumulation of rubbish and filth at the sewer outlets and at the bottom of the mill pond. This sewer pipe should be extended into the river-head.

There being but little prospect of our sewer department taking the initiative in such matters pertaining to the public health or general welfare of the people the remedy lies within the province of the board of health and it seems to us imperative that drastic measures be taken either by the local board of health or state authorities to remedy the conditions at the above two mentioned places.

FRENCH AIRMEN BRING DOWN TWO PLANES

PARIS, Nov. 11.—Second Lieut. Georges Guynemer, the famous French aeronaut who recently brought down three German airplanes in two minutes and thirty seconds by a step watch, is credited by the war office in today's official statement with having destroyed two German machines yesterday. This increases to 21 the number brought down by this aviator. The other German airplanes were destroyed yesterday by the French in fighting on the western front.

PARRAL AND SANTA ROSALIA RECAPTURED

EAGLE PASS, Tex., Nov. 11.—De-
to government troops under General
Murcia have recaptured Parral and
Santa Rosalia, according to a report re-
ceived here today. This report said a
message signed "Murcia" stating that
these towns were recaptured, was re-
ceived last night.

THREATS OF I.W.W. HOLD UP BUSINESS IN BOSTON

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—Leading shoe stores of the city, together with those large departments of establishments in which lines of footwear are carried, are now facing the threat of the I.W.W. to burn them to the ground if they do not bring about an armistice and threats of a general strike of the shoe reporters' union, it was learned.

HARVARD DEFEATS YALE

CAMBRIDGE, Nov. 11.—Harvard defeated Yale in the annual varsity cross-country race today by a score of 26 to 26. H. W. McLean of Yale finished first, covering the sixteen-mile course in 12 minutes, 15.25 seconds. H. A. King of Harvard was second, his time being 13 minutes, 45 seconds.

Yale won the freshman race over a three-mile course, 21 to 23. H. Lewis of Harvard finished first in 19 minutes, 57 seconds, with S. M. Hincks of Yale second.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

INQUIRY INTO PROBLEMS OF R. R. REGULATIONS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Inquiry of legislation the railroads will ask includes:

Placing in the hands of a federal body entire control of the rates and practices of interstate carriers, except purely local matters.

Reorganization of the Interstate Commerce Commission. Delegation of the preparation and prosecution of cases against the railroads to some other agency of the government than the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Empowering the Interstate Commerce Commission to prescribe minimum as well as maximum rates.

It is said also that the roads will recommend that the committee be specifically authorized to take into account in rate regulation the effect of rates on total earnings in the light of expenses and therefore the effect of its decisions upon the credit of the carriers to the end that adequate transportation facilities may be assured.

EUROPEAN WAR NEWS

FIGHTING IN DOBRUDJA

The issue in the Romanian province of Dobrudja, where Russo-Romanian forces are apparently attempting to regain possession of the Constanza-Tehernavoda railroad line, seems again to hang in the balance.

Russo-Romanian Advance

Russo-Romanian troops are advancing from the north upon Field Marshal von Markenstein's left flank at the town of Dobrudja, which is situated on the route of the twelve mile long bridge and viaduct which span the Danube and carry the railroad across the extensive marsh lands to the west of the main stream.

So far reports under Friday's date had stated that Bulgarian artillery compelled retreating troops which had advanced to the west bank of the Danube to retreat toward Dunarev.

Petrograd on the other hand, yesterday announced the occupation of this town by the Russians, locating it two miles west of Tehernavoda, which is taken to mean that the Russians were approximately at the end of that portion of the bridge which spans the main stream.

Van Mackensen's Retreat

Unofficial advices from Bucharest today report Van Mackensen's retreat in Dobrudja toward the Tehernavoda-Constanza railroad line continuing the retreating of these two termini of the road in Dobrudja, this being held to indicate the possibility that their evacuation is imminent.

Fighting on Somme Front

Fighting on the Somme front in northern France has, with the return of more favorable weather conditions, apparently been resumed on an increasingly important scale.

Altdorf Saarwes

London announces the storming last night by British troops of the eastern portion of the Regin trench on the northern portion of the front, along a line more than half a mile in length. The French have been active south of the river where Perigie semi-officially admits they have seized some villages which are characterized, however, as insignificant. In this same region northeast of Chantilly, Paris reports an attack by the Germans last night in the Denburet sector which is declared to have been repulsed by the French with heavy German losses.

Berlin Concedes Loss

Berlin in today's official account of the Somme fighting, concedes penetration by the British of a small part of a German advanced trench northeast of Chantilly, but declares the French already repulsed in attacks on a wide front near Salsy-Sallies.

Further progress for the Germans in attacks on the Russian southeast of Leipzig is announced by Berlin, which chronicles the penetration of the Russian main position southwest of Fels-Krasowitsch on the Narayevka. The Russians, although reinforced, were defeated in repeated attempts to recapture the positions recently taken from them in the Baronovitch sector north of the Tisza marshes, the statement also declares.

Captured by Austro-Germans

Along the Transylvanian border of Rumania the Austro-German forces continue to progress. Berlin announcing the capture of several Rumanian positions in the Fredelet region.

Apparently the entente forces south of Monastir in Macedonia have been making strong attacks on the German-Bulgarian positions but all the assaults are declared by Berlin to have been beaten off with heavy losses.

Attacks Launched Repeatedly

Attacks launched repeatedly on Wednesdays in St. Pierre Vaast wood, although continued until late in the night, was crushed by the tenacious resistance of the German troops. With the clearing of the weather the artillery became more active but the British and French were unable to make a general attack.

Fighting on Thursday resulted in isolated violent encounters near Ecquevilly-Pabbaye, Gienecourt, Lebouc and Fourchambault. The entente attacks being stilled by the German fire. In the vicinity of Salsy-Sallies fierce fighting was renewed. French storming columns made powerful attacks and were repulsed in sanguinary hand to hand fighting. About Poissie the fighting continued until evening when it ended without success for the French.

Austrian 17 Hostile Airships Shot Down

BERLIN, Nov. 11, by wireless to Sayville—Berlin newspapers publish a statement from "competent military authorities" to the effect that the Anglo-French drive on the Somme has been halted by the exhaustion of the entente troops and their heavy losses and by unfavorable weather. The statement says:

"After the tremendous losses sustained by the British and French on Nov. 5, when they employed six British and four and one-half French divisions without success in an attempt to break our front between Le Sars and Boussy-Saint-Antoine they have been unable to drive forward for large attacks their exhausted and decimated troops over ground made impracticable by rain. All attempts have been stilled immediately by the fire of our artillery and machine guns and only south of the Somme and Poissie did the French obtain insignificant local successes."

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SELECT FRAMINGHAM FOR TUBERCULOSIS TEST

FRAMINGHAM, Nov. 11.—This town was yesterday selected by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis as the place for an experiment designed to demonstrate to the people of this country that tuberculosis can be controlled. A fund of \$100,000 has been donated to the association for the work, which will continue for three years.

IN BOSTON

The Sun is on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

Fair and colder tonight,
Sunday fair; fresh west
winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. SATURDAY NOVEMBER 11 1916

EXTRA

PRICE ONE CENT

HARVARD 3, PRINCETON 0

DARTMOUTH 7, PENN. 7

BROWN 21, YALE 6

STADIUM, Cambridge, Nov. 11.—A field goal by Horween was the margin of Harvard's victory over an almost equally matched Princeton team in the stadium today. Defensively the Tigers proved Harvard's equal and stopped many Crimson plays which had been festive against other teams. Offensively Harvard was able at several times to gain enough ground through Casey's elusive runs to threaten Princeton's goals. Only by abortive attempts at long quick runs on his field did the Tigers menace the Harvard line. Princeton's reliance in its extremity was the forward pass from various formations but generally it failed.

The Tiger players defeated for the first time this season were in tears as they left the field. Harvard supporters cheered Casey for his effective running attack and Horween for his accurate toe.

The lineup:

Harvard	Princeton
C. A. Coolidge, le	le, Higley
Wheeler, lt	McGraw
Dadmun, lg	lg, Nourse
Harris, c	Gennett
Snow, rg	rg, Hogg
Sweetser, rt	rt, McLean
Harte, re	re, Wilson
Murray, qb	qb, Eddy
Casey, lbb	lbb, Driggs
Thacher, rbb	rbb, Moore
Horween, fb	fb, A. C. Brown

Princeton Wins Toss

The kick of the toss fell to Princeton and Capt. Hogg chose to receive the ball.

Horween kicked off. Moore fumbled the ball twice, but eventually regaining it after a 12 yard rush back. Driggs booted to midfield where Murray made a fair catch. Murray slipped past Nourse for five yards. A moment later he lost a forward pass over Higley's head to Casey for another five yard gain. Then Casey fumbled and was downed without gain or loss.

After Casey had been turned back by McLane for one yard loss Murray sent the ball through the air again over Higley's head to Coolidge who planted it on Princeton's 25-yard line. Murray tried another forward pass which failed and Princeton gained the ball on their own 35 yard line. Taking a kick, Driggs circled Harte's end for a gain of three yards.

Both Teams Penalized

The next time he kicked to Murray who fumbled on Harvard's 28-yard line where Higley caught the ball. Princeton put it into play on her 23-yard line. Ruses by Eddy, Thomas, Moore and Driggs penetrated several points of the Harvard line for a ten yard gain and first down at the 38-yard line. Here Princeton was set back 15 yards for holding. Harvard off side activities brought Princeton five yards forward. It was first down at Harvard's 23 yard line again. Thomas stabbed Dadmun's position and was stopped by Thacher of the Crimson secondary defense after gaining five yards. Moore added two

through Wheeler. Thomas was grasped by Harte without gain. Princeton lacked half a yard of first down. Thomas' attempt to gain succeeded only by inches. Measurements showed, however, that Thomas failed to gain the distance. Harvard's ball.

Horween punted to Driggs who was downed where he caught the ball on Harvard's 45-yard line. Driggs, on the next play, reported to the air for advance but Horween was in the way and intercepted the pass. Crimson strategy dictated another kick which Horween sent to Princeton's 25-yard line. There Eddy fumbled. Moore recovering, Driggs kicked to Murray. He signalled for a fair catch at the 20-yard mark.

Casey Makes Gains

Murray punched Hogg's position for two yards. Then Casey, shifting his stride to throw off tacklers, circled Princeton's end for five yards.

Eddy was stunned momentarily in making the tackle.

Casey knifed Princeton's left forward line for a four yard advance. Horween pushed the ball four yards farther through the same players and Casey gained just enough to make it first down in midfield. Murray here attempted a forward pass. Casey, running from behind, grasped the ball and tore through a hole opened between Morse and McLean for three yards. Then, wading off all tacklers by use of straight arm and shifting stride the elusive Harvard back twisted his way to the 35-yard line. He made five more or another rush past Capt. Hogg.

Horween gained three yards before Hogg downed him.

Casey was stopped by Higley after a yard advance. Murray's next attempt was by forward pass but this failed. Princeton becoming possessor of the ball on its 27-yard line.

Driggs Made Ten Yards

Driggs rushed ten yards from the fake kick formation before he was howled over by Sweetser's diving tackle.

Harvard squelched Eddy's rush but he managed to push the ball half yard required to make it first down.

Sweetser broke in on Princeton's play but the Princeton linemen started before the ball which again cost the Tigers five yards. Moore made up this loss and two yards more on an impulsive rush against Capt. Dadmun.

Eddy was stopped without gain twice.

Score end second period: Harvard 0, Princeton 0.

The play during the first two periods demonstrated that both Princeton and Harvard carried a stronger defense than offense. At no time was either eleven able to carry the ball inside the opponent's 20-yard mark and the nearest approach to scoring was futile attempts for field goals.

The Princeton players were exceedingly fast both on offense and defense and uncovered several trick plays which gained ground the first two or three times tried against the Crimson.

Owing to the tricky wind which swept and eddied about the Stadium, fumbling was frequent following punts. The Princeton ends were down the field much faster under kicks than the Crimson wing tips.

The tackling by both crews was hard and clean and there was little advantage one way or the other in punting.

Driggs did the best work for Princeton, making several long runs from kick formations in which he was afforded excellent interference. Harvard made no attempt in its attack to use either than the usual deceptive and shifting plays but Princeton with its loose running half back charge on the line and short forward passes opened a line of offense which puzzled the Crimson and was good for gains until the idea was solved. From that point on Princeton ceased to threaten the Crimson goal line during the remainder of the half.

THIRD PERIOD

With the goals reversed again Harvard defended the south. Princeton kicked off in the third period. Driggs' deceptive kicking attitude was again used to advantage when he rushed seven yards around Harte's end. The latter nailed Thomas on the next play but not until Princeton had gained downfield when he was interfered by a physician.

Horween kicked at once. Murray fumbled on Harvard's 30-yard line, the ball bounding from his hands to those of Gennett who held it on Harvard's 33-yard line. Princeton started a rushing attack and two rushes had gained several yards when the period ended with the ball on Princeton's 24-yard line.

Score first period: Princeton 0; Harvard 0.

SECOND PERIOD

Illegal interference by Princeton first rank players cost the Tigers a 10-yard penalty on the opening play.

No, not necessarily a union suit though these are increasingly popular. But whether one or two-piece, Ballegan or gauze, your under suit should get an careful consideration as the outside suit you are so particular about.

From the red woolen suits of the northern plowmen to the silked southern girls, the intestinal there is a marketplace and a comfort reason for each individual selection.

Int-there's an doubt about the place to select.

Under Suits

For Men

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MEXICO WOULD SUPPORT UNITED STATES IN EVENT OF WAR

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 11.—In view of the event of war between the United States and any other nation outside of America, Mexico understands that her attitude must be one of complete continental solidarity, said Luis Cabrera, chairman of the Mexican section of the American and Mexican joint commission, in an address here last night. He was speaking before the American academy of political and social science and the Pennsylvania arbitration and peace society, who had as their guests of honor the members of the American and Mexican joint commission.

Dr. L. S. Rowe, president of the academy and secretary of the commission, opened the meeting, declaring in his welcoming address that in the conduct of international relations, the United States must stand for new and higher standards, with jealousy and distrust giving way to frankness, helpfulness and co-operation. "If there is any one mission," he said, "which the privileged positions of the United States calls upon her to perform, it is to found a new code of international intercourse."

Mr. Cabrera who, in addition to being chairman of the Mexican section of the commission, is the minister of finance under the Carranza government, discussed the ideals and purposes of the Mexican revolution from a purely scientific viewpoint, but in conclusion he referred to the international situation. He said:

"The main political international problem of Mexico consists of her relations with the United States."

"After the war of 1847, which cost Mexico half of her territory, Mexicans have not been able to regain confidence in regard to the imperialistic tendency that the Latin-American countries attribute to the United States. During the Mexican revolution, after the occupation of Vera Cruz and the Columbus expedition, the fears of Mexicans of a conflict with the United States increased considerably, chiefly since it is known that one of the political parties of the United States strongly advocates intervention. The repeated and public statements of non-intervention made by the democratic government of the United States have not been sufficient to allay the fears of the Mexicans."

"As a neighbor of the United States, Mexico will also have as an international problem the danger of a conflict between the United States and some other European or Asiatic power. The foes of the United States, that are always foes of the whole American continent, will certainly assume to be friends of Mexico, and will try to take advantage of any sort of resentment, feeling or distrust that Mexico may have against the United States."

Mexico, nevertheless, understands that in case of a conflict between the United States and any other nation outside of America, her attitude must be one of complete continental solidarity.

"From this viewpoint, the revolutionary government has followed a policy of frankness and consistency in her relations with the United States, putting always her needs in accordance with her words, and sincerely trying to reach an understanding with the people and the government of the United States.

"Within Mexico, the real international problem means the protection of foreign life and property and the

federal department of labor. It will be held in high school hall, Wednesday evening, November 22 and Mayor O'Donnell and Congressman Rogers have expressed their wish to take part.

Mr. Molloy has sent a communication relating to the meeting to every applicant for naturalization in Lowell, 400 cards having been received by him from Washington, giving details of Lowell declarants.

Local Candidates

The full list of candidates for alderman who had filed their papers up to noon today is: Dr. J. O'Brien, Eugene F. Toomey, Frank A. Warnock, James F. Miskella, John T. Roy, George H. Brown, Edward J. Tierney, Abe R. Campbell and William W. Duncan.

Those who have taken out papers for alderman but who had not filed them are Newell F. Putnam, Joseph N. Wilson and Fred A. Tuttle.

Candidates for school committee who have filed papers are: Eli B. Hart, John C. Leggett, John B. Curtin and John J. Hayes, and those who had not filed papers are Michael F. O'Brien, Robert H. Thomas, Julian B. Keyes and Dr. John H. Lambert.

Late Expense Reports

Two expense reports that have just reached the city clerk's office are those of Lloyd R. Haworth, who reports \$31.00 and Thomas S. Cutt who reports \$31.00.

Building Permits

The following building permits were issued at the office of the lands' and buildings department yesterday:

Edmund Gendron, 341 Colonial avenue, two-family dwelling; \$200; Salem N. Husson, 204 Adams street, three-family dwelling \$300; Nelson S. Gray, 505 School street, garage from \$75 to \$100.

Mayor SHINN TO

Mayor O'Donnell who is suffering from an attack of acute bronchitis is still confined to his home on Andover street.

Old Barge to Appear Again Under Sail

THE HARVARD BROUGHT BACK AS RESULT OF GREAT DEMAND FOR OCEAN TONNAGE

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—The barge Harvard, formerly a square rigger sailing from this port to many seas but for ten years reduced to stub masts under sail again as a barge, as a result of the great demand for ocean tonnage. The Harvard was bought today by a local shipbuilding firm at a price almost as great as the cost to build her at Brunswick, Me., 32 years ago. As the ship Sam Skiff 2nd, the Harvard was taken into Philadelphia 10 years ago under jury rig almost a floating wreck after experiences that brought high praise for her skipper's seamanship.

RECEPTION TO WILSON

Continued

prosecute those who have not observed the law. The legal procedure for the proper erection of a garage is for the petitioner to get a permit from the chief of the fire department, and to take the matter up with the commissioner under whom the matter comes. At the present time Commissioner Putnam receives those petitions and presents them to the municipal council at regular meetings.

The fine for the offence is \$50, and it was said at city hall that Mr. Griffin was very much in earnest when he threatened to bring action against negligent residents of this city.

Street Railway Check

The following is the copy of a rather "touching" letter sent by Mayor O'Donnell recently to the president of the Bay State Street Railway Co.:

Nov. 3, 1916.

E. F. Sullivan, President,

54 State Street,

Boston, Mass.

My dear Mr. Sullivan:

The city of Lowell is about to complete the construction of a new concrete bridge over the Merrimack river at Pawtucket falls. May I expect at an early date the Bay State check for \$5000 as a contribution towards the cost of the new bridge?

Very respectfully,

James E. O'Donnell,

Mayor of Lowell.

A favorable reply has been received from President Sullivan stating that the check will be forthcoming in a short time.

Mortality of City

The weekly statistics of the board of health show that the death total is rather high, being 41 as compared with 32 and 33 respectively for the past two weeks. There is an increase also in the number of cases of measles reported last week's total being 8, as compared with 12 this week. Following is the condensed report:

Block Paving Suit

The suit of Frank A. Mallory vs. the city of Lowell, relative to 20,000 paving blocks for which Mr. Mallory claims the city still owes him will be put on trial next week before James P. Owen, Esq., an auditor. The city disputes the claim. Mr. Mallory has assigned his claim to the Lowell Trust company.

Naturalization Meeting

Supt. of Schools Hugh J. Molloy has made final arrangements for the mass meeting on naturalization which he has planned in co-operation with the

NEW MEXICO

SANTA FE, N. M., Nov. 11.—President Wilson left Charles E. Hughes in the unofficial New Mexico returns early today, 218 votes with 29 of 635 precincts missing. These precincts were small and widely scattered.

Later returns on congressional gave

Walton (dem.) a lead of 1776 in 512 precincts. For senator, A. A. Jones (dem.) had a lead of 3635 with 69 precincts missing.

In the gubernatorial race De Baca (dem.) led Bursum (rep.) by 1050 votes with 113 precincts not reported.

CALIFORNIA

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 11.—Analysis by democratic leaders today of the popular presidential vote in San Francisco failed to give much encouragement to the claim of the republican state central committee that a split electoral vote would result from scratching of democratic electors.

In this city the low democratic elector, Mrs. Carrie L. Tyler, received 17,330 votes, only 411 behind Francis J. Heney, high with 17,321.

If the same ratio should be maintained throughout the state, it was said, Mrs. Tyler would be approximately 2466 votes behind the head of her ticket.

The present democratic plurality, however, is 3275, leaving the republicans approximately 800 short of even one elector.

Louis E. Clark, low republican elector, ran 212 votes behind Britton, high with 63,530 votes in San Francisco.

Eighteen precincts were still missing early today from the state total of 4576 with the possibility that un-official state count would not be completed before the official canvass, which begins Monday.

Unofficial returns show both anti-liquor amendments decisively beaten although managers of the dry campaign refuse to concede this as yet.

MAINE RETURNS COMPLETE

TORRINGTON, Me., Nov. 11.—The Maine returns of the election were finally completed today when word from Long Island plantation in Harcourt's county reached the mainland that Charles E. Hughes had 13 and President Wilson 5 votes. The totals were 53,581 for Hughes and 44,154 for Wilson, the former's plurality being 5346 according to the unofficial tabulation.

BABY CARRIAGE TIRES

Put on 25c up. Prompt service and good work.

GEO. H. BACHELDER

Postmaster Source

SMALL POCKETBOOK lost between Corn Common and Cross sts. to Liberty sq. Finder return to 356 Suffolk st.

Committee on arrangements: J. W.

THINGS THAT HAPPENED IN POLICE COURT

When Armand Robillard appeared in police court the other day charged with the larceny of \$24 in money from Hermengilde Paradis he said that the \$20 which he had displayed was part of pay he had received at the B. S. Cartidge shop. An investigation was made and it was found that he had never worked at the Cartidge shop. His mother, however, said she would make restitution and on that condition Robillard was given a suspended sentence of three months in jail.

Liquor Cases

Bartholomew Cratcan was charged with the unlawful sale of liquor and upon entering a plea of guilty a fine of \$50 was imposed. The case of illegal keeping preferred against him was dismissed.

Alfred P. Flagg was charged with the unlawful sale of liquor but owing to lack of evidence the case was dismissed.

Drunk Offenders

Thomas P. McCrossan pleaded not guilty to a complaint charging him with being drunk on Boston street last night. Patrolman Kenney and Winn testified that the man was staggering through the street and was given a chance to go home and upon refusing to do so he was placed under arrest. He was found guilty and sentenced to three months in jail. He entered an appeal.

Cornelius Leahy was fined \$15 and John O'Donnell was given a suspended sentence to one month in jail. William Oswald was handed a suspended sentence to the state farm. Seven simple drunks were released by the probation officer.

His Seventh Appearance

Napoleon Charest made his seventh appearance before the court within a year. He is just after completing a four month's sentence in jail and while at that place was examined as to his sanity. Although he receives \$18 a week when working, when in line of \$15 was imposed he asked the court to give him six months in which to pay it. He was told that he would have to pay the fine within a month.

LARKIN TRULL HURT BY RUNAWAY

KNOCKED DOWN ON STREET IN LAWRENCE AND TAKEN TO METHUEN HOSPITAL

Larkin Trull of 552 Andover street, this city, was seriously injured yesterday when he was struck by a wagon attached to a runaway horse on Oak street, Lawrence. He is now in a Methuen hospital resting as comfortably as can be expected. It is said that his hip is fractured.

Mr. Trull, who is employed with his father, Frank, as a gardener, was delivering boxes to a store on Oak street. He was lifting a box from the wagon when the runaway horse appeared on the street. Trull had a box on his shoulder and failed to heed the cries of several bystanders who warned him to get out of the way. He was struck by one of the wheels and knocked down. An automobile was secured and he was rushed to the hospital.

ST. LOUIS CHURCH

Although work on the construction of the new St. Louis church is progressing rapidly, the pastor, Rev. J. H. Laboucane, stated this morning, the church will not be opened for service until Easter.

The new church, only the basement of which will be erected this year, will cost about \$35,000 and it is expected that when the building is finished it will be paid for. All the church organizations are much interested in the church fund and they take turns in conducting services for its benefit. The next to be given, which will be in the form of a whist, will be on Nov. 23 at the school hall and under the auspices of St. Anne's sodality.

LOWELL CASES BEFORE THE GRAND JURY

The Lowell cases presented to the grand jury at East Cambridge court house Wednesday have been reported on and in each case a true bill was found.

The cases are as follows: Fred N. Dennis and Charles Johnson breaking and entering in the night time; Alfred Denison and Richard Carr, barony of an automobile; John Doyle, assailant and battery; Joseph Farine, statutory offense; John A. and Daniel E. Foley and George H. Clark, sale of liquor to a minor; Glenwood D. Foster, sale of mortgaged automobile.

The criminal session of the court will open at East Cambridge Monday morning.

A special session of the grand jury will be held at the East Cambridge court house on Wednesday for the purpose of acting upon unfinished matters.

The case of Thomas H. Kelliher charged with having murdered Daniel Cronin at the state infirmary in Tewksbury, will be heard by the grand jury on Wednesday.

Unofficial returns show both anti-liquor amendments decisively beaten although managers of the dry campaign refuse to concede this as yet.

FIREMEN PLAN FOR CONCERT AND BALL

Plans are being completed for the annual concert and ball of the Lowell Firemen's Relief Association fund to be held Wednesday evening, Nov. 29. At a meeting of the association the following officers and committee were appointed: General manager, Caleb E. F. Scammon; assistant general manager, District Chief J. C. Sullivan; fire director, John H. Murphy; assistant fire chief, G. A. Crawford; chief aids, George H. McDermott, T. F. Conway, J. L. Crowe, Charles Crowley, J. J. Blanchard and John Whaley. All the members of the department will be aids.

Selection committee: Chiefs Samuels, Sullivan, Tracy and Alway; select officer; Commissioner of Fire and Water Departments Putnam, and Captains and lieutenants of the departments.

Committee on arrangements: J. W.

Postmaster Source

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SEVERAL LEAGUE GAMES ROLLED LAST NIGHT

The Riverside and the Macks were the winners in their matches in the Les Miserables league last evening, the former taking four points and the latter three. The Royal Campers and the Ottawas staged a close contest in the Centralville Minor league on the Spindle City alleys. Two Cambridge Co. teams met on Boyd's alleys and one game was played in the Lawrence League.

The scores:

WAUSHAKUM CAMPERS

	1	2	3	TBS
King	51	56	59	200
O'Shea	53	54	55	204
Gillis	56	55	56	205
Preston	56	57	52	204
T. Clark	56	56	51	207
Totals	452	463	454	1369

MACK'S

	1	2	3	TBS
H. McMahon	462	93	86	231
W. Blaneau	80	52	53	255
J. McCluskey	85	87	85	261
John McMahon	167	86	93	283
N. Choquette	57	88	102	252
Totals	774	137	462	1373

SHIRT FOLD

	1	2	3	TBS
Cohoun	86	92	95	273
Lester	82	55	54	204
Davis	81	53	54	205
Choquette	85	82	81	248
Vezina	198	91	91	290
Totals	452	433	426	1311

HOSE FINISH

	1	2	3	TBS
Geoffroy	90	92	97	285
Keirstead	78	91	89	258
Martin	103	55	55	213
Sob.	83	52	57	243
Akerly	87	55	59	205
Totals	452	463	439	1337

ELECTRICAL DEPT.

	1	2	3	TBS
Linchian	92	83	91	266
Kane	97	56	57	210
Dwyer	81	75	101	257
McElroy	63	52	108	223
Morarity	59	108	101	229
Totals	418	448	514	1330

COMMERCIAL

	1	2	3	TBS
McCabe	93	95	79	270
Owen	59	92	86	255
McGowan	85	107	76	268
Clegg	113	84	95	294
McGaughy	37	102	101	299
Totals	458	484	441	1386

WOODPINE'S

	1	2	3	TBS
A. Keneck	50	80	73	203
C. Keneck	88	85	52	225
J. Jodoin	96	56	57	209
M. Sullivan	82	85	29	236
Al Chapelle	83	88	89	260
Totals	324	423	421	1268

RIVERSIDE

	1	2	3	TBS
M. Kelley	31	81	110	288
P. Kelley	80	87	130	297
F. Wood	401	86	109	396
T. Kelley	87	99	102	228
F. Irish	99	99	108	306
Totals	153	409	423	1120

ROYAL CAMPERS

	1	2	3	TBS
Bourgeois	108	58	64	200
Lebel	55	55	52	162
Dionne	89	55	56	200
Harnois	84	74	85	221
Lemay	50	110	39	270
Totals	427	441	417	1268

OTTAWAS

	1	2	3	TBS
Griffith	89	92	88	269
Thomas	77	87	76	240
Taylor	83	97	79	259
Lynch	89	91	82	263
Baker	105	76	99	290
Totals	425	436	424	1222

MITCHELL BOYS WON

The Mill Brook school football team, Concord, was defeated by the Mitchell Military Boys' school, St. Johnsbury, by a score of 31 to 12. Cragin scored two touchdowns and Northrop two. The summary:

	MILL BROOK
Matheson, Whidden	re Newman
J. O'ane, Brown	rt Jones
MacKissick	rg Wheelwright
Carlton	c Blatchford
H. O'neill	ig Fisher
K. O'neill	rt Lewis
Emery	qf Knowlton
Cragin, Bates	rb Clark
Northrop	bb Nash
Beal	tb Coolidge

Touchdowns: Cragin 3, Northrop, 2; Jones, Coolidge. Goals from touchdowns: Northrop 4. Referee: McPheters. Umpire: Johnson. Linesmen: Hall and Blanchard. Timer: Leslie. Time: Four 10-minute periods.

THE NEW YORK BOXING BOARD TO STAY

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—With the re-election of Gov. Whitman, two members of the boxing commission are reasonably sure of retention of office. Chairman Fred Wenzel's appointment holds for two years and Frank Dwyer's term does not expire for next January unless he resigns.

On the appointment of a successor to Frank Minges, the question of the re-scheduling of the present rule, publishable decisions by other states, Dwyer and Franks have been slightly opposed to decisions, while Franks has been in favor of them. If a new member of the board is selected who is not adverse to decisions, the rule may change.

Had Gov. Whitman been retained, the boxing commission stood a fair chance of abolition, or at least removal in favor of other men, but as the case stands, the present commission will probably remain for some time to come.

Cline Must Explain

Frank Patsy Cline will be asked to offer plausible explanations to the boxing commission next Monday for his cancellation of his engagement to box Joe Welling at the Manhattan S.C. Cline signed that articles for the bout, and then served notice in Charley Johnston, manager of the club, that it could not go on owing to an injured hand. When Johnston learned that Cline was quietly making arrangements to box Al Worrell within a few days he lodged formal complaint with the commission.

While Jackson will be the favorite at theights, Patsy Cline is not the slightest chance for Gato receipt. For this heinous offense the club officials insist that Jackson be severely punished.

Would Stop Bob Mohr

Bob Pollock came to the commission and loudly and bitterly against Bob Mohr's clashing with William Cline at the Brooklyn S.C. last Tuesday. Pollock alleged that there is an

open date at the garden within ten days and that it must take place there before Mohr boxes.

Pollock seemed to be apprehensive that Miske must muss up Mohr so that the "Cave Man" would be unpresentable in polite Queen's society on the occasion of his meeting with Weinert. Weinert called attention to the fact that before a boxing match can be held in the garden the receiver must first lease the arena to a new corporation, which in turn must apply for a new license to hold bouts. Therefore the commission will not interfere with the Miske-Mohr bout.

By way of convincing the public that he is not afraid to meet Freddie Welsh in the ring, Johnny Kilbane, through his manager, posted a check for \$5000 with a Cleveland newspaper. Kilbane says the check is posted as a guarantee of good faith for a match with Welsh. However, it is not a question of good faith, but one of weight. Kilbane demands \$135 inspired by Welsh, and the latter declares he will

WILSON ASKS ALL TO FORGET DIFFERENCES

WILLIAMSTOWN, Nov. 11.—"Now that the campaign is over we may all address ourselves to the welfare of the nation without thought of partisan feeling," declared President Wilson in his first public speech since the national election, delivered before a delegation of Williamstown residents and Williams college students who greeted him here late yesterday.

The president was welcomed by the students and townspeople after the christening of Eleanor Ayson Sayre, the second child of his daughter, Mrs. Francis B. Sayre, and for whom he stood as godfather.

Unite For Common Service

In a speech last night before several thousand persons who came from nearby towns to congratulate him on his re-election, President Wilson said: "I want to say that now the campaign is over we must think of only one thing, and that is not of parties, but of the interest of the great country we all love, let us forget all our differences and unite for common service. Only in that way can we work for the great nation that has given us liberty and peace."

Came to Forget Politics

Soon after his arrival at the home of his son-in-law, assistant to the president of Williams college, the delegation headed by President H. A. Garfield of the college, and Samuel P. Blagden, chairman of the Williamstown common council, marched to the Sayre home. The president spoke from the porch of the house, and was cheered enthusiastically by the students.

"I came here to forget the field of politics and for a brief rest, I came simply to visit my daughter and to attend a simple ceremony here today," he said. "Now that the campaign is over, we may all address ourselves to the welfare of the nation without thought of partisan feeling."

Defines Politics

The president referred to his service as chief executive of Princeton university, saying he knew from experience there was politics even in the running of a college.

"Politics," he continued, "is after all a means of getting something done, of putting forward ideas. It is a fight, but the man who does not love the fight has no red blood in his veins."

Mr. Wilson told a story of a man

having a vision in which he was offered a horn and a sword, and chose the horn. Immediately the vision vanished and the man was cursed for taking the horn before the sword. He told the story to illustrate the necessity for fighting.

Speeches Full of Wisdom

A former chairman of the republican city committee, discussing the senatorial election, said yesterday: "We had it all figured out that Colburn would win by at least 1500 and when the returns came in showing the great vote received by John T. Sparks we were astonished. The fact that he would poll such a vote after being out of politics for over a decade shows that he has lost none of his vote-getting ability and that he will be a dangerous candidate next year if he runs again."

And if the Democrats had had an organization such as the republicans had working at the polling places on election day Sparks would have received many more votes than he received as it was.

Baby Cries Continuously

The family party rode the few blocks to the church in an automobile. The baby cried continuously. Inside the church only a few intimate friends of Mrs. Sayre witnessed the ceremony. As one of the godfathers of the baby, President Wilson promised in the name of the child to "renounce the devil and all his works." The other godfather was the Rev. James M. Sayre, brother of Francis B. Sayre, the godmothers were Miss Margaret Wilson, Mrs. W. G. McAdoo, her sister; Miss Blanche Nevin, aunt of Mr. Sayre, and Mrs. R. H. Sayre, mother of Mr. Sayre.

The family party stood about the baptismal font as the Rev. J. A. F. Carter, rector of the church, read the service. Afterwards the president paid a call on President Garfield.

To Washington Tonight

Last night the family had dinner together at the Sayre's home. The president will remain here until 5:30 o'clock this afternoon and then will return to Washington, where he is due to arrive Sunday night.

On his way here the president was cheered by crowds at Troy and several other towns in New York and Massachusetts.

THE SPELLBINDER

Even the Courier-Citizen reluctantly and not any too gracefully has at last admitted that President Wilson has been re-elected and there can be no further doubt. After The Sun had shown that he was elected in its last issue Wednesday evening, the Courier-Citizen with its screen and stereopticon gave a picturesque illustration of the traditional drowning man and the straw, and it clung to it until late Thursday night when the straw broke upon the announcement by The Associated Press that Wilson had carried California. Like Jim Hackler, the County Chairman or old Jethro Bass, the Courier-Citizen claimed everything until the final returns were in and then figuratively cried: "Fraud." After the fiery editorials which our faithful but misguided neighbor has sent forth for the past month he is now entitled to a free sail along the lonesome waters of Salt river with a fine dish of crow upon reaching his destination. It was really a shame to be obliged to pull in those flags which were launched from every window of the Courier-Citizen building on Tuesday evening when the New York Times conceded Hughes' election. The Associated Press would not concede it, but the Courier-Citizen in its intense anxiety to have Hughes win, took the word of a New York stranger before that of its own press service and set out its trapings of victory only to be obliged to pull them again 24 hours later. It was a hard fight to lose, brother, but cheer up, you still have the Kaiser to wallop.

Democratic Disappointment

While the Lowell democracy is rejoicing over the election of President Wilson much disappointment is expressed on all sides over the outcome in Lowell, the claim being made that a proper effort was not made to get out the democratic vote, and the responsibility is placed at the door of the few men who call themselves the democratic city committee. There were automobiles enough to carry every democratic voter to the polls if properly handled, but they were not and as a result hundreds of democrats were unable to vote, or if they were able to, didn't go because they were not sent for. Already a movement is afoot to reorganize the democratic city committee and the attorney-general and chairman of the democratic state committee have been appealed to, for their advice and assistance. The law states that the city committee shall organize in January, but those who profess to know claim that there has not been a regularly organized democratic city committee in Lowell since 1912. The

primaries will be held on Tuesdays, Nov. 21, 28 days hence and thus the several candidates will be on the jump from this time out. It is understood that there will be considerable speech-making before the primaries, particularly if this weather holds out, and it is supposed that

**TO ERECT \$1,000,000
BUILDING IN BOSTON**

WOMAN'S BOARD OF TRADE PLANS TO CREATE NEW CIVIC AND COMMERCIAL CENTRE

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—Plans are practically completed for a big million-dollar Woman's Board of Trade building for Park square, near the present Paine building and just at the downtown boundary of the big tract of land that has been acquired by the Park Square Real Estate Trust for development into a new civic and commercial centre.

The new building is designed to become the centre of all lines of business carried on by women. Its purpose will be to draw to Boston the estimated 100,000 women buyers who now pass this city by to make their purchases in New York and Philadelphia.

In addition to show rooms, arcades, and extensive floor space, a large portion of which has already been assigned to tenants under options, there will be a magnificent exhibition hall in which great quarterly style shows in millinery and gowns will be held. In this building all the activities of women in the business world will find a sumptuous and modern home. The first floor will contain large stores. The upper stories are divided into offices that may be rented either separate or in suites. On the top

those on the outside will direct their attacks principally at the two men now in office, though there is not the slightest doubt that before it is over some of those on the outside will be getting after each other.

Chance for a Bargain

The democrats who are going to celebrate this evening might strike a good bargain by applying at the Courier-Citizen office where there is on hand a choice lot of red fire and flags, which is of no further use to its present owners and which they might be willing to sell at a sacrifice. Only a small portion of the original lot has been used for shortly after the New York Times announced the election of Hughes and the first sticks of red fire were lighted other announcements came over the wire which caused a permanent suspension of the Courier-Citizen's pyrotechnic display.

Sparks the Come-Back Man

A former chairman of the republican city committee, discussing the senatorial election, said yesterday: "We had it all figured out that Colburn would win by at least 1500 and when the returns came in showing the great vote received by John T. Sparks we were astonished. The fact that he would poll such a vote after being out of politics for over a decade shows that he has lost none of his vote-getting ability and that he will be a dangerous candidate next year if he runs again."

And if the Democrats had had an organization such as the republicans had working at the polling places on election day Sparks would have received many more votes than he received as it was.

Hour Calls Around

Roger Sherman Hoar was in town yesterday and called at The Sun office to pay his compliments to the editor. He proposes to convince the public of Lowell by means of affidavits from the proper parties that certain statements concerning him attributed to Congressman Rogers were misleading. "I'm going to convince Congressman Rogers also," said Mr. Hoar, "that I own that farm. I'm going to invite him down to it some day and show him all over it. Then I'll give him a spade and allow him to take some of the land home with him."

The Official Count

One frequently heard during the anxious moments pending the announcement of the belated returns, the statements: "What's the matter with those people in the west; don't they know how to count? How is it that our returns and those of New York are all in the same night, while it takes them three days to get in their count?" Those who made such statements fail to realize that the official votes of Massachusetts and of New York have not been announced yet as they have not been counted up by the secretary of state and his assistants. In states where there is no question as to the identity of the winning candidates, like Massachusetts, New York, Ohio and the others, the first or unofficial count turned up by the party organizations and the press from the returns from the different cities and towns is accepted on its face, but in all states where the contest is close and the result in doubt, nothing is accepted until the official count from the office of the secretary of state is given out. The count that we have been waiting for all week from California and the other states is the official count of the secretary of state.

THE SPELLBINDER

AUTHOR'S READING BY NOTED PLAYWRIGHT

THE BIRTHDAY OF KING VICTOR EMMANUEL

This being the birthday of King Victor Emmanuel of Italy and the day observed as a national holiday by the Italian people, the flag of Italy has flown down from the diagnosis of The Sun building. The day is more familiar than many that have appeared there during the past year. It has three vertical divisions, green and white and red, with the seal of United Italy in the center.

King Victor Emmanuel III was born Nov. 11, 1896. He entered the army in 1887 and in 1897 was commanding general at Naples. In 1899 he married Princess Helena, daughter of Prince Nicholas of Montenegro, and in 1906 he succeeded his father, King Humbert I, as king of Italy. Today the flag of Italy is seen in the war on the side of the allies.

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door will be a big restaurant and offices and rooms for the Woman's board of trade. Connected with the restaurant will be a roof garden dining room for use in serving diners in the summer months.

The big institution is the result of the efforts of Mrs. Charlotte Smith, president and treasurer of the Woman's Board of Trade of Massachusetts of 120 Boylston street.

Immediately the project aroused the enthusiasm of numerous financial interests in Boston and New York, she says. It was competition between those interests rather than lack of funds that held up the project.

Now the new building is backed by big Boston men and women, and \$650,000 has been raised to pay for it. The land, the value of which has recently been boosted \$100,000, will bring the total cost close to a million dollars.

The plans for the new building have been completed by S. W. St. Clair. The work will be handled through the office of H. Clifton Strang, the associate architect. The building will be five stories throughout with a front of white glazed terra cotta with insertions of colored terra cotta.

Mrs. Smith said yesterday that she has spent more than a thousand dollars recently having the name "Woman's Board of Trade" copyrighted in all the states in which there are leading business and commercial centres, so that no other state might start a similar institution and take the pioneer honors in this development from Massachusetts. New York and Chicago people have been keenly interested in the plan, she says, and it is probable that eventually the Woman's Board of Trade may be extended to a national association with branches in the prominent cities.

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THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor
SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

THE DEMOCRATIC VICTORY

The republicans are holding out against hope that they can find some ground for claiming the election of Mr. Hughes or for contesting the election of President Wilson. They are waiting for official and certified returns. That is all right. Nobody wants to deprive Mr. Hughes of what belongs to him in this election.

There are some intimations of fraud, especially at Los Angeles, Cal., but if any fraud has been attempted, we venture to say it was in an effort to turn the tide in favor of Mr. Hughes. In the case mentioned it is reported that returns from outlying districts were received with seals broken and in face of a general trend to Wilson, these particular precincts gave big pluralities for Hughes.

The election is now secure for Wilson beyond any possible chance that can come from recounts or legal contests. It is a great victory for the sovereign people as opposed to the "Old Guard" of the republican party, Wall Street and the predatory interests. The popular verdict sounds the death knell of the republican party except it reorganizes on new and progressive lines, drops the tariff bogey and the idea of having Wall Street control the credit and the currency of the nation.

Never perhaps in the history of this nation was the defeat of a presidential candidate sought by such a motley, selfish and unpatriotic combination as that which opposed the election of Wilson and fought by every means in its power to elect Mr. Hughes. The fact that these elements carried all the large states and New England shows how well they had planned the capture of the states which as they believed controlled the election.

Not in any election for the past twenty-four years has there been so much cause for rejoicing as there is at the present moment in seeing the disloyal elements that backed Mr. Hughes buried in irrevocable defeat. In saying this it is only just to state that seldom, if ever, has a democratic candidate for the presidency received such liberal support from fair minded republicans as did President Wilson. The better element of the republican party supported Wilson; the worst element of the democratic party furnished the most vociferous shouters for Mr. Hughes.

The republican leaders have seen the power of the people asserted in a manner that upset all their calculations. They are bitterly disappointed, of course, but it is a glorious victory for progressive democracy, for patriotism and the kind of Americanism that can be relied upon to defend the nation whenever it is in danger.

ELECTORAL AND POPULAR VOTE

Well, it wasn't such a neck and neck race after all. President Wilson has a safe and clear majority of the electoral college, and hence the republican talk about recounts and other things will avail them nothing. Wilson has carried thirty or thirty-one states, leaving Mr. Hughes with seventeen or eighteen. That does not seem so very close. He will not be a minority president by any means as on the face of the returns he has a substantial majority of the popular vote which will be swelled still more by the belated reports.

The cumbersome machinery of the electoral college has on more than one occasion defeated the will of the people. In 1824 General Jackson received 50,551 more votes than John Quincy Adams who was elected. Again in 1876, Mr. Tilden received 250,935 more votes than did Mr. Hayes who became president through means not entirely honorable. In 1888 Mr. Cleveland received 98,017 more votes than Mr. Harrison who was inaugurated. If Mr. Bryan in 1896 had received 30,000 more votes in close states, he would have defeated McKinley who had a plurality of more than 600,000 of the popular vote.

The time may come when the people will demand the abolition of the electoral college on the ground that it defeats the will of the people. It is said to have its advantages in guarding against the choice of any man who is wholly unfit.

THE BOSTON DISASTER

That terrible accident in Boston on Tuesday night resulted from the failure of signal lights to appear or else to the failure of the motorman of the car to take due notice of them. As a result 47 lives were lost. There will be investigations of course that will result in nothing except to show that the precautions against accident were inadequate.

It has been customary for electric cars to stop on reaching railroad crossings and surely a drawbridge should be considered fully as dangerous as a crossing, especially at night. In the case in question a motorman drove a heavily laden car into an open draw landing car and passengers in the river with the result that 47 were drowned.

The railroad company and the state or municipal authorities are to blame. Signal lights are always more or less uncertain. They are liable to be extinguished by various causes and then—what? Why such an accident as that which shocked the city of Boston Tuesday night?

In some cases it requires such an accident to force the parties responsible to adopt proper safeguards. It required a Titanic disaster to induce the steamship companies to carry a sufficiency of life-saving apparatus and to adopt the rule of "Safety First." Such, unfortunately, is the presumption of safety, good luck, or whatever it may be called, that some people and some companies take the most desperate chances for lack of positive safeguards against the worst possibilities of disaster. In such cases the authorities should be held responsible. There should be no scapegoats.

THE WORST YET

One of the most desperate projects that Germany has yet attempted is the carrying off of young men and old from Belgium. It is alleged, for military service in her various armies. One can easily imagine what will happen to the Belgians who are drafted into the German army. They will be placed in the forefront of the battle and if they do not show a willingness

CUBAN ELECTION

The republic of Cuba has had election which passed off quietly in a manner quite similar to our own. President Menocal sought re-election and at first it was announced that his opponent, Dr. Zayas, was elected; but the later returns, as in our own case, show that the present incumbent has been re-elected. This is considered fortunate for the Cubans as the administration of President Menocal has been highly satisfactory while the elements represented by the other candidate appear rather turbulent in character. Cuba is to be congratulated on the result and on her prosperity during the past few years.

TREND IN MASSACHUSETTS

If Governor McCall's plurality of 31,000 indicates the normal republican vote of this state then there was quite a reaction on the candidacy of Mr. Hughes whose plurality was but 21,000. Mr. Lodge, too, got considerably of a shelling as his plurality was about 22,000. Four years hence, Massachusetts will probably follow New Hampshire into the democratic column.

LOWELL STRONGLY DEMOCRATIC

The democrats of Lowell are to be congratulated on their work for the party ticket on election day. The result was good and yet by attention to organization it might have been better. The city is strongly democratic but its forces are unorganized. We should have a city committee of strong workers to back up the party candidates in every contest.

THE SUBMARINE WARFARE

Germany is unwilling to submit to the demands of Norway that her submarines shall not traverse Norwegian waters unless they appear on the surface flying their national colors. A similar order might be issued by this country in order to safeguard vessels within the three mile limit. Our submarine controversy with Germany is becoming quite acute.

MILLIONS USE IT TO STOP A COLD

"Pape's Cold Compound" ends severe colds or gripe in few hours.

Relief comes quickly.

Once taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end grippe misery and break up a severe cold either in the head, chest, body or lungs.

It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages in the head, stops nasty discharge or nose running, relieves sick headache, dullness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, sneezes and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and sniffing! Ease your throbbing head! Nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only 25 cents at any drug store. It's without assistance, tastes nice, causes no inconvenience. Be sure you get the genuine.

ERECT A MEMORIAL

To your departed ones and have us do the work. You'll be perfectly satisfied. Send for our catalogue of designs. Tel. 835.

THE LOWELL MONUMENT CO.

1000 GORHAM STREET

John M. Pirard, Designer and Manager

MONUMENTS AND MEMORIALS of all descriptions in granite, marble and bronze. Our manufacturing plant has the most modern power equipment and every labor saving device.

GUMB BROS. Cor. Gorham and Anderson Sts. Near Edson Cemetery. Tel. 1017

High Grade Shoe Repairing BY FACTORY PROCESS

The only shop in Lowell with a complete equipment. Samuel Fleming, Prop.

131 Middle St.

Opp. Fire Station.

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HIGH LINE OF LUGGAGE GOODS

IN LOWELL

DWYER & CO.

PAINTING CONTRACTORS

370-176 Appleton St.

Estimates cheerfully furnished.

Telephone 620.

Seen and Heard

All of us would do great things if we knew how.

The plainest woman of our acquaintance is the dearest woman we know.

Epigrams of Success

I had hoped to give many of the St. Louis hardware king, Mr. E. C. Simon's business epigrams and mottoes, since they throw light on his successful methods. There is space for only a few.

"Promptness is the essence of all good business."

"The difference between failure and success is doing a thing nearly right and doing it exactly right."

"Concentration means strength.

"Scattered means weakness. Having chosen one line of work or business stick to it."

"Spend 15 minutes every night recounting your day's doings and planning to do better next morning."

"Always put yourself in your customer's place."

"Character is the decisive force of business."

"I am a great believer in the business philosophy of encouragement."

"Settle claims promptly. The merchant who does not permit himself to be imposed upon occasionally will never get far."

"If any of your men, or any customer, gets into a hole, always leave him a loophole to get out easy."

"Quality of goods, confidence in your business and in your self, ability and readiness to anticipate conditions and to adapt yourself to them—these are some of the essentials to business success."—B. C. Forbes in Leslie's.

Jokes on the War

Is it true that we have all grown callous about the horrors of war? When it first broke out, everybody was trying to fix the responsibility and the news was followed with intense interest. The slaughterers of the Marne and the Meuse and the Russian marshals made people turn pale and every hint of mediation for peace fell on sympathetic ears. Now, few talk about the war and readers for the most part scan over the headlines. There are no comments on stories of battles in which men fall by the hundreds of thousands. Has the war become a bore in which America shows little or no interest?

But that as it may, we have a lot to become as wholly indifferent that vaudeville jokes on the war are taken lightly by all. From time to time some stage comedian with a distorted sense of what is funny and what isn't springs some cheap joke about the terrible thing in the old world and for the time being many laugh. It's up to date, they think. Little do they realize the reality—the desolate homes, the wasted towns and cities, the butchery and carnage and starvation, the murderous thunders and the rain of red hot metal before which the finest men in all the world melt and twist and dissolve like October leaves in a bonfire. Away with the war joke! There is nothing funny about it.

The Old Town Crier

In the good old days there used to be a town crier in the New England towns. Those others went and nothing came to take their place, unless we except the newspapers, of course, until the installation of the fire alarms. Those took the place of the crier when there was a fire. Then some one thought of having it take the place of the crier in notifying the school children when there should be no school, and it was so done, the plan working so well that it still exists. Then the test signal was instituted to give the people a chance to set their watches once or twice a day, and that took the place of the town crier in announcing the time. And again, when the fire alarm was again invaded, when it was decided to use the alarm to call the militia, and of more recent date, it was invaded again by having the signal sounded on the alarm system to notify the arrival of the soldier boys. And so the town crier was discontinued, but the alarm system was still in existence.

Wouldn't it be nice if they could give us a million tails? And we would train them 'till they would go with us everywhere. A million—with a million tails stuck right up in the air. These are just a few. Why don't they fat? But 'cause us, someone's comin' an' us gotta go an' hide.

FEEL FINE! TAKE

"CASCARETS" FOR LIVER, BOWELS

Spent 10 Cents! Don't Stay Bili-ous, Sick, Headachy, Constipated.

Can't Harm You! Best Cathartic for Men, Women and Children.

Enjoy life! Your system is filled with an accumulation of bile and bowel poison which keeps you bilious, headachy, dizzy, tongue coated, breath bad and stomach sour—Why don't you get a 10-cent box of Cascarets at the drug store and feel happy. Take Cascarets tonight and enjoy the nice, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. You'll wake up with a clear head, clean tongue, lively step, rosy skin and looking and feeling fit. Mothers can give a whole Cascaret to a sick, cross, bilious, feverish child any time—they are harmless—never gripe or sicken.

which it was originally intended? Lawrence Telegram.

Has Anybody Lost Two Cats?

Has anybody lost two cats? Us hopes nobody ain't. Because two baby cats is here; and they was the least as faint as they could be when they first came. And so we fed them that day, and they won't go away. But mamma says that they ain't not our little cats at all. And so we hide them in the closet when people come to call. And one of us stays with them, so's they'll be sure an' stay. And does not let them out until the callers goes away.

And when it's me I hold them tight, and peek out through a crack, And watch them 'till they go away, and hope they won't come back. My mamma says they ain't probably nobody wants them much. She says there is so many cats nobody cares for such; But us tells her no cares for cats, at leastways for these two. Us don't think no one cares for cats as much as us does. For these are special kinds of cats, and they can almost sing, And they've got whiskers and a tail and legs and everything!

Our mamma says that maybe someone had these cats, and they did not want them and took them in. And put an iron collar around my mamma says that she would like to have my father catch them 'till they'd see! And she seems kind of fuzzy, but the cats don't seem to mind. And uses thinks whatever left them here was very fat. And the cats both is fat and goes with the war joke! There is nothing funny about it.

But I can state, and that without fear of being contradicted, that the visit was rather accidental and the study of the conditions and curriculum, in one word the "Investigation," necessary superficial, and the criticisms cannot should not be given particular weight.

By that I do not intend to convey the impression that I and the other directors with me are not willing to heed any recommendation, plan or method made by the superintendent of schools, or that we should endeavor to do our best in case suggestions shall be made to us, but I must earnestly protest and I shall completely disagree with the gentlemen of the school committee when they make the assertion that accepting the "no bus" and "no school" policy would be a wise course.

But I can state, and that upon my urgent recommendation, that the Greek school committee might have felt rather uncomfortable and that there is to be found the reason why they did not accept the school committee's suggestion that they be given a certain amount of money for the teaching of the English language. I shall state that Miss Alice Axers, who for nine consecutive years has taught English to Greeks in the evening elementary school, Weston, Mass., has been appointed on my request, and on the strength of the experience that she has had.

And in order to prove that my assertion is not made at random, but that it is based on good reasons, I shall ask the gentlemen of the school committee, don't they think that a young Greek boy in the presence of a school committee might have felt rather uncomfortable and that there is to be found the reason why they did not accept the school committee's suggestion that they be given a certain amount of money for the teaching of the English language.

So, let the gentlemen at city hall be more helpful with good suggestions which will be very thankfully received and as far as possible acted upon, and less likely to criticize.

With due respect to the views of the gentleman of the school committee and hoping that hereafter there will be more understanding between the school officials and the Greek community, a better understanding and more co-operation in the making of good citizens of Greek descent, I am, sir, very truly yours,

—Judd Mortimer Lewis.

They Do Say

That those premature flags are the talk of the town.

That fine weather in November is the poor man's friend.

That a lot of money changes hands in Lowell yesterday.

That democratic postmasters are safe for four years more.

That the pleasant hunting season will soon come to a close.

That the type of the sweet old grandmother is almost extinct.

That the democratic celebration tonight will be grand and glorious.

That no one envies Hughes' state of mind, and as for Teddy? ! ! !

That Mense's chanteur was very kind with his box of cigars Wednesday.

That dogs are the cause of considerable trouble in Tewksbury and Burlington.

That it is pretty hard to find out where box 3 is on the fire alarm running cards.

SUN & REAL ESTATE AND BUILDERS' PAGE

BIG GARAGE PLANNED FOR MOODY STREET

The large tract of land in the rear of the Majestic building and bounded by Tibben, Coburn and Moody streets, owned by Maurice Brownstein of Boston, has been sold to Stephen Rochette, Gedron Rochette and John B. Martin who have formed a company and are now making plans for the erection of a modern automobile garage.

The building, which will be of steel and cement, will be two stories high and will be so constructed that later, if necessary, a third story can be added. The street front will be used as an exhibition room and workshop, while the second story will be used as a storage. Work on the new garage, which by the way, will be the largest in the city, will not be started until February, and it is expected the building will be ready for occupancy in July. The cost of the garage will be about \$25,000.

Winfred Northrup is building a double house at 29-31 Midland street. Each tenement will have five rooms with pantry, bath and reception hall at 130 Nesmith street at an estimated cost of \$4,000.

SAYS N. E. MILL MEN ARE BUNGLES

HEAD OF N. E. TRADE PRESS ASSES WARNS MANUFACTURERS AGAINST FOREIGN ATTITUDE

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—William H. Lough, president of the New England Trade Press association, speaking last night at their dinner in the Hotel Avery, declared that South American and European merchants look upon the New England manufacturers as hopeless bunglers with his business methods. He urged immediate action to correct the impression and urged the trade papers to add manufacturers in a fight to veto South and American business gained by present war conditions.

"New England, along with the rest of the Atlantic seaboard, is already one of the world's great centers of manufacturing for international markets," he said. "It may in the course of a few years become also again one of the world's greatest centers of shipping and foreign commerce."

"It is a fact essential to New England's prosperity that this prophecy be realized. You are gradually—and inevitably—losing your domination over the processes of manufacturing within the United States. The central west and the south are meeting you in direct competition, with many advantages behind them."

"Where can your energies and your capital find an easier outlet than in the great foreign markets which have been thrown open—which are indeed clamoring for the products of the American factories?"

"It is a shock to find that our business methods are looked upon as hopelessly crude and bungling. It is time we stopped putting ourselves on the back and began to give a little more serious thought to the question: How can we cultivate closer and more profitable business relations with foreign countries?"

"Before the European war England and Germany were easily the dominant traders in most of the large competitive markets. These countries enjoyed vast advantages as compared with the United States."

"We should not overlook the fact, however, that long before the European war the United States was showing steady gains year after year in their export of manufactured goods. American shoes, typewriters, cash registers, collars and shirts, automobiles, watches, textiles, machinery, sewing machines, oil and steel have already been introduced into every market of the world."

OFFERS 10 PER CENT INCREASE TO 35,000

FALL RIVER, Nov. 11.—A general advance in wages of 10 per cent for 35,000 mill operatives was offered last night by the Cotton Manufacturers' association, to go into effect Dec. 4 and continue for six months. This was in answer to the demand of the textile council, on behalf of the operatives, for an advance of 10 per cent to go into effect Nov. 6 last.

In reply to the offer, the full textile council voted that special general meetings of all unions be held next Wednesday night to either accept or reject the proposition.

MAJOR IS PROBING THE EFFIGY HANGING

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—Members of A Troop (National Lancers), First Squadron of Cavalry, M. N. G., who are alleged to have hanged Captain John Kenny in effigy at Fort Bliss, El Paso, 10 days before starting back home, will be tried at a summary court-martial, according to a statement made yesterday by Major Charles A. Schmitz, commander of the battalion.

Major Schmitz said that he is now engaged in a thorough investigation of the act and that he has secured considerable incriminating evidence against several members of A Troop, and simply making an investigation, and I am slowly getting evidence that seems very incriminating," he said. "I am in possession of the names of several men who had connection with the incident, and you are at liberty to say that they will probably be court-martialed."

LINER CARMANIA SAILS
NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—The 12,524-ton Cunard liner *Carmania*, commanded by the British government at the beginning of the war and armed as an auxiliary cruiser has been restored to the New York-Liverpool service and sailed on Nov. 3 for this port, according to an announcement made here today by the line.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

you when your stomach, liver, bowels or blood are out of order. Obey Nature's warnings. A sour stomach, indigestion, nausea, loss of appetite, dull eyes, sick headache, biliousness, constipation, muddy complexion, restless sleep and unstrung nerves are unmistakable signs that you should heed, for they plainly tell you

WHEN TO USE BEECHAM'S PILLS

Beecham's Pills. This famous remedy will quickly work a change for the better. A dose or two make all the difference. Use them confidently, for they always benefit and never harm. They contain no injurious drug, but act mildly, surely and naturally, without causing discomfort.

Use them when the stomach calls for help, when the liver is out of order, or the bowels need regulating. These important organs are greatly relieved, helped and strengthened by the commonsense use of that world-famed remedy

BEECHAM'S PILLS

"The Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World!"

At All Druggists, 10c., 25c.

Directions of special value to women are with every box

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

CARRANZA FORCES MOVE BIG PLOT TO CUT OFF BANDITS

CHIHUAHUA CITY, Mex., Nov. 11.—The division of troops under Gen. Munguia, it is officially announced here today, has begun to advance northward from Escobedo in two columns, one said to be proceeding up the line of the Mexican Central Railway repairing the track while the other, consisting of 3000 cavalrymen, is paralleling the track on a hunt for bandits.

Military authorities here state that Villa is near the Durango border so that this movement will cut him off from the north or in event of his escape northward, place him between the forces of Munguia and the cavalry that Gen. Trevino would despatch from Chihuahua. The temporary fortifications encircling Chihuahua City, nine miles in circumference, are being enlarged and strengthened. A double row of barbed wire entanglements has been constructed outside of the infan-

try camp.

The following is from a letter ad-

dressed to the board of health by the committee on waterways:

The waterways commission in its report about the Lowell waterways has observed the deplorable and unhealthy conditions existing at the sewer outlets on Wall street and Chestnut street. The Wall street sewer is choked by an accumulation of spring beds, bones, iron rods, papers and other refuse thrown over the fence, presumably by the people living in the tenement blocks of that locality. In low water the sewer's discharge is emptied on the rocks of the river-bed and it will remain there as it has for more than a year until some decided pressure is brought upon the city to clean up the same and extend the brick sewer farther into the channel.

At the end of Chestnut street where the sewer pipe runs into the mill pond, the waterways commission has not only erected a substantial wire fence to protect the lives of children at that dangerous point, but in the interest of the health of the people it has employed men to clean up the accumulation of rubbish and filth at the sewer outlet and at the bottom of the mill pond. This sewer pipe should be extended into the river-bed.

There being but little prospect of our present sewer department taking the initiative in such matters pertaining to the public health or general welfare of the people the remedy lies within the province of the board of health and it seems to us imperative that drastic measures be taken either by the local board of health or state authorities to remedy the conditions at the above two mentioned places.

JOSEPH GAGNON CHOSEN STORE MANAGER

HE SECURES WELL EARNED PROMOTION AT THE HANDS OF J. L. CHALIFOUX CO.

The many friends of Joseph Gagnon, manager of the shoe department at the J. L. Chalifoux Co.'s store, will be pleased to learn he has been promoted to the position of general manager of this large department store.

Mr. Gagnon has been connected with the Chalifoux store for about 12 years and has held the position of manager of the shoe department for the past three years. Harold L. Chalifoux, president and treasurer of the company has been looking after the general management of the store since the death of his father, but the business has increased to such an extent that a few days ago he deemed it advisable to appoint a manager and the good record of Mr. Gagnon won him the appointment. Mr. Gagnon's friends wish him success in his new position.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—Second Lieut. Georges Guyemer, the famous French aviator who recently brought down three German airplanes in two minutes and thirty seconds by a stop watch, is credited by the war office in today's official statement with having destroyed two German machines yesterday. This increases to 21 the number brought down by this aviator. The other German airplanes were destroyed yesterday by the French in fighting on the western front.

PARRAL AND SANTA ROSALIA RECAPTURED

EAGLE PASS, Tex., Nov. 11.—Federal government troops under General Munguia have recaptured Parral and Santa Rosalia, according to a report received here today. This report said a message signed "Munguia" stating that these towns were recaptured, was received last night.

THREATS OF I.W.W. HOLD UP BUSINESS IN BOSTON

WASHINGON, Nov. 11.—Leading shoe stores of the city, together with those large department establishments in which lines of footwear are carried, are now feeling the effects of the standstill in the shoe repairing industry that has been brought about through the demands and threats of a small group of I.W.W., classing themselves as the Shoe Repairers' union, local 817.

HARVARD BEATS U. OF PENN.

CAMBRIDGE, Nov. 11.—Harvard defeated Yale in the annual varsity cross country run today by a score of 25 to 23. J. W. Oulton of Yale finished first, covering the six-mile course in 33 minutes, 15.25 seconds. H. A. King of Harvard was second, his time being 34 minutes, 49 seconds.

Yale won the freshman race over a three-mile course, 24 to 23. R. Lewis of Harvard finished first in 16 minutes, 37 seconds, with S. M. Blinck of Yale second.

WASHINGON, Nov. 11.—Three of the five American dreadnaughts under construction are almost ready for launching, it is shown in a statement issued today by the navy department. They are the New Mexico, Mississippi and Idaho. Work has just started on the Tennessee and California. Another, the Arizona, was commissioned last month.

GERMANY DEFEATS YALE.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 11.—Cornell defeated the University of Pennsylvania in the annual cross-country run today, 15 to 10. F. C. McMenamy, Cornell, finished first in 18 minutes, 21 seconds, 49 seconds.

Yale won the freshman race over a three-mile course, 24 to 23. R. Lewis of Harvard finished first in 16 minutes, 37 seconds, with S. M. Blinck of Yale second.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

BIG PLOT TO DEFRAUD JAPAN

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 11.—A plot to defraud the Japanese government out of vast sums in duties on shipments to that country has been uncovered in the United States, according to S. Okuma, secretary of the department of agriculture and commerce of the imperial Japanese government, who is now in Pittsburgh. Activities of several persons in Pittsburgh are being closely looked into, the secretary said, and the matter may be laid before United States officials. It is said shipments from this country, particularly from industrial centers, have been greatly undervalued and Mr. Okuma is convinced some high officials in Japan are implicated in the alleged tariff frauds, as well as Americans.

Secretary Okuma left here today for

New York where he will hold a conference with the collector of that port.

He expects to go to Canada where

there are said to be ramifications of

the alleged frauds.

It is understood that the program

INQUIRY INTO PROBLEMS OF R. R. REGULATIONS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Inquiry of legislation the railroads will ask

includes:

Placing in the hands of a federal body entire control of the rates and practices of interstate carriers, except purely local matters.

Reorganization of the Interstate Commerce Commission. Delegation of the preparation and prosecution of cases against the railroads to some other agency of the government than the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Empowering the Interstate Commerce Commission to prescribe minimum rates as well as maximum rates.

It is said also that the roads will

recommend that the committee be specifically authorized to take into account in rate regulation the effect of rates on total earnings in the light of expenses and therefore the effect of its decisions upon the credit of the carriers to the end that adequate transportation facilities may be assured.

The British war office announced

that Bulgaria's airships dropped bombs without success on Ostend and Zeebrugge, Belgium. One British machine was forced

down and captured and the aviator, a British officer, was made prisoner.

On the morning of Nov. 10 a German battle plane attacked two British biplanes between Newport and Dunkirk. It shot down one and forced the other to retreat.

In the forenoon three of our battle planes met a superior British aerial squadron off Ostend and attacked it immediately. After a combat the enemy was forced to withdraw. Our machines returned to their base, having suffered insignificant damages.

The British war office announced last night that 39 British airships had

encountered a hostile squadron of 39 to 40 machines, which was dispersed

after a battle during which six of the hostile machines were observed to begin to fall, out of control, although they were not seen to fall to the ground. Nine other German airships

were said to have been driven down in damaged condition as a result of various encounters. The bombardment of Ostend and Zeebrugge, it was announced, was attended with satisfactory results. Seven British machines

were said to be missing.

BERLIN REPORTS ALLIED DRIVE ON SOMME HALTED

BERLIN, Nov. 11, by wireless to Sayville—Berlin newspapers publish a statement from "competent military authorities" to the effect that the Anglo-French drive on the Somme has

been halted by the exhaustion of the entente troops and their heavy losses and by unfavorable weather. The statement says:

"After the tremendous losses sustained by the British and French on Nov. 5, when they employed six British and four and one-half French divisions without success in an attempt to break our front between Le Sars and Bapaume, they have been unable to drive forward for large attacks their exhausted and decimated troops over ground made impractical by rain. All attempts have been stilled immediately by the fire of our artillery and machine guns and only south of the Somme and Presseux did the French obtain insignificant local successes."

"Attacks launched repeatedly on Wednesday in St. Pierre Vaast wood, although continued until late in the night, was crushed by the tenacious resistance of the German troops. With the clearing of the weather the artillery became more active but the British and French were unable to make a general attack."

"Fighting on Thursday resulted in isolated violent encounters near Ecourt, Abbeville, Guise, Le Quesnoy, La Bassiere, and Bapaume, the latter being the chief point of the Somme front. In northern France has with the return of more favorable weather conditions apparently been resumed on an increasingly important scale."

MASSACHUSETTS VOTE ON REFERENDA

STATE DECLARES FOR CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION AND PARTY ENROLLMENT

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—It was by a vote of upwards of two to one that Massachusetts on Tuesday declared for a constitutional convention, though by only four to three for a return to party enrollment.

The combined vote of Boston, 31 of the other 35 cities and 229 of the 368 towns of the state was 197,581 to 105,639, for the convention, majority of 51,952, and 187,315 to 140,341 for the enrollment, majority of 46,774.

Classified by those three groups, the vote was as follows:

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

Yes No Majority

Boston 59,482 17,112 31,350

31 cities 102,377 62,568 40,809

229 towns 43,323 28,113 15,211

Totals 197,581 105,639 \$8,952

PARTY ENROLLMENT

Yes No Majority

Boston 41,356 27,100 13,956

31 cities 58,419 33,621 15,118

229 towns 47,313 29,620 17,393

Totals 187,425 110,341 46,784

REPORT OF DEATHS

For the Week Ending Nov. 11, 1916

Nov. 11.—Peter E. Watson, 4 m., convulsions; Elias Seversen, 70, tub. lungs and throat.

Nov. 12.—John N. Neal, 8, anencephalus; Isabella Cox, 6, arterio-sclerosis; Elizabeth Noel, 1 m., anæmia.

Nov. 13.—Margaret M. Spooner, 35, cancer of abdomen; Jan Dusza, 21, pneumonia; Antoni Konarowicz, 29, pulmonary tuberculosis; Younus Levy, 19, pulmonary tuberculosis; Louis Diette, 51, ear, of ossification.

Nov. 14.—Burke, 1 d., prem. birth; Anthony Walsh, 56, pneumonia, poisoning.

Nov. 15.—Thomas H. His, 15 d., intestinal obstruction.

Nov. 16.—Leontine Leblanc, 33, phthisis pulmonalis; Mary H. Rowe, 28, nephritic abscess.

RECEPTION TO PRIVATE BARTON OF CO.M

LITTLE ADS FOR
THRIFTY PEOPLE

Designed to Place Before the Public the Merchandise, Craftsmanship and Special Service Offered by Exclusive Concerns That are Not Generally Advertised

A series of "Little Ads," arranged under their respective titles for ready reference, devoted to the interests of everybody. In other words, a sort of Daily Market Meeting Place for Buyers and Sellers, telling of Good Things to Eat, to Wear and to Enjoy, and serving as a Business Barometer and Trade Invigorator. These Adlets will place you in touch with live, progressive merchants who have special bargains to offer. They will aid you in economical buying. Will sell and exchange things for you. Will find competent help for you. Will assist you in obtaining a lucrative position. Find buyers for your house, lot, farm, furniture, your store, your lease, your equity. They work day and night with restless persistence. We want you to read them every day. Make them your Business and Household Companion, because they will help you, and more important than all, you may feel assured these advertisers are worthy of your confidence, or they would not be permitted to use the columns of The Sun. On this page will also be found Probate and other Legal notices.

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NOVEMBER

Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30		

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON						
Southern Div.	To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston
Lv. Arr.	Lv. Arr.	Lv. Arr.	Lv. Arr.	Lv. Arr.	Lv. Arr.	Lv. Arr.
5:32	5:35	3:35	6:25	1:30	2:15	10:25
6:25	7:25	6:05	7:15	2:15	3:20	11:25
7:25	8:25	7:05	8:15	3:15	4:20	12:25
8:25	9:25	8:15	9:30	4:15	5:20	1:45
9:25	10:25	9:15	10:30	5:15	6:20	2:45
10:25	11:25	10:15	11:30	6:15	7:20	3:45
11:25	12:25	11:15	12:30	7:15	8:20	4:45
12:25	1:25	12:05	1:20	8:15	9:20	5:45
1:25	2:25	1:15	2:30	9:15	10:20	6:45
2:25	3:25	2:15	3:30	10:15	11:20	7:45
3:25	4:25	3:15	4:30	11:15	12:20	8:45
4:25	5:25	4:15	5:30	12:15	1:30	9:45
5:25	6:25	5:15	6:30	1:15	2:30	10:45
6:25	7:25	6:15	7:30	2:15	3:30	11:45
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10:25	11:25	10:15	11:30	6:15	7:30	3:45
11:25	12:25	11:15	12:30	7:15	8:20	4:45
12:25	1:25	12:05	1:20	8:15	9:20	5:45
1:25	2:25	1:15	2:30	9:15	10:20	6:45
2:25	3:25	2:15	3:30	10:15	11:20	7:45
3:25	4:25	3:15	4:30	11:15	12:20	8:45
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12:25	1:25	12:05	1:20	9:15	10:20	7:45
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6:25	7:25	6:15	7:30	0:15	1:30	0:45
7:25	8:25	7:15	8:30	0:15	1:30	1:45
8:25	9:25	8:15	9:30	0:15	1:30	0:45
9:25	10:25	9:15	10:30	0:15	1:30	1:45
10:25	11:25	10:15				

The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

ESTABLISHED 1878

THE LOWELL SUN

LOWELL MASS. SATURDAY NOVEMBER 11 1916

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

PRICE ONE CENT

NEW WAGE AGREEMENT FOR BAY STATE CARMEN

Never before has such a liberal wage agreement been offered to employees of the Bay State street railway as the one presented to members of the union all over the system for acceptance or rejection at meetings held last evening. It will affect 6000 employees of the company which controls lines from Newport, R. I., to Nashua, N. H. Wage increases, better hours, and numerous other concessions are granted. While the vote on the new agreement has not yet been announced, local men are of the opinion that it will be practically unanimously accepted, and that it will be signed at a meeting of representatives of the union and the company this afternoon.

Wage increases of four cents an hour; pay for nine hours to operators of cars working eight and one-half hours, and wages for eight and one-half hours to operators of cars working only eight hours are among the provisions in the new agreement.

Fred Crowley, president of the local union and chairman of the joint conference board, was one of the fathers of the agreement. His efforts in this

Sect. 2. On October 1st of each year the company shall post a list in the different barns requesting conductors and motormen who desire snow plow work to sign for same. This list shall close Oct. 12. If an insufficient number of men have signed on, then another list will be posted, after which the necessary work, the necessary number to be added by the superintendent, but shall be rated behind the men who signed the posted list, but no employee shall be assigned against their wishes while junior and less able. On Oct. 12, all men entitled to snow plow work, and at the same time a list of the different routes, with the number of plow to be used on same, from which choice may be made by routes in accordance with seniority, as above provided. Such men, when employed at plow work, shall receive wages shall be paid at the rate of forty-five (45) cents per hour, and all other conductors and motormen employed on snow plow work shall be paid at the rate of forty (40) cents per hour; the same rate to apply to men operating plows and to others than cars in passenger service which may do so for one hour or less, salt cars during snow storms, and conductors and motormen leveling with flat cars, horse-drawn levelers and snow removers; and when available and unless prevented by controlling emergencies, the drivers who are called at all times. The choice shall provide for first and alternate crews of not less than three men for each plow. When practicable, running periods shall not exceed twelve (12) hours for either route. All local running owing to turnouts and similar work after storms shall be performed by the men who have selected the route upon which the same is to be done except as the amount and character of the work and the time to the completion may justly require, leaving otherwise seniority to govern. All other snow work shall be given according to seniority of service, and conductors and motormen shall receive preferences in assignment when circumstances do not permit them to do otherwise than as customary work. In no case will a man be required to do more than six consecutive hours snow work without time off for meals, which, when rendered necessary by the exigencies of the work, shall be furnished or paid for by the company. Men listed for snow plow work, but called for, report while held for orders, other than regular hours, shall he paid snow plow wages.

Paid for Accident Reports

Sect. 3. When conductors or motormen are required to lose time in looking up accidents or in making out reports in accident cases, before completion of their regular day's work, they shall be paid their regular rating, and for all other accident reports shall be paid fifteen (15) cents each.

Signed statements required of employees shall be paid for as accident reports.

Sect. 5. When any conductor or motorman has been suspended or discharged and the association feels after a careful investigation on its part that an injustice has been done him, it shall have the right to take the case up, first with the division superintendent, and if it cannot reach a satisfactory adjustment with the division superintendent, it shall have the right to appeal the case to the general superintendent, who in all matters upon the written request of employees in the agreed-upon form heretofore adopted, and upon request will furnish a position to a reasonable extent for other parts of the company's system.

No Discretionary Against Union

Sect. 11. The company will do nothing to prevent or discourage any employee from becoming or continuing to be a member of the association, and in no way discriminate against a member of the association in membership. The association will not discriminate against any person in the employ of the company because of his refusal to join the association.

All employees who are now or who may hereafter become members of the association shall remain members in good standing of the association as long as they remain in the service of the company, providing that such continuance in membership shall not conflict with the laws of the association, as provided for in Sect. 1.

And if it is determined that such employee was unjustly suspended or discharged, he shall be reinstated in his former position, and paid for all time lost.

Provided, however, that the provisions of arbitration above referred to shall not apply to conductors and motormen during the first six months of employment.

The joint committee, which drew up the agreement, has been meeting since Sept. 30. The former agreement expired on October 1 of this year. Fred Crowley of Lowell, P. F. Sheehan of Brockton, and John Rardon, of the executive board of the international union represented the union men, while the company was represented by Pres. T. F. Sullivan and Vice Pres. Robert S. Crowley.

In the agreement, it is provided that in the event of the union and company being unable to agree on a third member of their arbitration board that Pres. Sullivan of the road and one of the international officers shall have the naming of the third member.

The features of the agreement in condensed form are:

Increases along the line are provided for applying to all employees of the road except clerks in the accounting departments.

Conductors on snow plows are to receive an increase of five cents, or 45 cents an hour. The present wage is 40 cents. Motormen on snow plows will continue to get 45 cents an hour, as heretofore.

Men employed at instructing beginners are to receive four cents an hour instead of three cents, in addition to their regular wage.

The company is to pay 15 cents for reports of accidents, instead of 10 cents, as formerly.

Men operating cars eight hours are to receive wages for eight and one-half hours.

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Men operating cars eight and one-half hours are to receive wages for nine hours.

The principal sections of the agreement, which was read, last evening are appended:

T. E. McDONNELL'S SALE AND COMMISSION STABLE
79 Carver St., South Lawrence, Mass.
Telephone 2315

AUCTION SALE OF HORSES

We will sell for the Lawrence Ice Co. at their plant, 314 Water Street, Lawrence, on MONDAY, NOV. 13, 1916, COMMENCING AT 10:30 A. M.

70—HEAD OF HORSES—70

First Class Draft Horses

Ranging in weight from 1500 to 1800 pounds in matched pairs and singles. These are all young rugged horses that have been bought within a year by men who buy nothing but the best that money can buy, and will be sold regardless of cost to the highest bona fide bidder, as the company has decided not to winter any horses. These horses can be inspected at any time previous to the sale at the stables of the company on Water street, Lawrence, Mass.

Terms Cash.

NEXT FURNITURE SALE AT KEYES' COMMISSION ROOMS, THURSDAY, NOV. 16, AT 2.15. SEE THIS PAPER LATER FOR LIST OF GOODS.

WOMAN HAS SEAT IN CONGRESS, FIRST TIME IN THE NATION'S HISTORY



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
MRS. RANKIN SPEAKING
AND MISS RANKIN

FRED CROWLEY

and other matters in behalf of the Carmen have entailed considerable work, but never has he failed to do his best for those who have selected him as their representative. At the meetings held by the local union last night, after which the men voted on the agreement, great enthusiasm was shown, and when Mr. Crowley entered the room, he was accorded an ovation. In the night the men presented him a box of cigars.

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Miss Rankin, elected to the national house of representatives from Montana, is a source of particular pride to the National Suffraga association, inasmuch as she was for a number of years one of its most valued organizers and the standard bearer who carried her state for suffrage. She is a republican in politics.

Miss Rankin is a member of a well-to-do banker's family of Missoula, Mont. In 1908 she was graduated from the New York School of Philanthropy, went to Seattle, Wash., filled a position of "baby placer" for a year, found that wasn't her métier and quit finding ideal homes for infants to join the women fighters in Washington. She stumped and organized in the Washington campaign and received no remuneration. "It was for the cause," she said in referring to it. She became later the field secretary of the National Woman Suffrage Association. House listening to President Wilson and Miss Rankin in pictures.

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EMPLOYEES ARE RESPECTIVELY EMPLOYED, AND UPON REQUEST WILL FURNISH A POSITION TO A REASONABLE EXTENT FOR OTHER PARTS OF THE COMPANY'S SYSTEM.

NO DISCRETIONARY AGAINST UNION

SECT. 11. THE COMPANY WILL DO NOTHING TO PREVENT OR DISCOURSE ANY EMPLOYEE FROM BECOMING OR CONTINUING TO BE A MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATION, AND IN NO WAY DISCRIMINATE AGAINST A MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATION IN MEMBERSHIP. THE ASSOCIATION WILL NOT DISCRIMINATE AGAINST ANY PERSON IN THE EMPLOY OF THE COMPANY BECAUSE OF HIS REFUSAL TO JOIN THE ASSOCIATION.

ALL EMPLOYEES WHO ARE NOW OR WHO MAY HEREAFTER BECOME MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATION SHALL REMAIN MEMBERS IN GOOD STANDING OF THE ASSOCIATION AS LONG AS THEY REMAIN IN THE SERVICE OF THE COMPANY, PROVIDING THAT SUCH CONTINUANCE IN MEMBERSHIP SHALL NOT CONFLICT WITH THE LAWS OF THE ASSOCIATION.

SHALL BE PAID FOR IN ADDITION TO THE SIX HOURS' GUARANTEED TIME. WORK AFTER THE FOURTEEN HOUR SHALL BE PAID ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION AT THE RATE OF TWENTY-FIVE (25) PER CENT OF THE EMPLOYEE'S REGULAR HOURLY RATE FOR THE FIRST EXCESS HOUR OR FRACTION THEREOF, AND AT THE RATE OF THIRTY-FIVE (35) PER CENT FOR ANY FURTHER EXCESS.

RUNS CONTAINING EIGHT HOURS AND LESS THAN EIGHT HOURS AND THIRTY MINUTES SHALL BE PAID FOR EIGHT HOURS AND THIRTY MINUTES. RUNS CONTAINING EIGHT HOURS AND THIRTY MINUTES AND LESS THAN THIRTY HOURS SHALL BE PAID NINE HOURS. ALL OTHER RUNS SHALL BE COMPUTED IN FIFTEEN MINUTE PERIODS.

IN THE ARRANGEMENT OF SCHEDULES ALL RELIEFS OF THIRTY MINUTES OR LESS SHALL BE PAID FOR AS PART OF THE RUN.

FOR THOSE EMPLOYEES WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATION, CONDUCTORS AND MOTORMEN AND CONDUCTORS ARE REQUIRED TO GO TO AND FROM THE CAR HOUSE OR OPERATING CENTRE TO THEIR WORK, THEY SHALL BE ALLOWED TRAVELING TIME FOR THE SAME, AND IT SHALL BECOME A PART OF THE SCHEDULED RUN.

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